

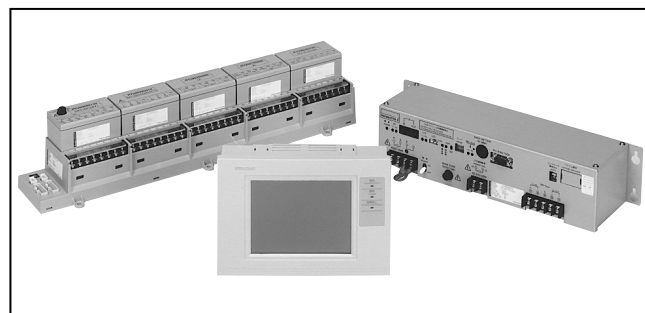
PARAMATRIX™ -III

Pump Controller

Model WY7400S

General

PARAMATRIX-III (PMX-III) is a Direct Digital Controller (DDC) specifically designed only for sequential control of heating/cooling plant units of building HVAC (heating, ventilation, air-conditioning) systems. The PMX-III Pump Controller carries out energy conservation control including the optimization of multiple pumps in response to the air conditioning load. By communicating with Azbil Corporation's building management system (BMS) called *savic-net™ FX* and the operator interface (OI), the PMX-III Pump Controller provides an environment that supports efficient operation management of heating/cooling plant systems.



Features

- Reliable controller:**
 The pump controller PMX-II (previous model) with a software-based control allows upgraded functions for the PMX-III. Control reliability is ensured even during transitions such as startup/shutdown, failure restoration and power failure restoration, and in abnormal conditions.
- User-friendly controller:**
 The color LCD operator interface offers widely improved operability and visibility. A variety of diagnostic display functions and event outputs inform the operators how the PMX-III has controlled/is controlling/is going to control the system, dramatically facilitating complex heating/cooling plant management and control.
- Easy-to-install controller**
 Distributing sensor power supply and sharing external terminal blocks allow direct connection with local devices, reduce the design and manufacturing costs of control panels, and facilitate on-site installation. Replaceable plug-in type input/output (I/O) modules ensure easy maintenance without disconnecting external lines.
- Communication by LonTalk® protocol:**
 LonTalk® protocol is adopted for the communication with other controllers connected to the BMS.
- Simple wiring:**
 Communication cables are connected with modular connections and thus reduce wiring work.

Model Number Configuration

WY7400S12345678

1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8					
Application type		Number of pumps		Method of multiple units control		Pressure control 1		Pressure control 2		Communication with host system		Others		Power supply					
1	Fixed	4	4	3	Flow rate 1 system (with energy calculation)		0	No		0	No		1	Yes		0	Fixed	B	200V AC
					Flow rate 4 systems (with energy calculation, 4 systems totalization)			1 Proportional bypass			2 All inverters and ON/OFF bypass								
		8	8	4	1 inverter and proportional bypass														

Safety Instructions

Please read instructions carefully and use the product as specified in this manual. Be sure to keep this manual near by for ready reference.

Usage Restrictions

This product is targeted for general air conditioning. Do not use this product in a situation where human life may be affected. If this product is used in a clean room or a place where reliability or control accuracy is particularly required, please contact Azbil Corporation's sales representative. Azbil Corporation will not bear any responsibility for the results produced by the operators.

WARNING



- DANGER: To prevent the risk of severe or fatal electrical shock, always disconnect power source and product power supply before performing any wiring.



- Be sure to ground with 100 Ω or lower ground resistance. Improper grounding may cause electrical shock or fire due to equipment damages.



- Do not disassemble the product. Disassembly may cause electrical shock or product failure.

CAUTION



- Installation and wiring must be performed by qualified personnel in accordance with all applicable safety standards.



- This product must be operated within its operating ranges specified in this manual. Failure to comply will cause equipment damages.



- This product must be operated under the operating conditions (power, temperature, humidity, vibration, shock, installation position, atmospheric condition, etc) specified in this manual to prevent product failure.



- All wiring must comply with local codes of indoor wiring and electric installation rules.



- Make sure all the wires are tightly connected. Loose connection may cause fire or heat generation.



- Use crimp terminal lugs with insulation for electric wires to be connected to the screw terminals.



- Dispose of this product as an industrial waste in accordance with your local regulations. Do not reuse all or part of this product.

Trademark information:

Infelix, PARAMATRIX, and savic-net are trademarks of Azbil Corporation in Japan or in other countries.

BACnet is a registered trademark of American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE).

CompactFlash is a U.S. registered trademark of SanDisk Corporation.

LonTalk is a trademark of Echelon Corporation registered in the United States and other countries

System Configurations

PMX-III Pump Controller integrated into BMS: *savic-net™ FX*

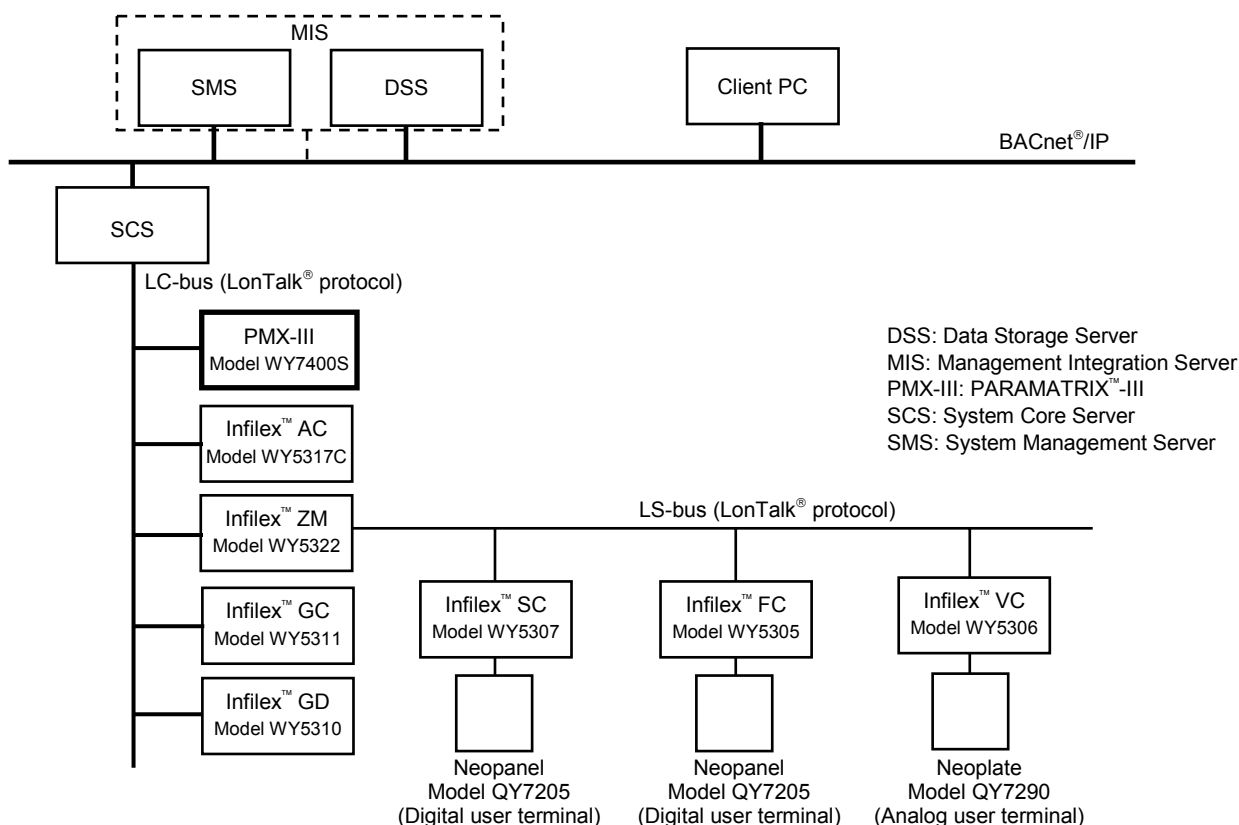


Figure 1. System configuration example of BMS-integrated PMX-III

Notes:

- * MIS instead of SMS and DSS may be used for your system.
- * On LC-bus (2 lines for 1 channel), max. 50 remote units (also called 'controllers') can be connected. For Infilex ZM, however, max. 10 units can be connected on LC-bus (5 units per 1 line, 2 lines for 1 channel).
- * Max. wiring length of LC-bus (2 lines for 1 channel) is 900 m.
- * On LS-bus, max. 50 remote units (also called 'sub-controllers') can be connected.
- * Max. wiring length of LS-bus is 900 m.

Standalone PMX-III Pump Controller

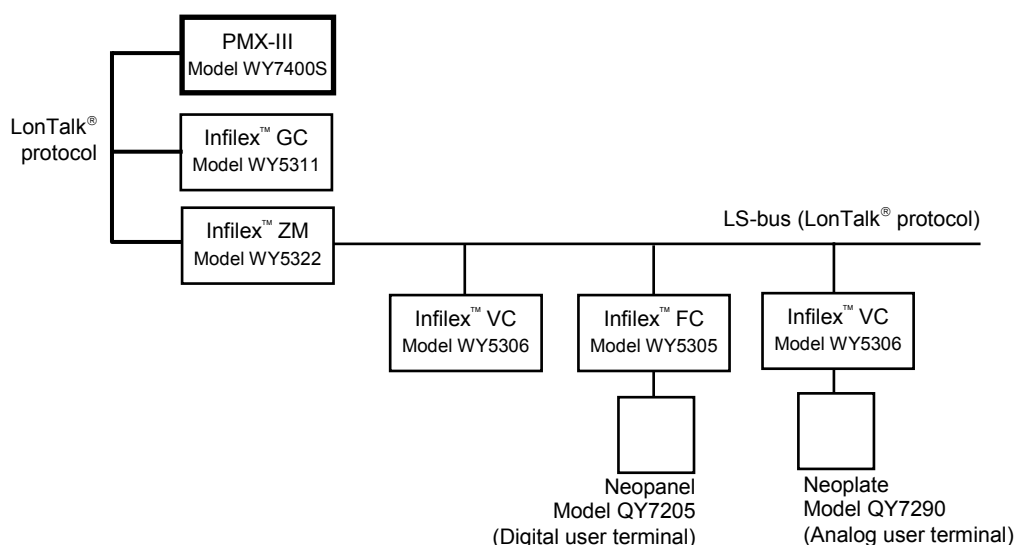


Figure 2. System configuration example of standalone PMX-III

Notes:

- * On LS-bus, max. 50 remote units (sub-controllers) can be connected.
- * Max. wiring length of LS-bus is 900 m.

