

Azbil Corporation RIC: 6845.T, Sedol: 6985543 Presentation Materials

For the First Half Ended September 30, 2016 (Based on Japanese GAAP)

<Contents>

- 1. Financial Results for the First Half Ended September 30, 2016
- 2. Financial Plan for the Year Ending March 31, 2017
- 3. Return to Shareholders
- 4. Toward Future Business Development

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Notes:



- 1. Financial data and financial statements have been prepared based on Japanese GAAP and the amounts have been rounded down.
- 2. Segment names are abbreviated as follows:

B A: Building Automation A A: Advanced Automation

LA: Life Automation

- 3. Sales for the azbil Group tend to be concentrated in the second half accounting period, while fixed costs are generated constantly. This means that profits in the first half accounting period are typically lower than the second half.
- 4. The financial plan is based on management's assumptions, intent and expectations in light of the information currently available to it, and therefore this plan is not a guarantee of future performance. Due to various factors, actual results may differ from those discussed in this material.





Consolidated Financial Results

- Orders received fell compared to the same period last year owing to a revision made to the way orders received are recorded and the fact that orders received for a number of large-scale projects were recorded in the same period last year, plus the negative impact of foreign exchange rates.
- Due to the steady build-up of order backlogs at the end of the previous fiscal year, sales increased for the AA and BA businesses, and overall sales were higher than the same period last year. And thanks to efforts to ensure thorough and accelerated schedule control in the BA business, sales were higher than planned.
- Operating income was higher than the same period last year due to increased sales, the progress of business structure reforms and measures to enhance the corporate structure, and a reduction in goodwill amortization expenses. Sales exceeded the plan, and the AA business achieved higher profits following improvements made to the business structure, thus contributing to increased operating income.
- The improvement in operating income meant that both ordinary income and net income attributable to owners of parent were higher than the same period last year. Also, both exceeded the plan thanks to the improvement in operating income and a reduction in tax expenses despite foreign exchange losses and the recording of an extraordinary loss engendered by a review of part of the overseas business.

	This period	Plan	Differ	rence	Same period	Differ	ence
		(5/13/2016)			last year		
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)	% Change	(C)	(A) - (C)	% Change
Orders received	140.7				159.7	(19.0)	(11.9)
Net sales	117.6	115.5	2.1	1.8	114.0	3.5	3.1
Japan	96.3				90.0	6.2	7.0
Overseas	21.2				24.0	(2.7)	(11.6)
Gross profit	39.7				39.0	0.6	1.7
%	33.8				34.2	(0.4P)	
SG & A	34.8				35.5	(0.7)	(2.0)
[include amortization of goodwill]	[0.0]	[0.0]	[-]		[0.3]	[(0.3)]	
Operating income	4.9	3.8	1.1	29.7	3.5	1.3	39.1
%	4.2	3.3	0.9P		3.1	1.1P	
Ordinary income	4.2	3.6	0.6	16.9	3.4	0.7	21.5
Income before income taxes	3.2				3.3	(0.1)	(5.0)
Net income attributable to owners of parent	2.3	2.0	0.3	15.9	1.7	0.5	33.6
%	2.0	1.7	0.2P		1.5	0.5P	



Segment Information - BA Business

- Owing to a revision made to the way orders received are recorded and the fact that orders received for a number of large-scale projects were recorded in the same period last year, plus decrease in overseas subsidiaries due to the negative impact of foreign exchange rates etc., overall orders received fell. However, the domestic business environment remained robust.
- Sales increased compared with the same period last year thanks to growth in the markets for existing buildings and service. In all fields, domestic sales exceeded the plan.
- Segment profit benefited from increased sales, but because of temporary expenses such as allowance for doubtful accounts etc. and also increased R&D expenses, it was on a par with the same period last year. For these same reasons, profit was generally in line with the plan.

	This period	Plan	Diffe	rence	Same period	ence	
	Tills periou		Dille	CIICE	•	Dille	CIICE
		(5/13/2016)			last year		
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)	% Change	(C)	(A) - (C)	% Change
Orders received	75.1				85.5	(10.4)	(12.2)
Sales	49.4	47.0	2.4	5.2	48.1	1.2	2.6
Segment profit	1.6	1.7	(0.0)	(1.3)	1.7	(0.0)	(2.0)
%	3.4	3.6	(0.2P)		3.6	(0.2P)	

(Reference) Amortization of goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	

^{*1} In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, a revision was made to the way domestic orders received for multi-year contracts are recorded. This revision led to a transient jump in the value of orders received for multi-year contracts recorded in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016. (Owing to the existence of previous multi-year contracts in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015 and earlier, this revision resulted in the recording of a lump sum of approx. 4 billion yen in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.)

