$\square$ Effective countermeasures against the adhesion of spatter.
■UL/CSA/GB(CCC marking)-approved. (excluding some models)


ORDER GUIDE

| Actuator |  | Operating characteristics |  |  | Basic catalog listing W2 | Options |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Max. O.F. (operating force) | Max. P.T. (pretravel) | Min. T.T. (total travel) |  | With LED lamp, 12 to $125 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}$ WC | $\begin{gathered} \text { With neon lamp, } \\ 100 / 200 \text { Vac } \\ \text { W } \end{gathered}$ | Double seal <br> SW2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Double seal } \\ & \text { + LED } \\ & \text { SWC } \end{aligned}$ |
| Name | Shape |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Roller lever type | $8$ | 8.9 N | $\begin{gathered} \text { Standard type, } \\ 20^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | High overtravel $75^{\circ}$ | 1LS61-JW2 | 1LS61-JWC | 1LS61-JW | - | - |
|  |  |  | High sensitivity type, $10^{\circ}$ | High overtravel $72^{\circ}$ | 1LS71-JW2 | 1LS71-JWC | 1LS71-JW | 1LS71-JSW2 | 1LS71-JSWC |
|  |  |  | High sensitivity type, $10^{\circ}$ | High overtravel $72^{\circ}$ and lever with double nut | 1LS74-JW2 | 1LS74-JWC | 1LS74-JW | - | - |
| Boot seal roller plunger type | $\xi$ | 15.7 N | 1.7 mm | 7.3 mm | - | 5LS7-JWC | 5LS7-JW | - | 5LS7-JSWC |

UL/CSA/GB(CCC marking) approved.

## Quick Lock type

| Actuator |  | Operating characteristics |  |  | catalog listing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Name | Shape | Max. O.F. (operating force) | Max. P.T. (pretravel) | Min. T.T. (total travel) | with LED lamp |
| Roller lever type |  | 8.9 N | Standard type, $20^{\circ}$ | High overtravel$80^{\circ}$ | 1LS61-JWC-SD03 |
|  |  |  | High sensitivity type, $10^{\circ}$ |  | 1LS71-JWC-SD03 |
| Double-nut roller lever type |  |  | High sensitivity type, $10^{\circ}$ |  | 1LS74-JWC-SD03 |
| Boot seal roller plunger type | 5 | 15.7 N | 1.7 mm | 7.3 mm | 5LS7-JWC-SD03 |

Compatible with OMRON Smartclick connectors.
Smartclick Smartclick is a registered trademark of OMRON Corporation.

## COUNTERMEASURES FOR PREVENTING ADHESION OF SPATTER



| Location | Countermeasures |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cover | •Heat-resistant resin is used in the <br> cover screen to scatter spatter. <br> $\bullet$ Heat-resistant paint is used. |
| Head | - Spatter-resistant Teflon is used as the <br> shaft coating material. <br> $\bullet$ The gap between the housing and <br> lever on the head has been <br> eliminated. |
| Screw <br> roller | - Spatter-resistant stainless steel is <br> used on screws and roller, and slotted <br> $\bullet$ Phillips head +- screws are used for <br> easy removal of spatter. |
| Paint | $\bullet$ Paint is heat-resistant to $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. |