Application Examples

Closed system

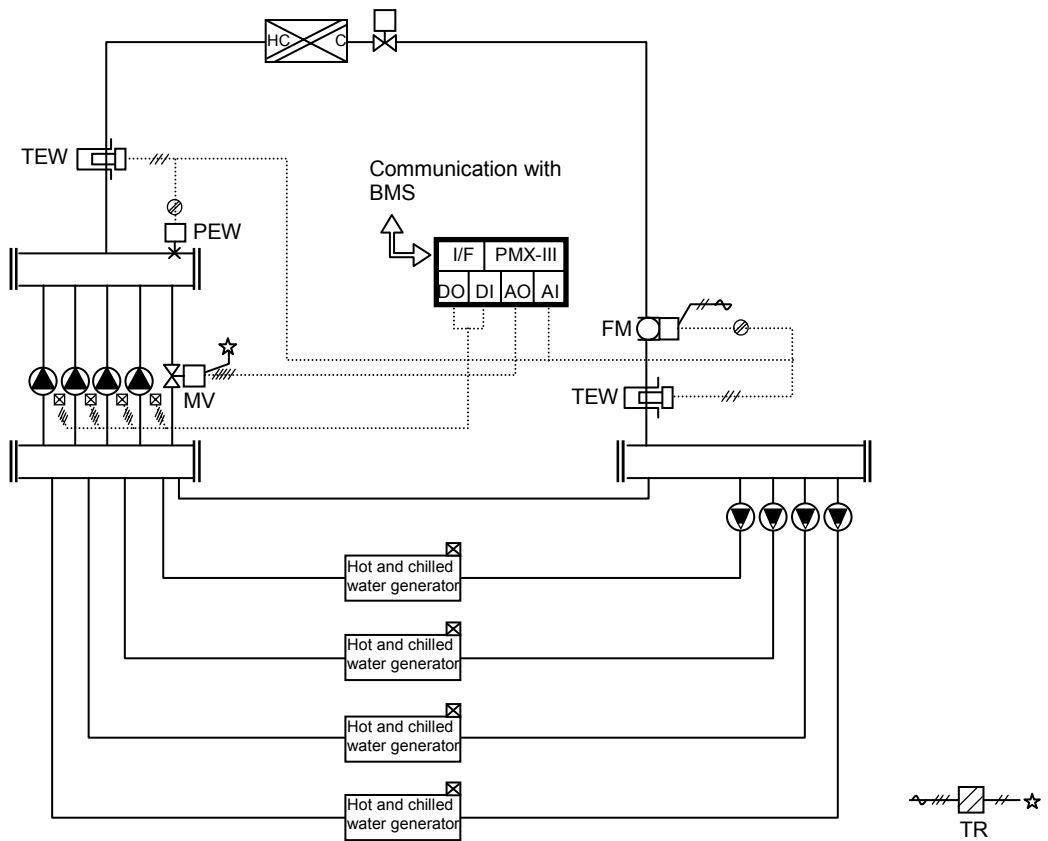


Figure 3. Application example of closed system

Open system

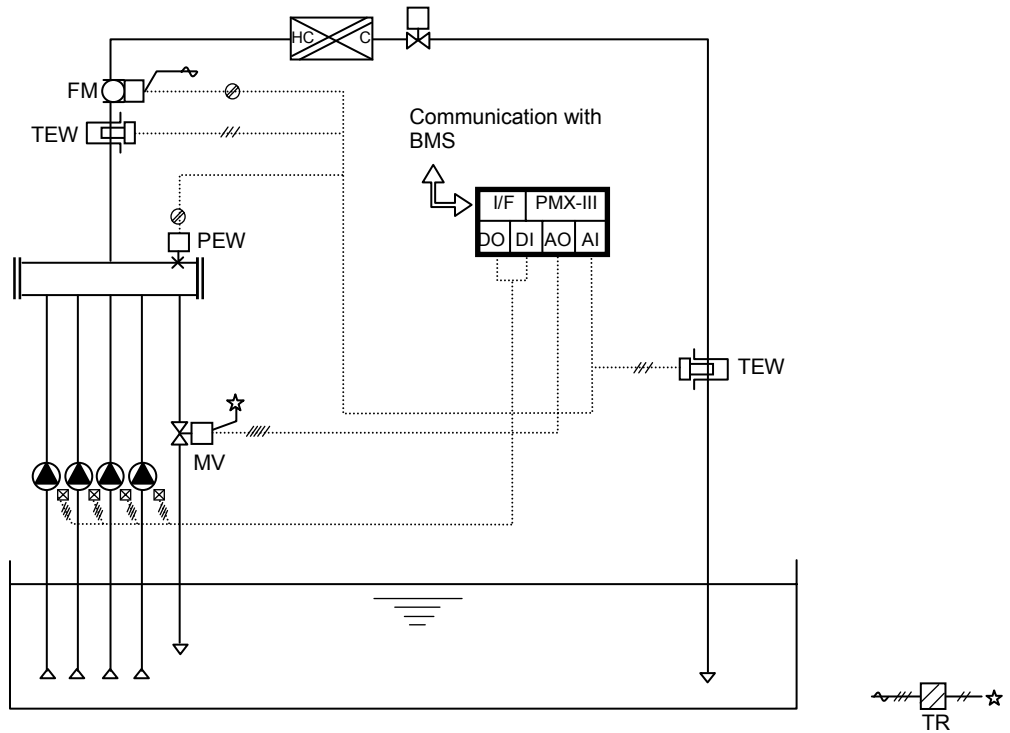


Figure 4. Application example of open system

PMX-III Configurations

Function block

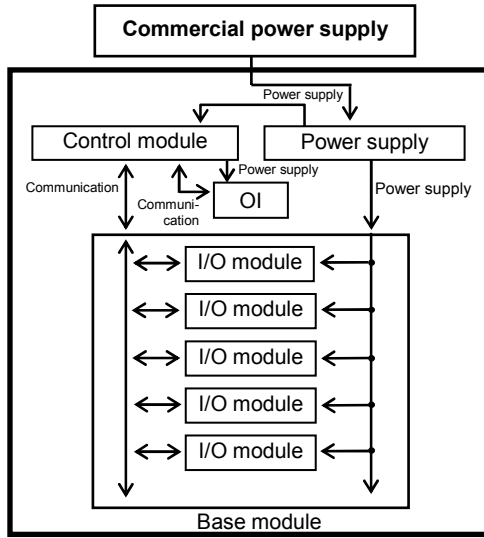


Figure 5. Function block diagram

Hardware configuration

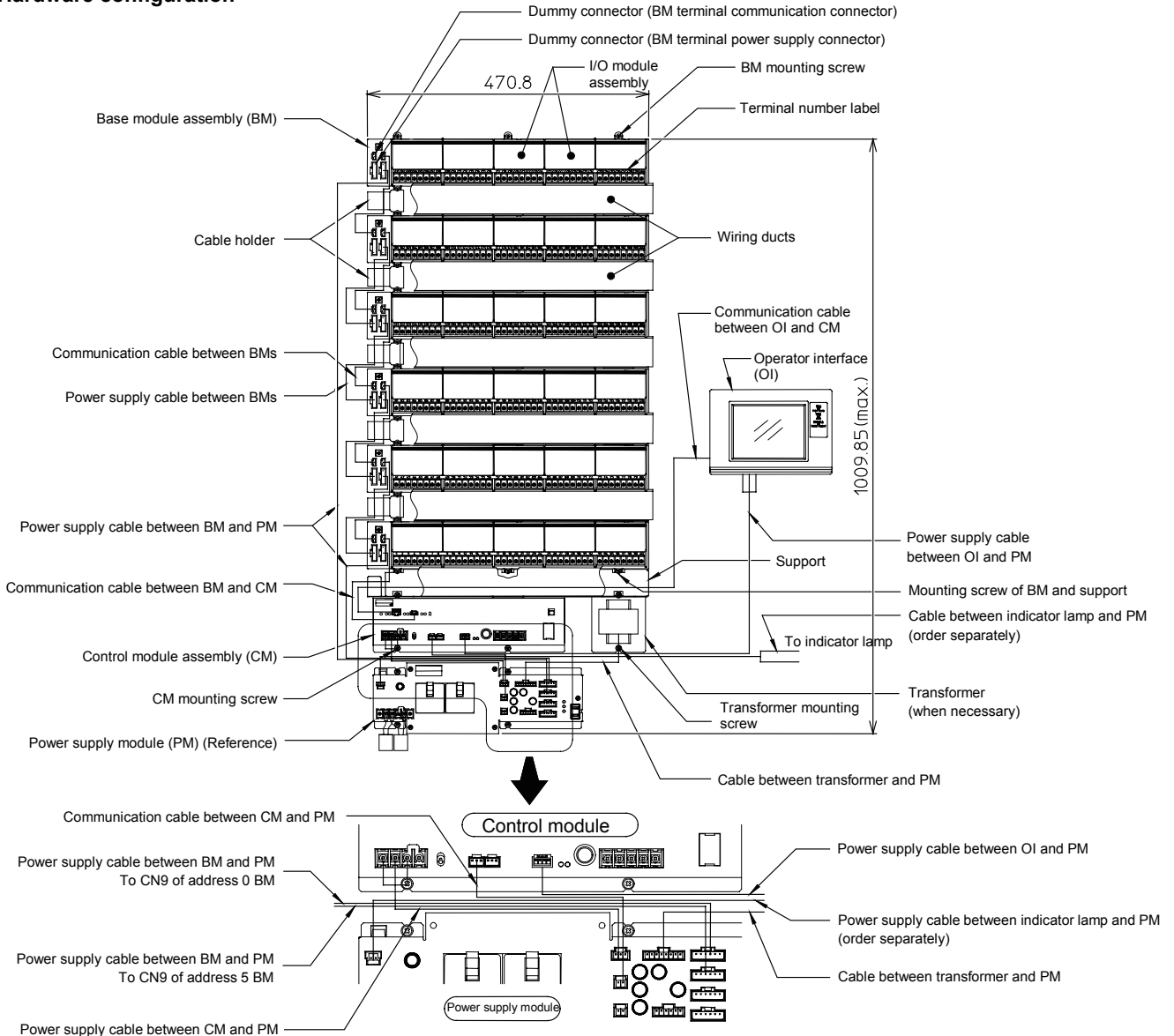


Figure 6. Hardware configuration

Dimensions of the Modules Assembled

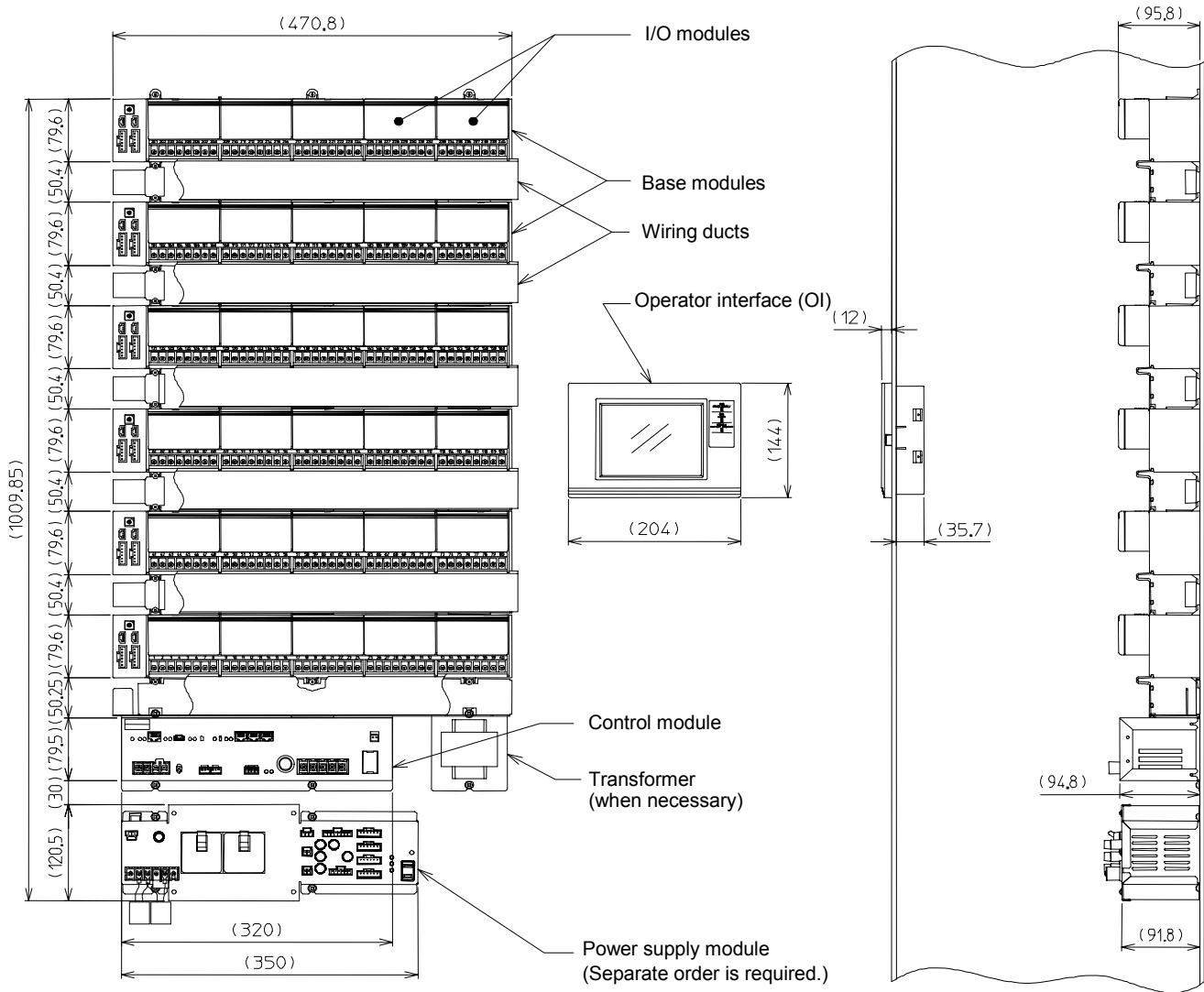


Figure 7. Dimensions (mm)

Note:

PMX-III requires 2 to 6 base modules depending on its model, and thus each model has different dimensions. Refer to the table on the following page for the number of the base modules.

Model Numbers

The number of base modules corresponds to the number of lines shown in the table below.

No. of lines	Model number	No. of pumps	Method of multiple units control	Pressure control 1	Pressure control 2	Communications with host system
3	WY7400S1430010B	4	Flow rate 1 system (with energy calculation)	No	No	Yes
3	WY7400S1431010B	4	Flow rate 1 system (with energy calculation)	Proportional bypass	No	Yes
3	WY7400S1432010B	4	Flow rate 1 system (with energy calculation)	All inverters and ON/OFF bypass	No	Yes
3	WY7400S1433010B	4	Flow rate 1 system (with energy calculation)	One inverter and proportional bypass	No	Yes
3	WY7400S1830010B	8	Flow rate 1 system (with energy calculation)	No	No	Yes
3	WY7400S1831010B	8	Flow rate 1 system (with energy calculation)	Proportional bypass	No	Yes
5	WY7400S1832010B	8	Flow rate 1 system (with energy calculation)	All inverters and ON/OFF bypass	No	Yes
4	WY7400S1833010B	8	Flow rate 1 system (with energy calculation)	One inverter and proportional bypass	No	Yes
3	WY7400S1440010B	4	Flow rate 4 systems (with energy calculation)	No	No	Yes