^{*2} Changes in the BA business environment in China have led to a review of our business in that country and, consequently, loss on liquidation of subsidiaries and associates was recorded. However, thanks to a reduction in tax expenses, the impact on net income attributable to owners of parent was limited.

Segment Information - AA Business



- Orders received were down on the same period last year due to the impact of foreign exchange rates and the fact that there had been orders received for large-scale projects in the same period last year. Domestically, however, orders received grew in the semiconductor manufacturing equipment and energy-related markets.
- Due to the build-up of order backlogs at the end of the previous fiscal year, domestic market sales grew. Sales thus increased compared to the same period last year.
- The appreciation of the yen had a negative impact on profits, but, thanks to domestic sales growth and initiatives aimed at improving the profit structure, segment profit increased compared to the same period last year. These initiatives aimed at improving the profit structure also meant that segment profit exceeded the plan.

	This period	Plan	Differ	ence	Same period	Difference	
		(5/13/2016)					
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)	% Change	(C)	(A) - (C)	% Change
Orders received	45.7				50.1	(4.4)	(8.8)
Sales	46.0	46.0	0.0	0.1	43.6	2.4	5.5
Segment profit	2.5	1.4	1.1	85.4	1.5	1.0	68.4
%	5.6	3.0	2.6P		3.5	2.1P	

(Reference) Amortization of goodwill	0.0	0.0	-	0.1	(0.0)	



Segment Information - LA Business

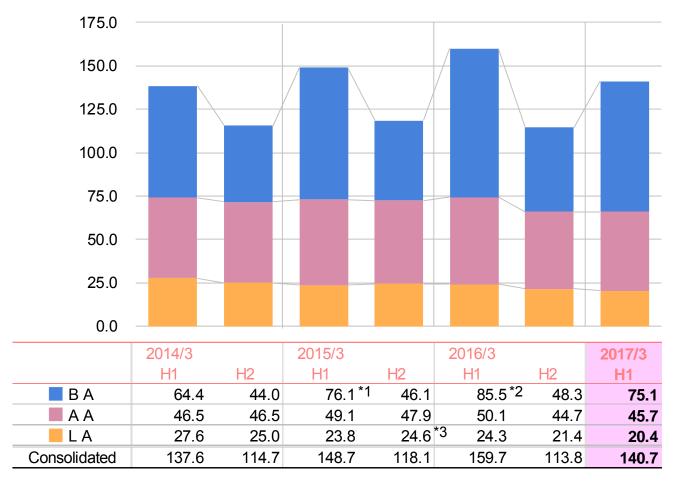
- Orders received steadily improved for gas/water meters and residential central air-conditioning systems, but fell in the Life Science Engineering (LSE) field; this was mainly because of the effect of foreign exchange rates and the fact that orders received for large-scale projects have been recorded in the same period last year. Consequently, overall orders received for the LA business decreased compared to the same period last year.
- Overall sales, though impacted by foreign exchange rates and lower sales in the LSE field, were only slightly down on the same period last year thanks to increased sales of gas/water meters and residential central air-conditioning systems. The plan was achieved.
- In line with the plan, segment profit improved and was higher than the same period last year. This was due to reduced goodwill amortization expenses and the progress of business structure reforms, especially in the LSE field.

	This period	Plan	Differ	ence	Same period	Difference	
		(5/13/2016)					
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)	% Change	(C)	(A) - (C)	% Change
Orders received	20.4				24.3	(3.9)	(16.1)
Sales	22.6	22.5	0.1	0.6	22.7	(0.1)	(0.5)
Segment profit	0.6	0.7	(0.0)	(7.6)	0.2	0.3	134.3
%	2.9	3.1	(0.3P)		1.2	1.6P	

(Reference) Amortization of goodwill	_	_	_	0.2	(0.2)	
(Reference) Amortization of goodwiii	_	_	•	0.2	(0.2)	