| PHOTOELECTRIC SENSORS \& SWICHES | PERFORMANCE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MEASUREMENTSENSORS | Catalog listing |  |  | 1LS61-J $\square \square, 1 \mathrm{LS71-J} \square \square, 1 \mathrm{CS74-J} \square \square, 5 \mathrm{LS7-J} \square \square$ |  |
|  | Standards | Compliance |  | NECA C 4508/JIS C 8201-5-1 |  |
| PROXIMITY SWITCHES |  | Certification |  | UL/CSA/GB140485, 2001 |  |
|  | Structure | Contact form |  | 2-circuit double break |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} \text { LIMIT } \\ \text { SWITCHES } \end{array}$ |  | Terminal shape |  | M4 screw (switch terminal screw) |  |
|  |  | Contact type |  | Rivet |  |
|  |  | Protective structure |  | IP67 (IEC 60529, JIS C 0920) |  |
| SAFETY <br> KEY SWITCHES | Electrical performance | Electrical rating |  | See Table 1. |  |
|  |  | Dielectric strength | Between each terminal and non-live metal part | 1,000 Vac, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 minute |  |
| TSWTCHES |  |  | Between non-continuous terminals | 2,000 Vac, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 minute |  |
| OWTHPOSTIVE |  | Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (by 500 Vdc megger) |  |
| GEEPRLPUPROSE |  | Initial contact resistance |  | Silver: max. $50 \mathrm{~m} \Omega(6$ to 8 Vdc , thermal current 1 A , voltage drop method) Gold-plated: max. $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega(6$ to 8 Vdc , thermal current 0.1 A , voltage drop method) |  |
| technchlaude LIMTSWTCHES |  | Recommended min. contact operating voltage/current |  | Silver: $24 \mathrm{~V} 10 \mathrm{~mA}, 12 \mathrm{~V} 20 \mathrm{~mA}$ <br> Gold-plated: 5V 10 mA |  |
|  | Mechanical performance | Actuator strength |  | Withstands load 5 times O.F. (operating direction for 1 minute) |  |
|  |  | Terminal strength |  | Withstand tightening torque of $1.5 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ for 1 minute |  |
| EXPLOSOM.Proof SWTCHES |  | Impact resistance |  | Contact opening for 1 ms max . at $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ in free position and total travel positions |  |
| SWITCHES <br> TECHMCALGUDEFOR |  | Vibration resistance |  | 1.5 mm peak-to-peak amplitude, frequency 10 to 55 Hz , <br> for 2 continuous hours, contact opening for 1 ms max. in free position and total travel positions |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { EGHNCALGGUOEOR } \\ & \text { EXPLOSOWPPOOF } \\ & \text { SWTCHHES } \end{aligned}$ |  | Allowable operating speed |  | 1LS type: $1.7 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ to $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ 5LS7-J $\square \square: 0.2 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s}$ to $0.5 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
|  |  | Operating frequency |  | Max. 120 operations/minute |  |
| STANDARD$\square \mathrm{LS} \square$ | Life | Mechanical |  | Min. 10 million operations |  |
|  |  | Electrical | IModel <br> Life (at rated load) | Standard load internal switch | Standard load double seal internal switch |
| SPATER-GUARDED$\square$ LS $\square \square$ |  |  |  | Min. 500,000 operations | Min. 200,000 operations |
|  |  |  |  | Above conditions must be satisfied at 20 operations/minute. |  |
| 1LS-J7 $\square \square$ | Ambient operating conditions | Temperature |  | Standard type: -10 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (freezing not allowed) Double seal type: -5 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| 1LS-J8 $\square \square$ |  | Humidity |  | Max. 98\% RH |  |
| 1LS $\square$-J401 | Recommende tightening torque | Body |  | 5 to $6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (M5 hexagon socket head bolt) |  |
|  |  | Cover |  | 1.3 to $1.7 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (M4 screw) |  |
| VCL- $\square \square$ |  | Head |  | 0.8 to 1.2 N $\cdot \mathrm{m}$ (M3.5 screw) |  |
|  |  | Lever |  | 4 to $5.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (M5 hexagon socket head bolt) |  |
| SL1-■■ |  | Terminal |  | 1.0 to $1.4 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (M4 binding head machine screw) |  |

Table 1. Electrical rating

| Type of indicator lamp | None |  | 100/200 Vac neon lamp |  | 12 to $125 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}$ LED lamp |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Switch type | Catalog listing | Electrical rating | Catalog listing | Electrical rating | Catalog listing | Electrical rating |
| Standard | 1LS61-JW2 | 125, 250, 480 Vac 10A 125 Vac 1/2HP 250 Vac 1HP 125 Vdc 0.8 A 250 Vdc 0.4A | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { 1LS61-JW } \\ \text { 5LS7-JW } \end{array}$ | 125, 250 Vac 5A | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1LS61-JWC } \\ & \text { 5LS7-JWC } \end{aligned}$ | 125 Vac 5 A <br> 125 Vdc 0.8 A |
| Standard, with double seal | - | - | - | - | 5LS7-JSWC | $\begin{aligned} & 125 \mathrm{Vac} 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 125 \mathrm{Vdc} 0.8 \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ |
| High sensitivity | 1LS7 $\square$-JW2 | $\begin{aligned} & 125,250, \\ & 480 \text { Vac } 10 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 125 \text { Vac 1/8HP } \\ & 250 \text { Vac 1/4HP } \\ & 125 \text { Vdc 0.4A } \\ & 250 \text { Vdc 0.2A } \end{aligned}$ | 1LS7 $\square$-JW | 125, 250 Vac 5A | 1LS7 $\square$-JWC | 125 Vac 5 A |
| High sensitivity with double seal | 1LS71-JSW2 | $\begin{aligned} & 125,250 \\ & 480 \text { Vac } 5 \mathrm{~A} \\ & 125 \text { Vac 1/8HP } \\ & 250 \text { Vac 1/4HP } \end{aligned}$ | - | - | 1LS71-JSWC | 125 Vac 5A |