3	WY7400S1441010B	4	Flow rate 4 systems (with energy calculation)	Proportional bypass	No	Yes
4	WY7400S1442010B	4	Flow rate 4 systems (with energy calculation)	All inverters and ON/OFF bypass	No	Yes
4	WY7400S1443010B	4	Flow rate 4 systems (with energy calculation)	One inverter and proportional bypass	No	Yes
4	WY7400S1840010B	8	Flow rate 4 systems (with energy calculation)	No	No	Yes
4	WY7400S1841010B	8	Flow rate 4 systems (with energy calculation)	Proportional bypass	No	Yes
6	WY7400S1842010B	8	Flow rate 4 systems (with energy calculation)	All inverters and ON/OFF bypass	No	Yes
4	WY7400S1843010B	8	Flow rate 4 systems (with energy calculation)	One inverter and proportional bypass	No	Yes

Components

Control module

Control module is the core of the PMX-III. PMX-III consists of a combination of a control module, base modules, I/O modules, and an OI (operator interface).

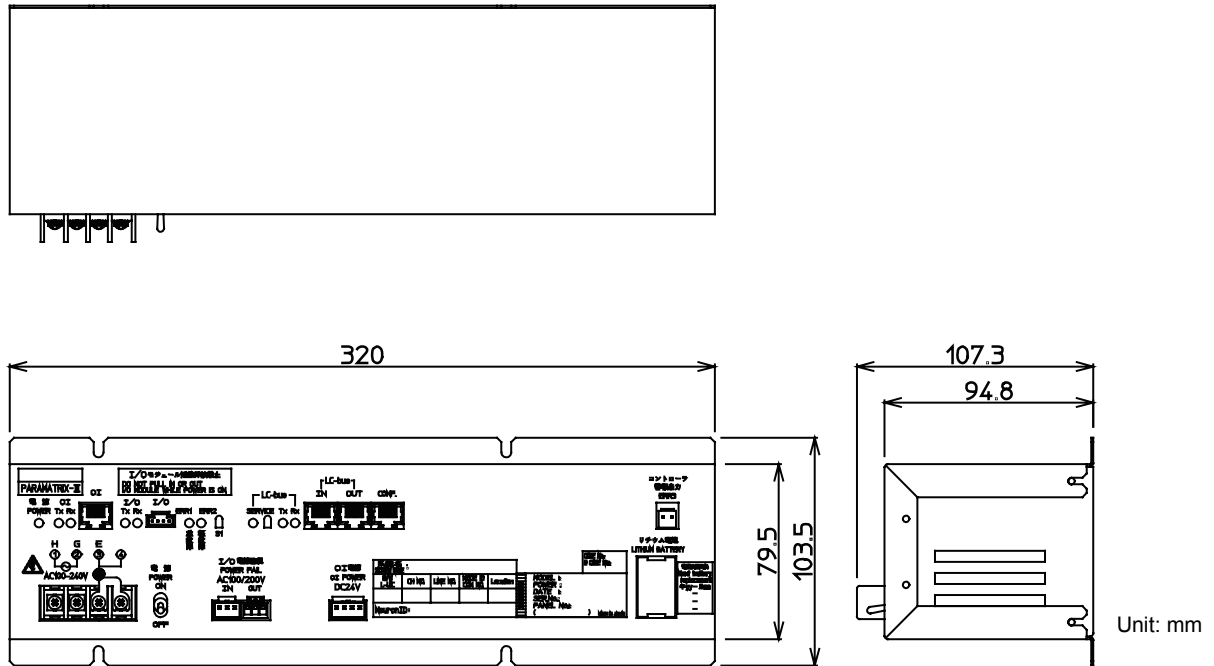


Figure 8. Control module dimensions

I/O modules

The plug-in type I/O modules are the input/output sections of the PMX-III system and load communications LSI to connect with the control module. Power supply and communication interface to the I/O modules are carried out by the base module. I/O modules include: AI module (two 4-20 mA DC current inputs), AO module (one 4-20 mA DC current output), MM module (one modutrol motor output with feedback), DI module (five potential free contact inputs), DO modules (four potential free contact (N.O.) outputs), DIO modules (two potential free contact inputs and one 24 V DC voltage instantaneous contact output).

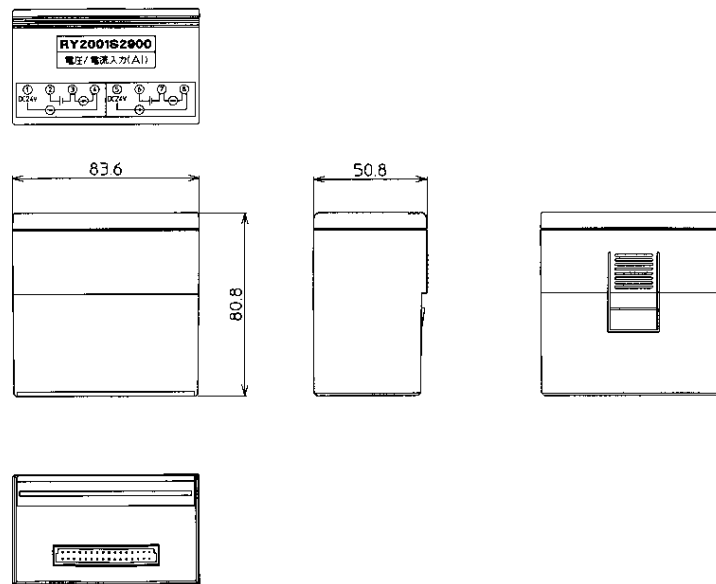


Figure 9. I/O module dimensions

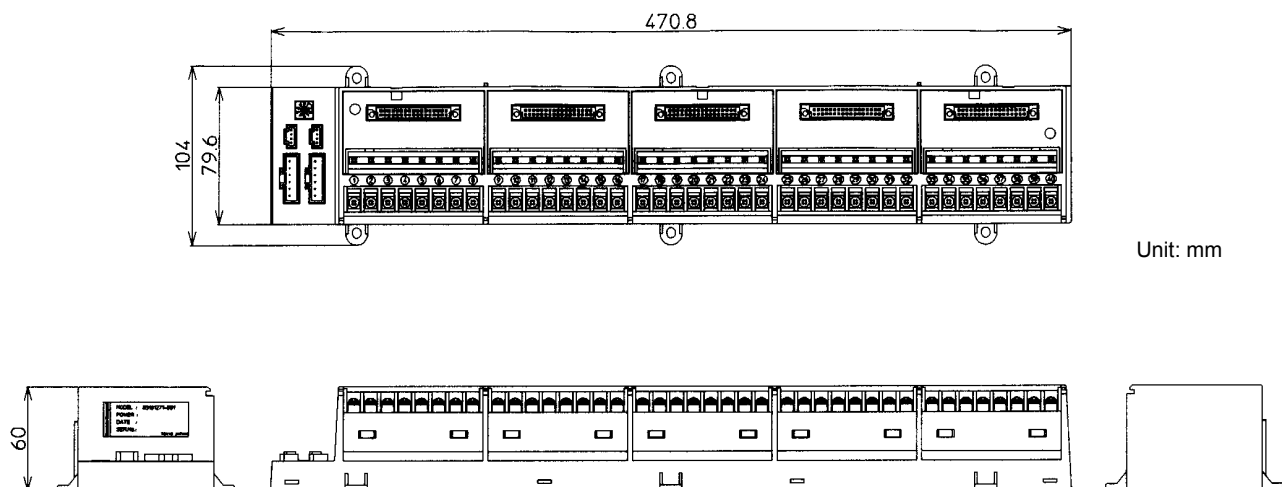
Unit: mm

IMPORTANT:

Be sure to disconnect the power before plugging in/out the I/O modules from the base module back panel. Otherwise, PMX-III may get damaged.