[Reference] Orders Received by Segment



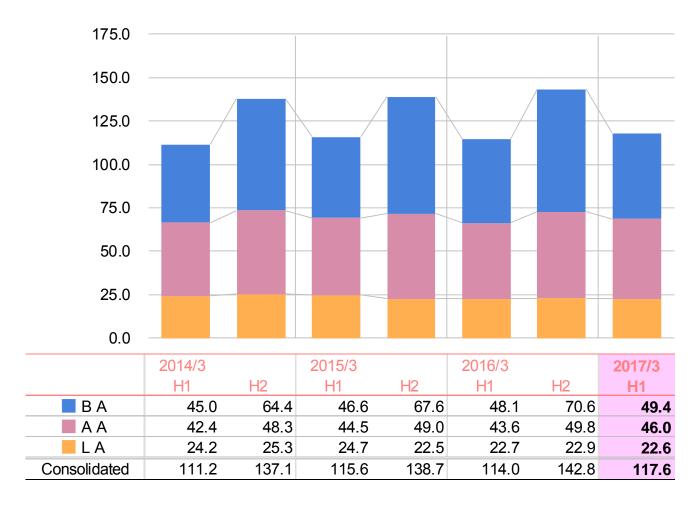
^{*1} Orders received resulting from the renewal of a number of large-scale service contracts that span several years have been included.

^{*2} In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016, a revision was made to the way domestic orders received for multi-year contracts are recorded. This revision led to a transient jump in the value of orders received for multi-year contracts recorded in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2016.

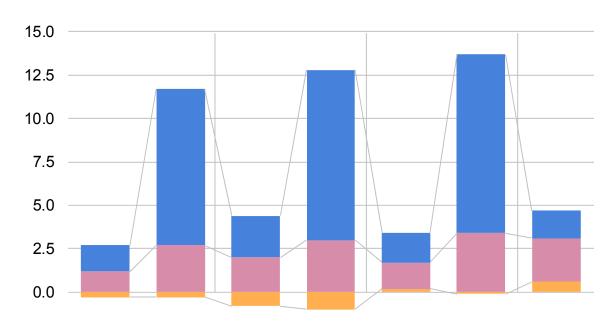
^{*3} In the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015, all shares in Azbil Care & Support Co., Ltd. – which had been providing services in the health, welfare, and nursing care field – were transferred to SOHGO SECURITY SERVICES CO., Ltd. (Feb. 2015). Regarding figures for orders received, sales, and segment profit, the subsidiary's results were consolidated until the third quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015. The impact on segment profit was negligible.

[Reference] Sales by Segment





[Reference] Segment Profit (Operating Income) azbil



	2014/3		2015/3		2016/3		2017/3
	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1
BA	1.5	9.0	2.4	9.8	1.7	10.3	1.6
A A	1.2	2.7	2.0	3.0	1.5	3.4	2.5
LA	(0.3)	(0.3)	(8.0)	(1.0)	0.2	(0.1)	0.6
Consolidated	2.4	11.4	3.5	11.7	3.5	13.5	4.9

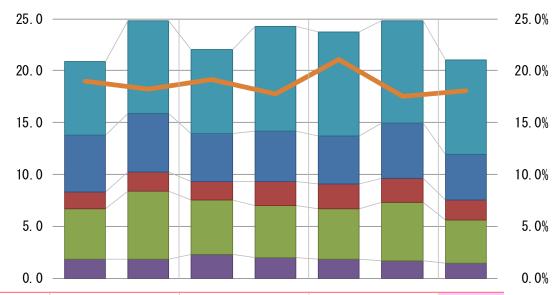
Overseas Sales by Region



<Compared to the same period last year>

Overseas sales decreased compared to the same period last year mainly owing to the negative impact of foreign exchange rates.

- In Asia, sales for the BA and LA businesses increased, but those for the AA business fell owing to the sluggish market in Korea and elsewhere. With the added impact of the high yen, overall sales were down.
- In China, AA business product sales remained robust but, because of the impact of foreign exchange rates, overall sales decreased.
- In North America, sales fell owing to the impact of foreign exchange rates and lower AA business sales to equipment manufacturers.
- In Europe, sales were down because of the impact of foreign exchange rates on the LSE field (LA business).



	2014/3		2015/3		2016/3		2017/3
	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1	H2	H1
Asia	7.1	8.9	8.1	10.1	10.0	9.9	9.1
China	5.5	5.7	4.6	4.9	4.6	5.3	4.4
North America	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.4	2.3	1.9
Europe	4.9	6.6	5.2	5.0	4.9	5.6	4.2
Others	1.8	1.8	2.3	2.0	1.8	1.7	1.4
Consolidated	22.1	24.9	22.1	24.5	24.0	24.9	21.2

[Reference information]

Overseas sales/ Net sales	19.0%	18.2%	19.1%	17.7%	21.0%	17.5%	18.0%
Average exchange rate - USD/JPY	95.73	97.73	102.46	105.79	120.31	121.11	111.74
Average exchange rate - EUR/JPY	125.63	129.78	140.42	140.35	134.10	134.31	124.58

^{*} Overseas sales figures include only the sales of overseas affiliates and direct exports; indirect exports are excluded.