Base module

Base module supplies power to I/O modules, and carries out communication connections and address settings for the I/O modules. The base module also functions as a terminal block for the I/O modules. The I/O modules are plug-in type, which can be plugged directly into the base module back panel and can be easily detached without disconnecting their wiring.

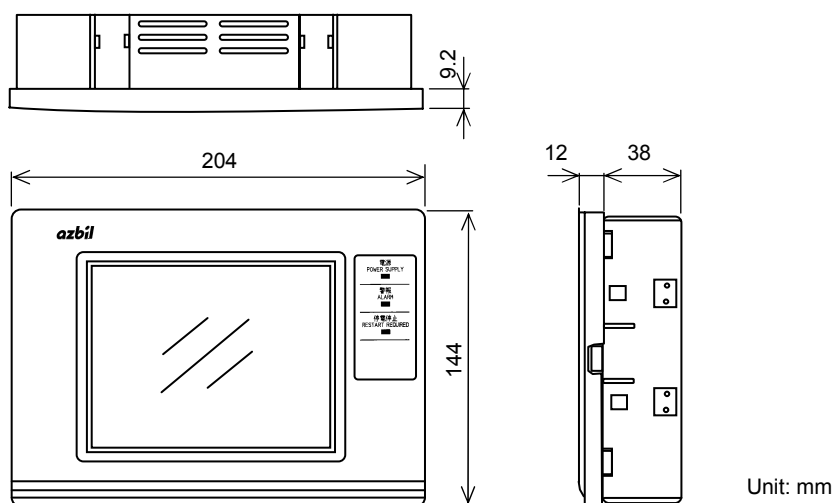


Unit: mm

Figure 10. Base module dimensions

Operator interface (OI)

OI is a PMX-III display-setting device having a color touch-panel LCD. Access levels can be classified with password. OI is also used as a parameter-setting device by service personnel. Besides, OI has LED indicators for power supply, alarm and shutdown due to power failure.



Unit: mm

Figure 11. Operator interface dimensions

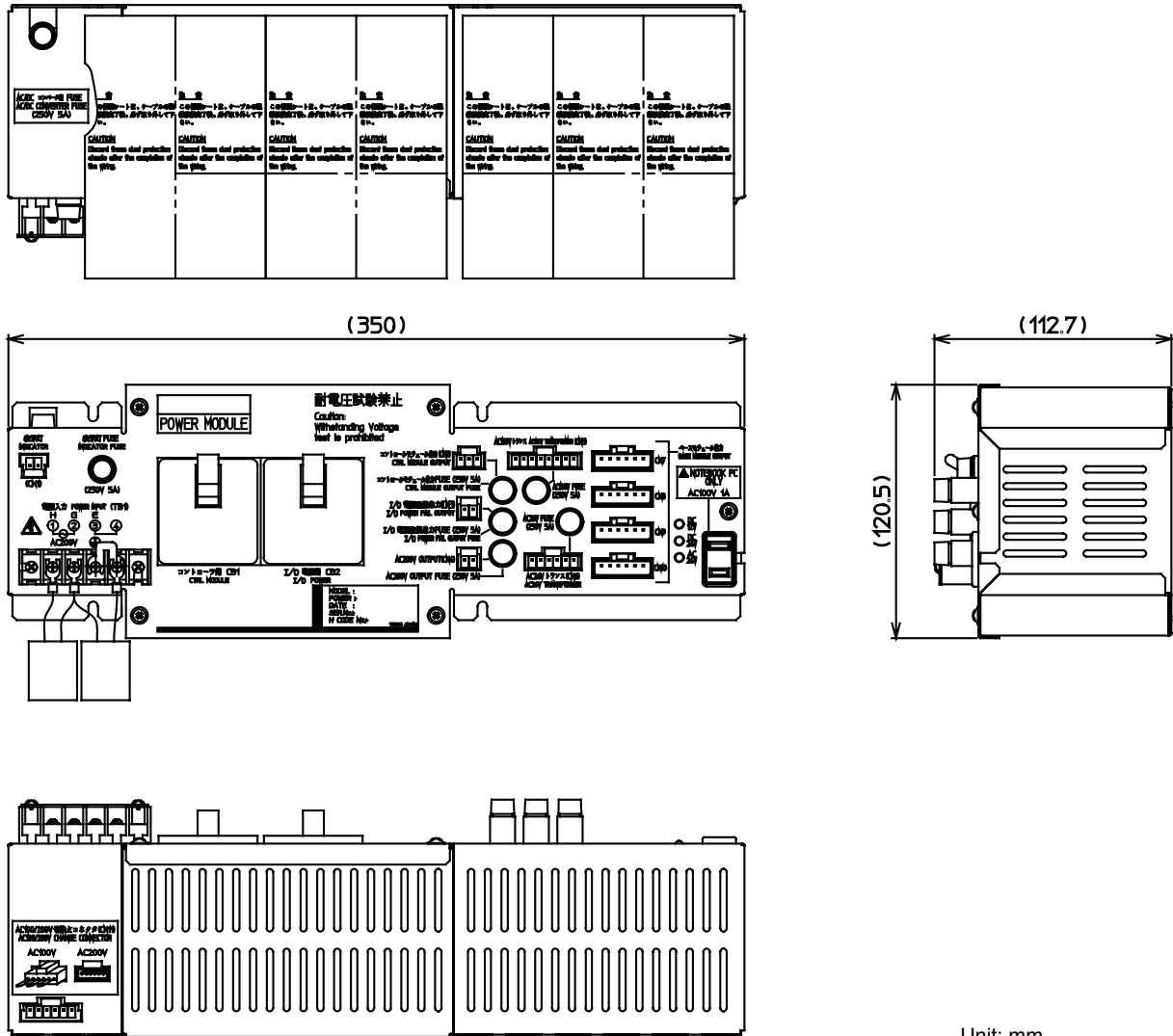
Accessories

Cable	Power supply cable between control module and power supply module
	I/O power supply monitoring cable between control module and power supply module
	OI power supply cable between control module and OI
	OI communication cable between control module and OI
	Base module power supply cable between power supply module and base module
	Communication cable between base modules
	Communication cable between control module and base module
	Power supply cable between base modules
Others	1 wiring duct for each base module
	1 support
	3 OI mounting brackets
	1 cable holder for each base module except one base module

Power supply module (optional)

Power supply module supplies regulated power to all the modules of the PMX-III (control modules, base modules I/O modules, and OI).

IMPORTANT:
 PMX-III rated voltage is 200 V AC. For 220 to 240 V AC power supply voltage, be sure to provide a transformer to step the voltage down to 200 V AC.



Unit: mm

Figure 12. Power supply module dimensions

Part number	Description
83163539-001	Input voltage: 200 V AC Input rating: Max. 300 VA (Dimensions 120.5 mm H × 350 mm W × 112.7 mm D)
Accessories	- 3 fuses for replacement (250 V, 5A) - 1 fuse for replacement (250 V, 7A) The following accessories are NOT necessary. Please do not use them. - 200 V AC switchover connector (for CN11) - 200 V AC switchover connector (for CN5) - 3 labels - Instructions for switchover connectors and labels

Basic Specifications

Control module

Item		Specification
Power supply	Rated voltage	200 V AC
	Peripheral power shutdown detection	170 V AC or less
	Frequency	50 Hz/60 Hz
	Power consumption	30 VA
	Ground	100 Ω or lower ground resistance
Rated operating conditions	Ambient temperature	0 °C to 50 °C
	Ambient humidity	10 %RH to 90 %RH (non-condensing)
	Vibration	Max. 3.2 m/s ² (at 10 to 150 Hz)
Transport/storage conditions	Ambient temperature	-20 °C to 60 °C
	Ambient humidity	5 %RH to 95 %RH (non-condensing)
	Vibration during storage	Max. 3.2 m/s ² (at 10 Hz to 150 Hz)
	Vibration during transport	Max. 9.8 m/s ² (at 10 Hz to 150 Hz)
LED display	Power supply	POWER LED ON: Power supply ON, LED OFF: power supply OFF (green)
	Major alarm	ERR1 LED ON: Major alarm or restart, LED OFF: normal (red)
	Minor alarm	ERR2 LED ON: Minor alarm or restart, LED OFF: normal (red)
	OI communications	Tx LED flashing: Transmitting (green), Rx LED flashing: Receiving (green)
	I/O communications	Tx LED flashing: Transmitting (green), Rx LED flashing: Receiving (green)
	LC-bus communications (LonTalk [®] protocol)	Tx LED flashing: Transmitting (green), Rx LED flashing: Receiving (green), SERVICE LED: Status of LonTalk communication IC
Memory protection	Data file	Nonvolatile memory (flash ROM)
	RTC and RAM	Lithium battery backup
Material	ZAM MSM-CC-DZC 90 (hot-dip coated steel manufactured by Nisshin Steel Co., Ltd.)	
Weight	1.8 kg	

I/O modules (1/2)

Item		Specification	
Pt	Pt input module	Two RTD Pt100 Ω temperature inputs	
	Power consumption	Controller	12 V DC: 0.43 W or less
		Input	24 V DC: 0.84 W
Weight	130 g		
AI	Analog input module	Two 4-20 mA DC linear current inputs	
	Power consumption	Controller	12 V DC: 0.37 W or less
		Input	24 V DC: 3.60 W or less
Weight	140 g		
AO	Analog output module	One 4-20 mA DC linear current output	
	Power consumption	Controller	12 V DC: 0.32 W or less
		Output	24 V DC: 1.92 W or less
Weight	130 g		
MM	Modutrol motor module	One floating output with nominal 135 Ω feedback potentiometer	
	Power consumption	Controller	12 V DC: 1.15 W or less
		Output	24 V DC: 0.48 W or less
Weight	170 g		
DI	Digital input module	Five potential free contact inputs	
	Power consumption	Controller	12 V DC: 0.29 W or less
		Input	24 V DC: 0.87 W or less
Weight	120 g		
DO	Digital output module	Four potential free contact (N.O.) outputs	
	Power consumption	12 V DC: 3.90 W or less for controller	
	Weight	190 g	
DIO	Digital input/output module	Two potential free contact inputs One 24 V DC instantaneous contact output, one N.O./N.C. contact output	
	Power consumption	Controller	12 V DC: 2.00 W or less
		Input/Output	24 V DC: 0.36 W or less (except external supply)
Weight	170 g		
Common	Power supply	Rated voltage	12 V DC 24 V DC
		Operating voltage limits	9.6 V DC to 14.4 V DC 19.2 V DC to 28.8 V DC
	Rated operating conditions	Ambient temperature	0 °C to 50 °C
		Ambient humidity	10 %RH to 90 %RH (non-condensing)
	Vibration	Max. 3.2m/s ² (at 10 Hz to 150 Hz)	

I/O modules (2/2)

Item		Specification	
Common	Transport/storage conditions.	Ambient temperature	-20 °C to 60 °C
		Ambient humidity	5 %RH to 95 %RH (non-condensing)
		Vibration during storage	Max. 3.2 m/s ² (at 10 Hz to 150 Hz)
		Vibration during transport	Max. 9.8 m/s ² (at 10 Hz to 150 Hz)
Material		Modified PPE resin molding material	

Base modules

Item		Specification
Power supply	Rated voltage	12 V DC
		24 V DC
	Operating voltage limits	9.6 V DC to 14.4 V DC 19.2 V DC to 28.8 V DC
	Power consumption	Dependent on I/O module
Rated operating conditions	Ambient temperature	0 °C to 50 °C
	Ambient humidity	10 %RH to 90 %RH (non-condensing)
	Vibration	Max. 3.2 m/s ² (at 10 to 150 Hz)
Transport/storage conditions	Ambient temperature	-20 °C to 60 °C
	Ambient humidity	5 %RH to 95 %RH (non-condensing)
	Vibration during storage	Max. 3.2 m/s ² (at 10 to 150 Hz)
	Vibration during transport	Max. 9.8 m/s ² (at 10 to 150 Hz)
Operation unit (rotary switch)		Address
Material	Housing	Modified PPE resin molding material
	Rear cover	Modified PPE resin molding material
	Terminal block	PBT resin molding material (UL*94-V0)
Weight		1.0 kg (except I/O modules)

* UL: Underwriters Laboratories

Operator interface (OI)

Item		Specification	
Power supply	Rated voltage	24 V DC	
	Operating voltage limits	21.6 V DC to 26.4 V DC	
	Power consumption	15 W	
	Ground	100 Ω or lower ground resistance	
Rated operating conditions	Ambient temperature	0 °C to 45 °C	
	Ambient humidity	20 %RH to 85 %RH (non-condensing)	
	Vibration	Max. 3.2 m/s ² (at 10 to 150 Hz)	
Transport/storage conditions	Ambient temperature	-20 °C to 60 °C	
	Ambient humidity	10 %RH to 85 %RH (non-condensing)	
	Vibration during storage	Max. 3.2 m/s ² (at 10 Hz to 150 Hz)	
	Vibration during transport	Max. 9.8 m/s ² (at 10 Hz to 150 Hz)	
Display	Main display screen	5.7 inch STN color LCD (320 × 240 dots) with backlight	
	LED	Power supply	LED ON: Power supply ON, LED OFF: Power supply OFF (Green)
		Alarm	LED ON: Trouble (Red)
		Power failure shutdown	LED ON: Waiting for restoration of power failure (Red)
Operation unit	Main operation unit	Analog touch panel	
	Dip switch	Reset, touch panel adjustment	
	Adjuster	Contrast adjustment	
Memory protection	Data file	Nonvolatile memory (flash ROM)	
	RAM data	Lithium battery backup	
Material		Housing, bezel: Modified PPE resin molding material Base: JIS* SPCC, 1.0 mm thick galvanization	
Color		Light gray	
Weight		1.0 kg	

*JIS: Japanese Industrial Standards

Input/Output Specifications

Control module

Item	Specification		Connection	Wiring specification
Power supply	Refer to Basic Specifications		Terminal connection (M3.5)	JIS IV 2.0 mm ² , JIS CVV 2.0 mm ² or more
Ground	100 Ω or lower ground resistance		Terminal connection (M3.5)	JIS IV 2.0 mm ² , JIS CVV 2.0 mm ² or more
Communication	I/O module	Transmission rate: 38.4 Kbps Communication output: RS-485 Number of connectable I/O modules: 99	Dedicated connector connection	Dedicated cable (accessory) Total wiring length 20 m
	OI	Transmission rate: 4800 bps Communication output: Voltage signal Number of connectable OI: 1	Modular connector connection	Dedicated cable (accessory)
	LC-bus (LonTalk® protocol)	Transmission rate: 78 Kbps Communication output: LonTalk® protocol TP/FT10	Modular connector connection* ¹	LAN cable* ² Max. 900 m long (for bus connection)
Controller alarm output	Output condition: Major alarm, power supply disconnection, initializing, offline mode (contact is closed during normal operation) Output method: Potential free contact (N.O.) relay output Contact rating: 24 V DC / 100 V AC, 500 mA max. Minimum applicable load: 5 V DC, 100 mA		Dedicated connector connection	Dedicated cable Total wiring length 100 m

Notes:

*1 For the LC-bus connector connection, use Stewart Connector's Plug: Model 940-SP-3088R-W

*2 LAN cable compliant with EIA/TIA (Electronic Industries Alliance/Telecommunications Industry Association)-568 Category 5 or over (φ0.5 mm × 4 poles) is required.

For *1 and *2, the cable with connector (Part No. DY7210) and the short cable with connector (Part No. DY7220) are available at Azbil Corporation.

I/O module and base module (1/2)

Item	Specifications		Connection	Wiring specifications
Pt	Signal: RTD Pt100, three-wire Measuring range: -20 °C to 80 °C		Terminal connection (M3.5)	IV 1.25 mm ² CVV-S* 1.25 mm ² CPEV-S* φ0.9 mm Max. 100 m
AI	Signal: 4 mA DC to 20 mA DC current input, 0-5V/1-5V/0-10V/2-10V DC voltage input Input impedance: 250 Ω Isolation: Insulated for each input		Terminal connection (M3.5)	JIS IV 1.25 mm ² JCS* CVV-S 1.25 mm ² JCS CPEV-S φ0.9 mm Max. 100 m
AO	Signal: 4 mA DC to 20 mA DC current output Maximum load resistance: 500 Ω Isolation: Insulated for each I/O module		Terminal connection (M3.5)	JIS IV 1.25 mm ² JCS CVV-S 1.25 mm ² JCS CPEV-S φ0.9 mm Max. 100 m
MM	MM output	Signal: Two potential free contact (N.O.) outputs Contact rating: 250 V AC, 1.5 A, 6 A rush current (COSφ = 0.4 or more) Minimum applicable load: 5 V DC, 100 mA	Terminal connection (M3.5)	60 V AC/DC or less JIS IV 1.25 mm ² JIS CVV 1.25 mm ² Over 60 V AC/DC JIS IV 2.0 mm ² , JIS CVV 2.0 mm ² Max. 100 m
	POT input	Signal: Three-wire feedback potentiometer Load resistance range: 100 Ω to 10 kΩ		
DI	Signal: Potential free contact input Rating: 24 V DC, 5 mA		Terminal connection (M3.5)	JIS IV 0.9 mm ² JCS CVV 1.25 mm ² Max. 100 m
DO	Signal: Potential free contact (N.O.) output Contact rating: 250 V AC, 1.5 A, 6 A rush current (COSφ = 0.4 or more) Minimum applicable load: 5 V DC, 100 mA		Terminal connection (M3.5)	60 V AC/DC or less JIS IV 0.9 mm ² , JIS CVV 1.25 mm ² Over 60 V AC/DC JIS IV 2.0 mm ² , JIS CVV 2.0 mm ² Max. 100 m
DIO	DI	Signal: Potential free contact input Input rating: 24 V DC, 5 mA	Terminal connection (M3.5)	60 V AC/DC or less JIS IV 0.9 mm ² , JIS CVV 1.25 mm ² Over 60 V AC/DC JIS IV 2.0 mm ² , JIS CVV 2.0 mm ² Max. 100 m
	DO	Signal: 24 V DC contact (N.O. and N.O./NC) output Output rating: 24 V DC, 1A (Max.)	Terminal connection (M3.5)	

I/O module and base module (2/2)

Item		Specifications	Connection	Wiring specifications
Common	Communi- cation	Transmission rate: 38.4 Kbps Communication output: Dedicated communication	Dedicated connector connection	Dedicated cable (accessory) Total wiring length 20 m
	Power supply	Refer to Basic Specifications	Dedicated connector connection	Dedicated cable

*JCS: Japanese Electric Cable and Wire Makers' Association standards

Operator interface (OI)

Item	Specification	Connection	Wiring specification
Power supply	Refer to Basic Specifications	Terminal connection (M3.5)	JIS IV 1.25 mm ² JIS CVV 1.25 mm ²
Ground	100 Ω or lower ground resistance 100 Ω	Terminal connection (M3.5)	JIS IV 2.0 mm ² JIS CVV 2.0 mm ²
Communication	Transmission rate: 4800 bps Communication output: Voltage signal	Modular connector connection	Dedicated cable (accessory)

Input / Output Configurations

No inverter, communicatable with the host system (Model WY7400S1XX0010B or WY7400S1XX1X10B)

Input/output		Description
DI	Automatic/manual changeover	ON: Automatic, OFF: Manual
	Power supply status of target units	DI is used for power failure restoration control when the power supply system of pumps is different from that of PMX-III.
	Pump n ^{*1} status	DI sends return signal for ON/OFF command within 2 seconds.
	Pump n ^{*1} alarm	
	Pump n ^{*1} forced shutdown	DI is used to exclude the pump n.
DO	Group command	Potential free contact (N.O.)
	(Return water pressure shut valve)	Potential free contact (N.O.) only for types applicable to the return water pressure control valve
	Pump n ^{*1} starting	24 V DC contact
AI	System m ^{*2} load flow rate	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC
	Water supply pressure	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC
	Supply water temperature	RTD Pt100 Ω (-20 °C to 80 °C)
	System m ^{*2} return water temperature (load side)	RTD Pt100 Ω (-20 °C to 80 °C)
AO	Water supply pressure setting or bypass valve	Water supply pressure setting: 4 mA DC to 20 mA DC Bypass valve: motor output
	Return water pressure setting or return water pressure control valve	Return water pressure setting: 4 mA DC to 20 mA DC Return water pressure control valve: MM (floating with feedback potentiometer)

*1. n = 1 to 4 or 1 to 8 (dependant on the model number)