^{*} The accounting year used by overseas affiliates mainly ends on December 31.



Consolidated Financial Position

Owing to seasonal factors, the assets and liabilities of the azbil Group tend to be lower at the end of the first half than at the end of the previous fiscal year.

- Assets Notes and accounts receivable-trade fell, resulting in a decrease in total assets of 19.3 billion yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year.
- Liabilities In addition to a decrease in notes and accounts payable-trade, a decrease in income taxes payable due to payment of income taxes, and a decrease in provision for bonuses due to bonus payments led to a decrease in total liabilities of 17.0 billion yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year.
- **Net assets**Despite an increase due to profit^{*1} being recorded, in addition to the payment of dividends, there was a fall in foreign currency translation adjustment. Thus, overall there was a decrease in net assets of 2.2 billion yen compared to the end of the previous fiscal year.

*1 Net income attributable to owners of parent.

1 Net income attributable to c	. '			1	A		llions of yen]
	As of Sep. 30, 2016	As of Mar. 31, 2016	Difference		As of Sep. 30, 2016	As of Mar. 31, 2016	Difference
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)		(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Current assets	182.7	200.8	(18.0)	Liabilities	85.0	102.1	(17.0)
Cash and deposits	51.4	48.2	3.2	Current liabilities	73.3	88.9	(15.6)
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	75.4	91.7	(16.3)	Notes and accounts payable-trade	36.4	45.5	(9.1)
Inventories	23.0	24.1	(1.1)	Short-term loans and bonds	11.2	12.0	(0.7)
Others	32.8	36.6	(3.8)	Others	25.5	31.3	(5.7)
Noncurrent assets	57.0	58.3	(1.2)	Noncurrent liabilities	11.7	13.2	(1.4)
Property, plant and equipment	23.4	24.3	(0.9)	Long-term loans and bonds	0.5	0.6	(0.0)
Intangible assets	5.4	5.6	(0.1)	Others	11.2	12.6	(1.3)
Investments and other assets	28.0	28.2	(0.1)	Net assets	154.7	156.9	(2.2)
				Shareholders' equity	146.5	146.6	(0.1)
				Capital stock	10.5	10.5	-
				Capital surplus	12.3	12.3	0.0
				Retained earnings	128.3	128.4	(0.1)
				Treasury shares	(4.6)	(4.6)	(0.0)
				Accumulated other comprehensive income	6.4	8.3	(1.8)
				Non-controlling interests	1.7	1.9	(0.2)
Total assets	239.8	259.1	(19.3)	Total liabilities and net assets	239.8	259.1	(19.3)

*2 Includes a fall of 1.9 billion yen in foreign currency translation adjustment.



Consolidated Cash Flows

- Cash flows from operating activities increased due to a fall in inventories, but cash flows from investing activities decreased due to an increase in payments into time deposits as well as a fall in proceeds from sales of securities. As a result, free cash flow was 5.8 billion yen, down 3.9 billion yen from the same period last year.
- Net cash used in financing activities (expenditure) was reduced by 4.3 billion yen compared to the same period last year due to a decrease in expenditure resulting from purchase of own shares and the repayment of loans payable.

[Billions of yen]

[Dillions of ye									
	This period	Same period last year	Differ	rence					
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)	%					
Cash flows from operating activities	6.8	2.2	4.5	201.0					
Cash flows from investing activities	(0.9)	7.5	(8.5)	(113.2)					
Free cash flow (FCF)	5.8	9.8	(3.9)	(40.6)					
Cash flows from financing activities	(2.5)	(6.8)	4.3	-					
Effect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents	(1.5)	(0.0)	(1.5)	-					
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1.7	2.9	(1.2)	(41.7)					
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	55.9	51.9	4.0	7.8					
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	57.6	54.8	2.8	5.1					

(Reference)

Capital expenditure	1.6	1.4	0.1	12.6
Depreciation	1.9	1.9	0.0	1.0







The financial results for the first half slightly exceeded the plan, but there remains uncertainty regarding the outlook for capital investment in Japan and overseas. Also, since the strong yen is expected to continue, no changes are made to the forecast for net sales and operating income for the full fiscal year as previously published on May 13, 2016.

Ordinary income is expected to decrease by 0.5 billion yen due to the recording of foreign exchange losses in the first half, but no change is made to the forecast, published at the start of the fiscal year, for net income attributable to owners of parent.