*2. m = 1 or 1 to 4 (dependant on the model number)

All inverters and ON/OFF bypass valve, communicatable with the host system (Model WY7400S1XX2X10B)

Input/output		Description
DI	Automatic/manual changeover	ON: Automatic, OFF: Manual
	Power supply status of target units	DI is used for power failure restoration control when the power supply system of pumps is different from that of PMX-III.
	Pump n ^{*1} status	DI sends return signal for ON/OFF command within 2 seconds.
	Pump n ^{*1} alarm	
	Pump n ^{*1} forced shutdown	DI is used to exclude the pump n.
DO	Group command	Potential free contact (N.O.)
	ON/OFF bypass valve	Potential free contact (N.O.)
	(Return water pressure shut valve)	Potential free contact (N.O.) only for types applicable to the return water pressure control valve
	Pump n ^{*1} starting	24 V DC contact
AI	System m ^{*2} load flow rate	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC
	Water supply pressure	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC
	(Return water pressure)	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC only for types applicable to the return water pressure control valve
	Supply water temperature	RTD Pt100 Ω (-20 °C to 80 °C)
	System m ^{*2} return water temperature (load side)	RTD Pt100 Ω (-20 °C to 80 °C)
AO	Supply water pressure setting or bypass valve	Supply pressure setting: 4 mA DC to 20 mA DC Bypass valve: MM (floating with feedback potentiometer)
	Pump n ^{*1} inverter	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC

*1. n = 1 to 4 or 1 to 8 (dependant on the model number)

*2. m = 1 or 1 to 4 (dependant on the model number)

One inverter and proportional bypass valve, communicatable with the host system (Model WY7400S1XX3X10B)

Input/output		Description
DI	Automatic/manual changeover	ON: Automatic, OFF: Manual
	Power supply status of target units	DI is used for power failure restoration control when the power supply system of pumps is different from that of PMX-III.
	Pump n ^{*1} status	DI sends return signal for ON/OFF command within 2 seconds.
	Pump n ^{*1} alarm	
	Pump n ^{*1} forced shutdown	DI is used to exclude the pump n.
DO	Group command	Potential free contact (N.O.)
	(Return water pressure shut valve)	Potential free contact (N.O.) only for types applicable to the return water pressure control valve
	Pump n ^{*1} starting	24 V DC contact
AI	System m ^{*2} load flow rate	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC
	Water supply pressure	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC
	(Return water pressure)	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC only for types applicable to the return water pressure control valve
	Supply water temperature	RTD Pt100 Ω (-20 °C to 80 °C)
	System m ^{*2} return water temperature (loading side)	RTD Pt100 Ω (-20 °C to 80 °C)
AO	Bypass valve	Motor output
	Inverter	4 mA DC to 20 mA DC
	Return water pressure setting or return water pressure control valve	Return water pressure setting: 4 mA DC to 20 mA DC Return water pressure control valve: MM (floating with feedback potentiometer)

*1. n = 1 to 4 or 1 to 8 (dependant on the model number)

*2. m = 1 or 1 to 4 (dependant on the model number)

Control of Pumps

Operation management

1) Automatic/manual changeover

Automatic/manual operation is selected by communicating with the host system, by operating the OI, or by inputting DI. Manual operation by DI input takes the highest priority. For others, the latest command takes priority.

Manual: The operation status immediately before changeover to the manual mode is maintained, and the multiple units control is disabled. During the manual operation, the pumps can be manually started and stopped on site.

Automatic: The multiple units control is enabled and carried out when the group command is ON.

2) Group command

Group command is executed by communicating with the host system or operating OI

Group command ON: Multiple units control is carried out under automatic operation.

Group command OFF: All the pumps under automatic operation, not under manual operation, are stopped.

3) Daytime/nighttime mode changeover

Daytime/nighttime mode is selected by communicating with the host system or operating OI.

Operating sequence table, maximum number of the operating pumps, and load at start-up are switched between daytime and nighttime modes.

4) Cooling/heating mode changeover

- Models communicatable with the host system: Cooling/heating mode is selected by communicating with the host system or operating OI.

- Models uncommunicatable with the host system: Cooling/heating mode is switched by inputting DI.

Operating sequence table, maximum number of the operating pumps, and load at start-up are switched between cooling and heating modes.

Multiple units control

1) Control method

Flow rate is interpreted as the load for multiple units control, compared it with the total rated capacity of the operating units, and determined the optimum number of the operating units. The function of totalizing up to 4 flow rate systems can be selected from the model numbers.

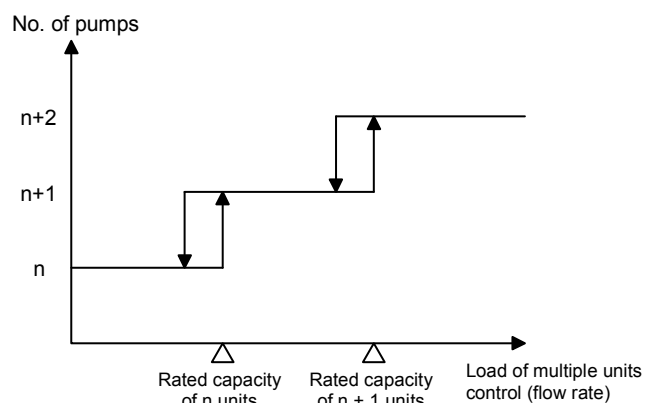


Figure 13. Multiple units control

2) Operating sequence changeover methods

There are 5 operation sequence changeover methods as follows.

•Sequential method:

Sequences of startup and of shutdown are fixed. Pump with the highest priority starts first and stops last.

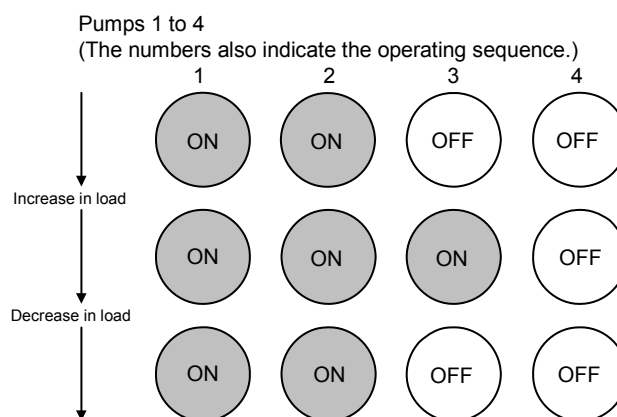


Figure 14. Operation example: Sequential method

•Sequential method with base changeover:

A sequential method of sorts. After a group command OFF is executed, the operating sequence is shifted when the next group command ON is executed so that the pump with the highest priority last time take the lowest this time.

•Rotation method:

A method for averaging each pump runtime. A pump which has been OFF for the longest period is started, and a pump which has been running for the longest period is stopped. Thus, operation sequence is shifted. Note that running time of each pump is not compared to decide the operating sequence.

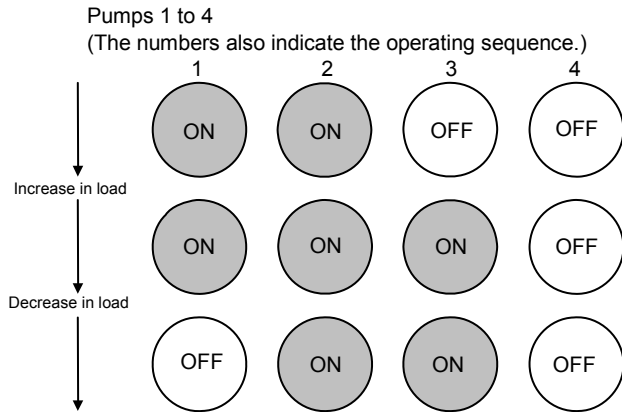


Figure 15. Operation example: Rotation method

•Rotation method with forced increase in operating pumps:

When no increase in the operating pumps occurs during a certain time period, the operating sequence is rotated by forcibly increasing the operating pumps.

•Programming method:

This method is used to combine and operate pumps with different capacities. Up to 4 groups (types) of capacities are supportable (See Table 1.), and up to 12 levels of settings are available for each group (See Table 2.). The operating sequence of each group shifts in the rotation method.

Table 1. Group table setting example: Programming method
1 pump with small capacity is registered to Group 1, and 3 pumps with large capacity are registered to Group 2.

Group	Pump number			
1	1	—	—	—
2	2	3	4	—
3	—	—	—	—
4	—	—	—	—

Table 2. Level table setting example: Programming method

Level	Number of pumps				Loading conditions for each level
	Group				
	1	2	3	4	
1	1	0	0	0	Load ≤ Group 1 pump capacity
2	0	1	0	0	Group 1 pump capacity < Load ≤ Group 2 pump capacity
3	1	1	0	0	Group 2 pump capacity < Load ≤ Pump capacities of Group1 plus Group 2
4	0	2	0	0	Pump capacities of Group 1 plus Group 2 < Load ≤ Group 2 pump capacity multiplied by 2
5	1	2	0	0	Group 2 pump capacity multiplied by 2 < Load ≤ Group 1 pump capacity plus Group 2 pump capacity multiplied by 2
6	0	3	0	0	Group 1 pump capacity plus Group 2 pump capacity multiplied by 2 < Load ≤ Group 2 pump capacity multiplied by 3
7	1	3	0	0	Group 2 pump capacity multiplied by 3 < Load
8	-	-	-	-	—
9	-	-	-	-	—
10	-	-	-	-	—
11	-	-	-	-	—
12	-	-	-	-	—

3) Operating sequence table

The operating sequence can be set for each of the following four tables.

- Heating daytime mode
- Heating nighttime mode
- Cooling daytime mode
- Cooling nighttime mode

The operating sequence changeover method is common to all tables. When the table setting is changed, the multiple units control is carried out at the start-up as explained later.

4) Operating sequence adjustment (for sequential method)

There are two selectable methods to adjust operating sequence for the changeover of operating sequence tables, the changeover from manual to automatic operation, and the restoration from a failure or a forced stop (for the sequential method only). Refer to Figs 16 to 19.

- Sequence setting priority method (See Figs. 16 and 17.): Start and stop of the pumps are executed according to the operating sequence setting all the time.
- Operating units priority method (See Figs. 18 and 19.): To minimize the times of start/stop operation, pumps in operation take higher priority to operate than pumps in OFF state.