	Revised Initial plan Difference		Previous		Difference		
	plan (A)	(5/13/2016) (B)	(A) - (B)	% Change	fiscal year (C)	(A) - (C)	% Change
Net sales	260.0	260.0	-	-	256.8	3.1	1.2
[Amortization of goodwill]	[0.0]	[0.0]	[-]		[0.6]	[(0.6)]	
Operating income	19.0	19.0	-	-	17.1	1.8	10.9
%	7.3	7.3	-		6.7	0.6P	
Ordinary income	18.0	18.5	(0.5)	(2.7)	16.6	1.3	8.3
Net income attributable to owners of parent	11.5	11.5	-	-	8.2	3.2	39.1
%	4.4	4.4	-		3.2	1.2P	

Revised Plan by Segment [1]



							راادا	ons or yeng
	Revised Initial plan Difference		Previous	ous Difference				
		plan	(5/13/2016)	(A) - (B)	% Change	fiscal year	(A) - (C)	% Change
		(A)	(B)	() ()	· ·	(C)	() ()	J
■ B A	Sales	120.0	120.0	-		118.8	1.1	1.0
	[Amortization of goodwill]	[-]	[-]	[-]		[-]	[-]	
	Segment profit	12.5	13.0	(0.5)	(3.8)	12.0	0.4	4.0
	%	10.4	10.8	(0.4P)		10.1	0.3P	
A A	Sales	94.0	94.0	-	-	93.5	0.4	0.5
	[Amortization of goodwill]	[0.0]	[0.0]	[-]		[0.1]	[(0.1)]	
	Segment profit	5.0	4.3	0.7	16.3	5.0	(0.0)	(0.6)
	%	5.3	4.6	0.7P		5.4	(0.1P)	
LA	Sales	46.0	46.0	-	-	45.6	0.3	0.8
	[Amortization of goodwill]	[-]	[-]	[-]		[0.5]	[(0.5)]	
	Segment profit	1.5	1.7	(0.2)	(11.8)	0.0	1.4	-
	%	3.3	3.7	(0.4P)		0.2	3.1P	
Consolidated	Net sales	260.0	260.0	-	-	256.8	3.1	1.2
	[Amortization of goodwill]	[0.0]	[0.0]	[-]		[0.6]	[(0.6)]	
	Operating income	19.0	19.0	-	-	17.1	1.8	10.9
	%	7.3	7.3	-		6.7	0.6P	

Revised Plan by Segment [2]





The profit plan was revised but we are still aiming to achieve a segment profit greater than that of the previous fiscal year

- Sales for the full fiscal year are expected to be in line with the initial plan. While increased sales were recorded in the first half thanks to efforts to ensure thorough and accelerated schedule control, sales in the second half will be slightly lower than the initial plan.
- Segment profit in the second half is expected to decrease owing to costs for reinforcing structures for ensuring sufficient job processing capability from the first half, but we will aim to achieve a profit greater than that of the previous fiscal year by thorough implementation of initiatives for construction profit management etc. that emphasize profitability.
- In view of the business environment outlook for the period following the Tokyo 2020 Olympic games, and based on the delivery track record, there will be a continuing commitment to making proposals for customers in the market for existing buildings who are considering future retrofit work. In this way, we will build up the foundation for future growth.



While there is uncertainty regarding the business environment in the second half, based on the results for the first half, the forecast for segment profit for the full fiscal year has been raised

- The uncertainty surrounding the business environment in Japan and abroad, and the continuation of the high yen exchange rate are expected to have an impact on sales and profits. However, we will continue to improve the profit structure, achieving profits on the same level as the previous fiscal year. Segment profit for the full fiscal year has thus been revised upward.
- As regards the operation of the three business units, which has been a focus of attention from this fiscal year, we will implement improvements to profit structures, reinforcing sales strengths and product appeal to create competitive business sub-segments.

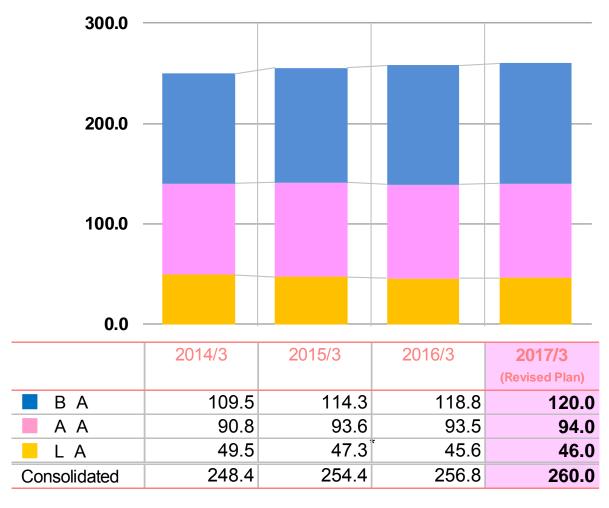


A slight revision has been made to the profit plan, but a significant improvement in profitability, compared with the previous fiscal year, is expected to result from the continuing business reforms

- We will continue to implement business structure reforms in the Life Science Engineering (LSE) field. It is expected that we will achieve a significant improvement in profits, compared to the previous fiscal year, as a result of these reforms and a reduction in goodwill amortization expenses.
- By strengthening the business structure of each of the companies within the LA business and making the most of their distinctive strengths, we will explore new automation possibilities in the manufacturing equipment and energy-related fields.