Sequence setting priority method (for Sequential)

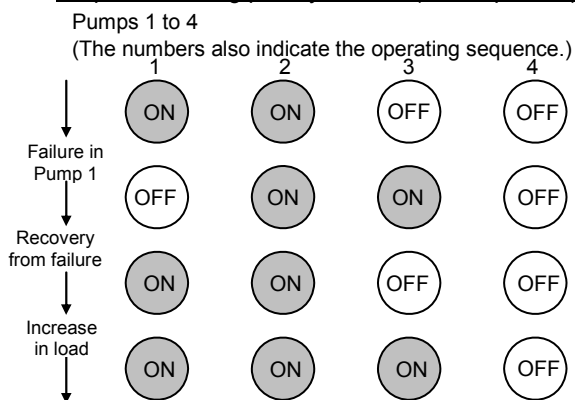


Figure 16. Operation example: Sequential setting priority method (when load is increased)

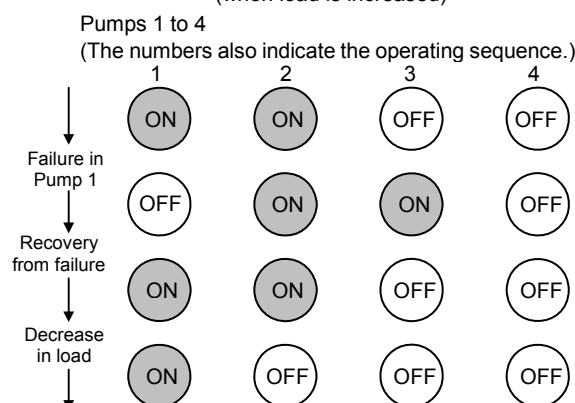


Figure 17. Operation example: Sequential setting priority method (when load is decreased)

Operating units priority method (for Sequential)

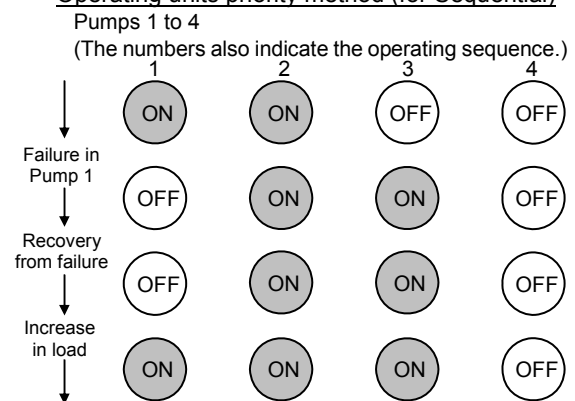


Figure 18. Operation example: Operating units priority method (when load is increased)

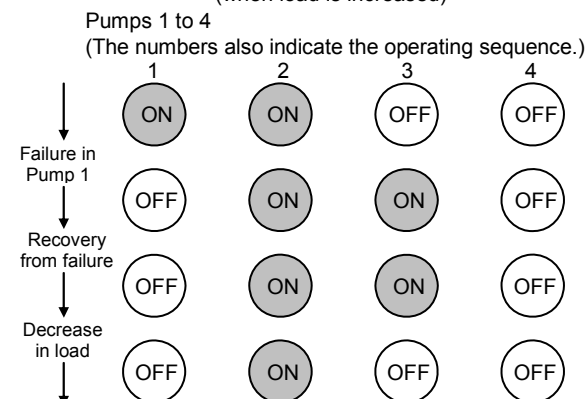


Figure 19. Operation example: Operating units priority method (when load is decreased)

For adjusting pump operating sequence, the pumps in operation and on standby may be mixed. If the pumps are started and stopped simultaneously, their capacities may drop due to abnormal rise in pressure or delay in the pumps startup, and ON/OFF simultaneous operations are required. There are two ON/OFF simultaneous operations as follows.

1. Startup priority for the operation:
After a certain time period (all the pumps scheduled ON are sequentially started and ready to work), the pumps scheduled OFF are sequentially stopped.
2. Shutdown priority for the operation:
After a certain time period (all the units scheduled OFF are sequentially stopped and ready to shut down), the units scheduled ON are sequentially started.

5) Rated capacity setting

The pump rated capacities (flow rate) are set by communicating with the host system or by operating OI.

6) Multiple units control at startup

To shorten rise time for the group command ON, multiple units control according to the "load at startup" is necessary. To react to a sudden drop in load during overtime working, forced operation is required for the changeovers between daytime and nighttime as well. When the group command ON is executed and nighttime mode is changed to daytime, actual load needs to be used if it is greater than load at startup. When daytime mode is changed to nighttime, actual load needs to be used if it is smaller than load at startup. The following sixteen types of load at startup can be set:

- Weekday, heating mode, load at daytime startup
- Weekday, heating mode, load at nighttime startup
- Weekday, cooling mode, load at daytime startup
- Weekday, cooling mode, load at nighttime startup
- Holiday, heating mode, load at daytime startup
- Holiday, heating mode, load at nighttime startup
- Holiday, cooling mode, load at daytime startup
- Holiday, cooling mode, load at nighttime startup
- Special day 1, heating mode, load at daytime startup
- Special day 1, heating mode, load at nighttime startup
- Special day 1, cooling mode, load at daytime startup
- Special day 1, cooling mode, load at nighttime startup
- Special day 2, heating mode, load at daytime startup
- Special day 2, heating mode, load at nighttime startup
- Special day 2, cooling mode, load at daytime startup
- Special day 2, cooling mode, load at nighttime startup

Note:

Weekdays, holidays, special days 1 and 2 are set with calendar setting in the host system. For the models uncommunicatable with the host system, the weekday settings are always used.

7) Stabilizing control during waiting time

During a certain time period after increase and decrease in the pumps, multiple units control is disabled.

- Waiting time at the pump startup:
A period including the rise time after startup and the water turnaround time.
- Waiting time at the pump shutdown:
A period including the remaining operation time after shutdown and the rise time of other operating pumps.

8) Setting: the maximum number of operating pumps

To secure standby pumps or to temporarily limit the number of operating pumps, the maximum number of the pumps for operation can be set. During the automatic operation or when the group command is ON, up to the maximum number of operating pumps can be operated. The maximum number of operating pumps can be set in the following four modes.

- Heating daytime mode
- Heating nighttime mode
- Cooling daytime mode
- Cooling nighttime mode

9) Setting: the minimum number of operating pumps

During automatic operation or when the group command is ON, more than the minimum number of operating pumps can be operated.

10) Omission process

An pump in the following conditions is excluded from multiple units control. However, the pumps is included in the total rated capacity during operation.

- Shutdown due to power demand control.
- Shutdown due to power failure control.
- Shutdown due to fire control.
- Shutdown due to forced DI input.
- Shutdown due to pump failure.
- Shutdown or operation due to unmatched status.
- Shutdown during time for anti-repeat or for minimum shutdown.
- Operating sequence setting at zero (unregistered).
- Capacity setting at zero.

Forced shutdown

An individual pump is forcibly stopped (omitted) by forced shutdown with DI input. The forced shutdown takes priority over all the PMX-III start commands.

Single-start

Individual pump can be started and stopped by communicating with the host system or by operating the OI. Single-start takes priority over all the starting commands of PMX-III except forced shutdown. When single-start is executed during automatic operation or when the group command is ON, the pumps return to be operated with normal multiple units control after expiry of the waiting time for the stabilization and time for anti-repeat and minimum shutdown.

Note:

Single-start is disabled during the automatic operation or when the group command is OFF

Anti-repeat control

For pump protection, the pumps are controlled to reboot during anti-repeat time (a certain period after the startup) and minimum shutdown time (a certain period after the shutdown).

Sequential starting control

To prevent in-rush current and water drop, multiple pumps cannot be started or stopped simultaneously. In this case, the pumps are started and stopped at certain intervals in registration order regardless of operating sequence.

Power demand control

An individual pumps is stopped by the power demand control commanded from the host system. In this case, an alternative pumps is not operated so that power consumption does not increase. When power demand control commands for all the pumps are cancelled, normal multiple units control returns.

Control during failure

When a faulty DI is input or when start/stop failure is occurred (the operation status does not agree with the output command in a certain period after the command), the pump under fault/trip condition is excluded from multiple units control. In this case, a standby pump is started for operation even during waiting time for stabilization. Stop command is not output to the failure pump.

There are two ways to reset failures.

- Manual reset: After reasons for the failure are cleared/acknowledged, the stop operation is required by means of communicating with the host system or operating OI. This operation matches the status, and the pump returns to a normal operation.
- Automatic reset: With the failure auto reset time, the PMX-III automatically carries out stop operation when the time is expired. If the faulty DI input is cancelled, this operation matches the status with, and the pump returns to a normal operation.

Pressure control

1) Control of bypass valve and inverters

The following controls are performed in 0.5-second cycle depending on the models. The pressure setting can be changed automatically according to the load flow rate.

- Proportional bypass valve model: Bypass valves are controlled with PID control so that the discharge pressure maintains constant.

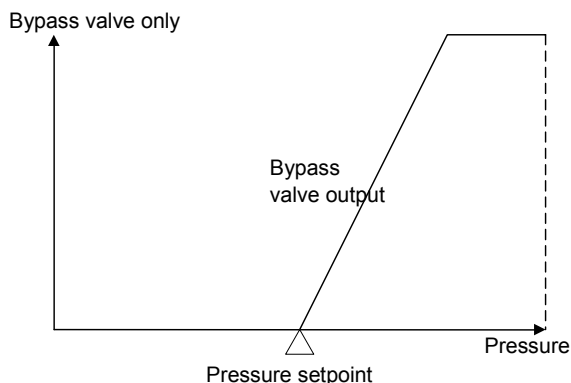


Figure 20. Control of bypass valve and inverter for proportional bypass valve

- All inverters and ON/OFF bypass valve model: Inverters are controlled with PID control so that the discharge pressure maintains constant. The same number of revolutions is output to each inverter. When the load flow rate runs down to or below a certain amount, ON/OFF bypass valve is opened to ensure the minimum flow rate of pumps.

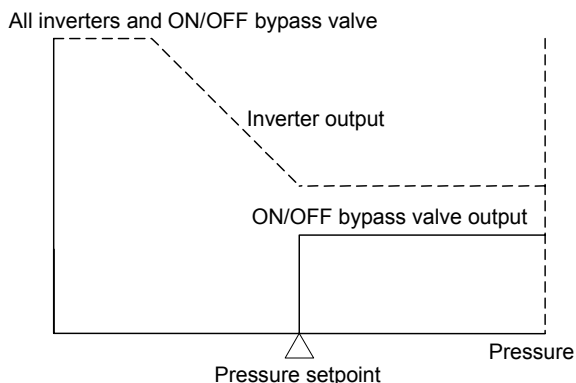


Figure 21. Control of bypass valve and inverter for all inverters and ON/OFF bypass valve

- One inverter and proportional bypass valve model: Bypass valves and an inverter are controlled with PID control so that the discharge pressure maintains constant. When two or more pumps are operated, variable-speed pumps and constant-speed pumps are operated in combination. In this case, to avoid the flow rate shutdown of variable-speed pumps, the minimum number of inverter revolutions can be set for single-pump and multiple-pump operations.

Note:

The standard PMX-III does not have the base unit selection output (DO).