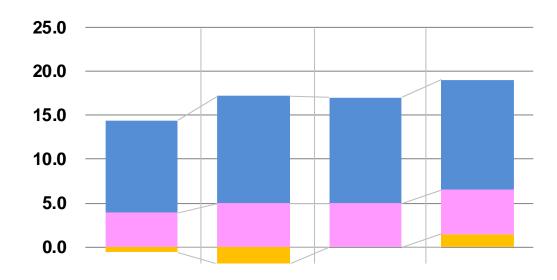
[Reference] Sales by Segment





^{*} In the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015, all shares in Azbil Care & Support Co., Ltd. – which had been providing services in the health, welfare, and nursing care field – were transferred to SOHGO SECURITIY SERVICES CO., LTD. (Feb. 2015). Regarding figures for sales and segment profit, the subsidiary's results were consolidated until the third quarter of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015. The impact on segment profit was negligible.

[Reference] Segment Profit (Operating Income) azbil



	2014/3	2015/3	2016/3	2017/3
				(Revised Plan)
ВА	10.5	12.2	12.0	12.5
A A	3.9	5.0	5.0	5.0
LA	(0.6)	(1.9)	0.0	1.5
Consolidated	13.9	15.3	17.1	19.0



3. Return to Shareholders

3. Return to Shareholders





Dividend plan for the fiscal year ending March 2017

→No change from the initial plan

Annual dividend: 74 yen per share

(Ordinary dividend raised by 2 yen, additional commemorative dividend of 5 yen)

[Basic policy]

We place great importance on the distribution of profits to shareholders, and would like to maintain stable dividends while striving to increase its dividends payout, taking into account comprehensively its consolidated performance, levels of ROE (Return On Equity), DOE (Dividend On Equity), as well as retained earnings for strengthening the corporate structure and developing future business.

For FY2016 our intention is to increase the distribution of profits to our shareholders by raising the dividend level; we therefore plan to raise the ordinary dividend by 2 yen per share. Also, to mark the 110th anniversary of our founding and the 10th anniversary of our new name, "azbil", we plan to issue a commemorative dividend of 5 yen per share.

■ Dividends for the year ending March 2017 (interim/year-end) are planned as follows.

	FY2	2015	FY2016		
	Interim	Year-end	Interim	Year-end	
Dividend per share [Yen]	33.5	33.5	37.0	37.0(Plan)	
Payout ratio	59.4%		47.1%		
Dividend on equity (DOE)	3.1%		3.4%		



4. Toward Future Business Development

Progress of the Medium-term Plan (FY2013-FY2016) [1]

3 Key Initiatives	 Becoming a long-term partner for the customer and the community by offering solutions based on our technologies and products Taking global operations to the next level, with global expansion by moving into new regions and making a qualitative change of focus Becoming a corporate organization that never stops learning, so that it can continuously strengthen its corporate structure
3 Growth Fields	 Next-generation solutions Safety solutions Energy management solutions
3 Corporate Structures to Strengthen	 Structural reform of global production/development Structural reform of engineering and service business Human resources reform
CSR management as the basis for business activities	 Contributing to reducing CO₂ and the use of resources not only in one's own activities but also in those of the customer who is being supplied with the products and services Creating a high-compliance culture and foster thoroughgoing risk management Reinforcing governance (internal controls, accounting, etc.) at Group companies in Japan and abroad Establishing a healthy financial foundation and corporate governance

- Understanding and commercialization of "human-centered automation" and the philosophy behind it have been developed within the current medium-term plan (FY2013-FY2016).
- Even in an age marked by the progress of IoT and changing business structures, there is growing importance in the course taken by the work of the azbil Group as it is able to comprehensively make advances in measurement, which is fundamental to every industries, along with overall networks, management and control, and service.

FY2016:

As this year marks the end of the current medium-term plan, measures are being taken to lay the foundation for the next medium-term plan.