One inverter and proportional bypass valve

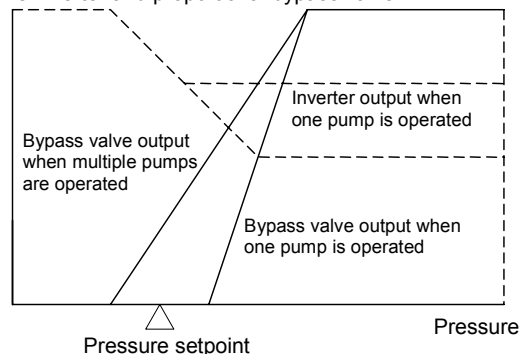


Figure 22. Control of bypass valve and inverter for one inverter and proportional bypass valve

2) Control of water hammer prevention

To prevent water hammers in prodigious high buildings, the Group command output (DO) can be executed via external circuits. After a certain time period from when Group command OFF is executed, PMX-III stops the units. During this period, water hammer prevention valves can be gradually closed.

Power failure restoration control

1) Detection of power failure status

- Models communicatable with the host system:
Detected by power failure status sent from the host system or power supply status DI of target units (OFF: power supply, ON: power failure).
- Models uncommunicatable with the host system:
Detected by power supply status DI of the target units.

2) Operation when power is restored

Automatic /manual changeover	PMX-III power failure	Unit power failure	Power failure time	Operation
Automatic	Yes	Yes	Within a certain time	Multiple units control based on the actual load or the load at startup before power failure, which is greater than the other (Anti-repeat for shutdown units due to power failure)
			A certain time or longer	Multiple units control by the load at startup (Anti-repeat for shutdown units due to power failure)
	No	No	Within a certain time	Multiple units control based on the actual load or the load at startup before power failure, which is greater than the other
			A certain time or longer	Multiple units control based on the actual load or the load at startup after power failure restoration, which is greater than the other
No	Yes	—	Multiple units control based on the load at startup (Anti-repeat for shutdown units due to power failure)	
Manual	Yes	Yes	—	Shutdown of all the units
		No	—	Continuance of the status before power failure
	No	Yes	—	Shutdown of all the units

* A certain time varies depending on the configured parameter "panel instantaneous shutdown decision time." (Max.: 120 seconds)

Notes:

1. Since the unit power source is supposed to be mains-powered only or mains-powered with private power generation, power failure does not normally occur only at the PMX-III. However, power failure only at PMX-III is described in the table in a case that control panel is shut down for maintenance, etc.
2. The unit power failure in the table indicates power failure at all the units. The operation, when unit power supply is shut down for maintenance without changing to manual operation, needs to be on the code of "Control during failure" explained before.
3. Because the unit shutdown due to power failure is not occurred by the multiple units control, stabilizing control during waiting time is not carried out after the shutdown.
4. The operations when manual/automatic operation is switched before/after power failure are not described here in the table.

Operating Diagnostics

Each operating diagnostic data can be displayed on the OI.

- Integrated value
Integrated value of flow rate, energy, operating time and ON/OFF count of pumps can be displayed.
- Alarm record of operating status changes
Annunciation history of dates and causes of up to 360 past operations, status changes and alarm can be stored and displayed. (Note that no external output of data is available.)
- Trend chart
Trend chart of analog data can be displayed on the OI. Up to past 288 data can be stored at 10-minute cycle and a maximum of 4 points per chart and a maximum of 8 charts can be displayed. (Note that no external output of data is available.)

Communications with the Host System

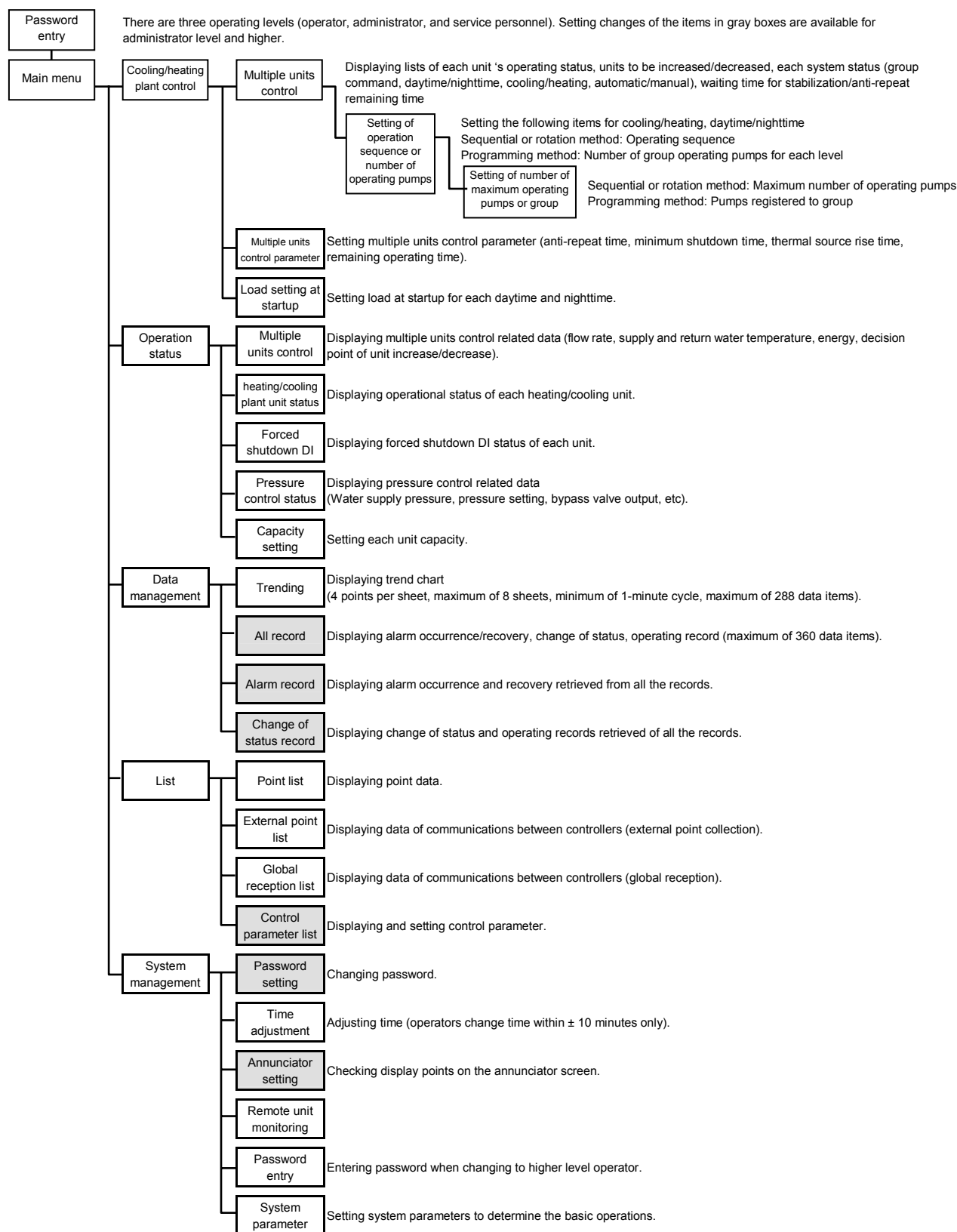
With Azbil Corporation's BMS, *savic-net™ FX*, the models communicatable with the host system can communicate and interface the following data besides input and output commands explained before.

- Various setpoints (supply water temperature, unit capacity setting, etc.)
- Various integrated values (flow rate, energy, operating time, ON/OFF count, etc.)
- Various modes (cooling/heating changeover, daytime/nighttime changeover, etc.)
- Various alarms (remote unit abnormal, analog high/low limit, deviation value alarm)
- Time, date, days of the week, time schedule

Display Function

The PMX-III allows various displays and settings on the OI. This section describes the overview of screen hierarchy.

Note: Screen configurations vary depending on the model.



Connection of Data Setter for LonTalk Communication

Connect the CompactFlash® memory type Data Setter (Model QY5111B) for LonTalk communication to LC-bus port or to CONF. port of PMX-III with the Data Setter adaptor (Part No. DY5301S0000, with separate order required.).

For details of the Data Setter adaptor, refer to its Specifications manual.

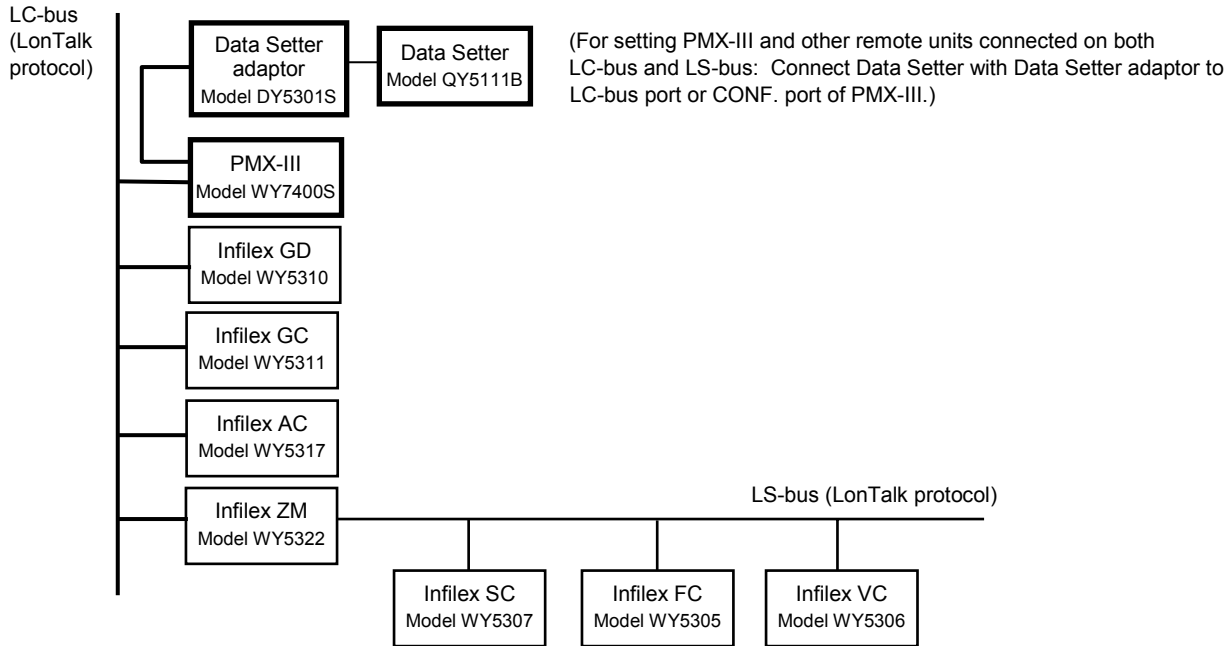


Figure 23. Connection example of Data Setter with Data setter adaptor to LC-bus port/CONF. port of PMX-III

CAUTION

- Replace lithium batteries of Control module and of OI every five years.
- For operation and maintenance, refer to the operation manual.



Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Azbil Corporation
Building Systems Company

<http://www.azbil.com/>