Progress of the Medium-term Plan (FY2013-FY2016) [2]



Targets for FY2016

Net Sales : 260 billion yen (down 20 billion yen *) Operating income: 19 billion yen (down 3 billion yen *)

*Figures in parentheses represent comparison with initial plan (published May 2013).

BA business

- Strengthening the foundations of the domestic BA business (redevelopment centered in the Tokyo metropolitan area, demand for the Tokyo 2020 Olympic and Paralympic Games)
- Strengthening the energy management business (for sustainable growth with a view
- Implementing lifecycle business development

AA business

- Shifting to priority fields (HA/FA field), strengthening the business structure
- Implementing a high value-added service business in mature fields (PA field)
- Strengthening product development capabilities
- Strengthening overseas business

LA business



Redeployment of personnel within the Group (promoting greater efficiency in mature fields and shifting into growth fields)

Upgrading/Establishing the global service infrastructure and system including remote maintenance, strengthening local development capabilities for global customers, optimizing the global production system

Group-wide functions

Business segment

- Establishing a technical development center in North America (Azbil North America R&D)
- Starting to upgrade R&D resources at Fujisawa Technology Center
- Upgrading overseas production facilities, including new factory in Thailand (Azbil Production (Thailand), Azbil Control Instruments (Dalian))
- Integrating Shonan and Isehara factories
- Upgrading remote service & IT foundation
- Production facilities in Saudi Arabia and upgrading regional maintenance centers

• Launch of the Group-wide core information system (Phase 1: beginning May 2015)

- Moving to a defined contribution pension plan (started in June 2015)
- Promotion of optimal personnel deployment within Japan and overseas, and enhancement of human resource development programs
- Strengthening of global governance and compliance

Group management

4. Toward Future Business Development



Achievements and Strategies for Each Segment



- Progress has been made in line with the initial plan (May 2013) and investments were made accordingly in upgrading the business infrastructure.
 - We are making steady progress with upgrading the business infrastructure for winning orders received and executing jobs in anticipation of the growth in demand for both new and existing buildings in Japan triggered by the upcoming Tokyo 2020 Olympic games.
 - Simultaneously with the above, we are enhancing product offerings and making proposals for possible retrofit and energy management in existing buildings following the Tokyo Olympics games

[Upcoming]

- In Japan, we will ensure continued growth by expanding proposals for the large-scale retrofit of existing buildings expected after the Olympic games.
- Globally, we will progress with measures for developing and growing local markets, laying the framework for a lifecycle-based business.

• Profit creation in our overseas business is now established but the initial plan (May 2013) has not been achieved.



- Delays in achieving the plan have been due to the domestic business environment (sluggish capital investment), the stagnant Chinese market, and the appreciation of the yen.
- In our overseas businesses, while the AA business as a whole has yet to substantially take off, we have reached the stage where we can steadily create profit.

[Upcoming]

- We will generate growth from the progress achieved with initiatives in each of the three business units.
- We will aim to achieve global growth (in Japan as well as abroad) by strengthening our products and services offerings to meet the challenge of changing business structures brought about by the Fourth Industrial Revolution.



Segment profit is in line with the initial plan (May 2013).

• We have reviewed the business structure; sold our business in the health, welfare and nursing care field; and made progress with business structure reforms in each of the fields that make up the LA business. While the size of the business has not reached that of the initial plan, we have raised profit to the level in the plan.

[Upcoming]

As well as strengthening each business field, we will develop new automation, which draws on Group synergies, for the manufacturing equipment and energy-related markets.

Achievements and Strategies for Strengthening the Corporate Structure



Long-term partner for the customer and the community (utilizing our core of technology and products)

Progressing with the creation of new customer value, forming stronger relationships as a long-term partner

- Upgrading of sales, service, and production systems across the Group; expanding the range of new products and services as a means of providing added value for the customer
- Developing business synergies, mainly in the fields of energy management and energy infrastructure
- Forming stronger relationships with the customers, in Japan and abroad, throughout the lifecycle of the customers' facilities

(Upcoming)

By leveraging the azbil Group's strengths in measurement, control, data management and remote service, etc., we will take advantage of the changes brought about by the Fourth Industrial Revolution as opportunities for new growth, and furthermore evolve our business models accordingly.

Progressing with global business expansion, expanding overseas production

In addition to business development and expansion on a global scale, we are progressing with the upgrading and expansion of overseas manufacturing bases in the three regions (Japan, China and Thailand). We are increasingly shifting production overseas and reducing costs.

[Upcoming]

- We will progress with the integration and upgrading of domestic R&D sites and production facilities, and then use this foundation as a springboard to further development.
- Group companies will adopt the companywide operational/IT systems that Azbil Corp. began in FY2015; we will aim to unify such systems on a global scale.

Developing a flexible organizational management and fostering human resources to meet the challenges of a changing business environment

Making use of the Azbil Academy (established in 2012), we are creating instruments for fostering the human resources required for the development of our business. This includes retraining for career development, accreditation as technical professionals, and global management training.

[Upcoming]

We will press forward with plans for fostering human resources as well as a personnel rotation system suited to new business environment changes and our own business growth plans.

Global development (regional expansion and qualitative change of focus)

A corporate organization that never stops learning (continual strengthening of the corporate structure)

Aiming to Strengthen CSR Management and Business the azbil Way



Presenting all stakeholders with the "human-centered" azbil Group

Enhancing value for the customer The customer's life-cycle partner

CO₂ reduction results at customers' sites

Reducing customers' on-site impact on the environment (carbon footprint) through providing products and services.

Total: 3.12 million tons/year

With automation:

2.73 million tons/year

With energy management:

0.28 million tons/year

With maintenance/service:

0.11 million tons/year

Employees Partners human-centered automation" Shareholders Customers Suppliers Society

Contributing to employment etc. as a member of the local community

Contributing globally to the environment and safety through our main business

Providing opportunities for creative activities and growth by practicing the Group philosophy

> Management's focus on shareholders and the dividend plan

Enhancing return to shareholders and corporate governance

- Expected dividend for FY2016: 74 yen per share (Ordinary dividend +2 yen; commemorative dividend 5
- Repurchase of own shares: 600,000 shares (FY2015)
- No. of outside directors: 3 (out of a total of 9 directors)
- Establishment of in-house standard for evaluating the independence of outside directors
- Stipulation that more than half of the members of the Appointments and Remuneration Committee are outside directors
- Expansion of the system for promoting constructive dialog (appointment of a director in charge of corporate communication)
- Abolition of Basic Policy regarding Persons Controlling Decisions on the Financial and Business Policies of the Company (November 2, 2016)

[Summary]

- In the second half of FY2016, which marks the 10th anniversary of the launch of azbil, as well as striving on a daily basis to achieve our targets for the fiscal year, we will make steady progress with business structure reforms and upgrading the business infrastructure to ensure further growth.
- In addition to the above, we are also preparing the next medium-term plan, which will start from FY2017.



Relevant Information

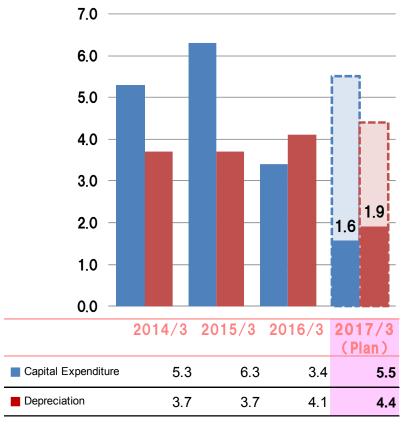
Relevant Information





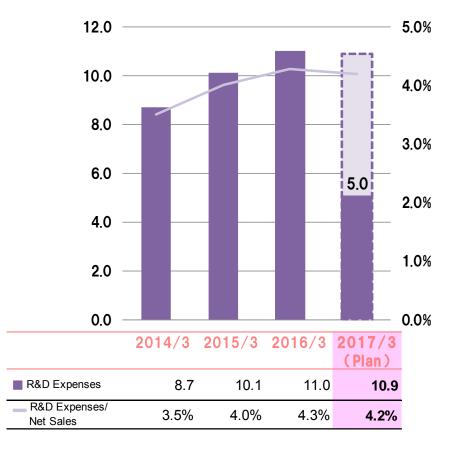
[Billions of yen]

Capital Expenditure, Depreciation



Expenses for updating core information systems which have been running from May 2015 were incurred from the fiscal year ended March 2013. Also the investment in overseas production facilities occurred in the fiscal year ended March 2015. From the fiscal year ending March 2017, investment in restructuring the development and production system is planned.

■ R&D Expenses, R&D Expenses/Net Sales





azbil Group Philosophy

To realize safety, comfort, and fulfillment in people's lives and contribute to global environmental preservation through

"human-centered automation"

Azbil Corporation celebrates its 110th anniversary in 2016.



Yamatake for 100 years, azbil for 10 years. Together 110 years. Through all of this time the azbil Group has put human happiness first with "human-centered automation." We are determined to work closely with our customers in the future as well, using our measurement and control technologies as the basis for ever greater value creation.