OUL electrical ratings

|  |  | Electrical rating | Load | No. of cycles |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1LS1-J <br> No indicator lamp | Ag | A300 | Pilot Duty | 6,000 |
|  |  | $3 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{DC} 30 \mathrm{~V}$ | DC General | 6,000 |
|  |  | 0.4 A, DC 125 V | DC General | 6,000 |
|  | Au | 0.1 A, AC 125 V | AC General | 6,000 |
|  |  | 0.1 A, DC 30 V | DC General | 6,000 |
| 1LS1-JEC With a neon lamp | Ag | A300 | Pilot Duty | 6,000 |
|  | Au | 0.1 A, AC 125 V | AC General | 6,000 |
| 1LS1-JEC <br> With an LED | Ag | B150 | Pilot Duty | 6,000 |
|  |  | $3 \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{DC} 30 \mathrm{~V}$ | DC General | 6,000 |
|  |  | 0.4 A, DC 125 V | DC General | 6,000 |
|  | Au | 0.1 A, AC 125 V | AC General | 6,000 |
|  |  | 0.1 A, DC 30 V | DC General | 6,000 |

Enclosure: Type 1
Maximum allowable ambient temperature: $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Electrical rating of products conforming to GB standards

|  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Application } \\ \text { category }\end{array}$ | Rating |  |  | Rated operational |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| current (Ith) |  |  |  |  |  |$]$



EN60947-5-1

## INDICATOR LAMPS

| Option | Without indicator lamp | With 100/200 Vac neon lamp |  | With 12 to 125V AC-DC LED lamp |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Catalog listing | $\square$ LS $\square \square$-JW2 | $\square$ LS $\square \square$-JW |  | $\square$ LS $\square \square$-JWC |
| Lamp cover front side | - |  |  |  |
| Circuit diagrams |  |  |  |  |
| Notes | - | To ensure lighting use at a minimum | the neon lamp, 75 Vac. | The power for the indicator lamp (red LED) is 12 to 125 V . The indicator lamp operates on either AC or DC power. |
| Lamp cover catalog listing (replacement part) |  | LS-9PAW |  | LS-9PAWC |
| Specifications | Operating voltage | 100 to 200 Vac |  | 12 to 125V, AC/DC |
|  |  | 100 Vac | 200 Vac | 12 V to 125 V |
|  | Thermal current | Approx. 0.5 mA | Approx. 1.5 mA | 0.6 mA max |
|  | Resistance | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |  | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ |



| PHOTOELECTRIC SENSORS \& SWITCHES |
| :---: |
| MEASUREMENT SENSORS |
| PROXIMITY SWITCHES |
| LIMIT <br> SWITCHES |
| SAFETY <br> KEY SWITCHES |
| LIMTSSWTCHES WTHPOSTINE OPENMG MECHANSM |
| GENERAL PURPOSE LIMITSWICHES |
| TECHNICAL GUIDE FOR LIMTSWICHES |
| EXPLOSION.PROOF SWTCHES |
| TECHNICAL GUDEFOR EXPLOSION-PROOF SWTCHES |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { STANDARD } \\ \square \mathrm{LS} \square \end{gathered}$ |
| SPATtER-GUARDED LS |
| 1LS-J7 $\square \square$ |
| 1LS-J8 $\square \square$ |
| 1LS $\square$-J401 |
| VCL- $\square \square$ |
| SL1- $\square \square$ |
| SL1- $\square \mathrm{C}$ |

APPEARANCE, OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS AND EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

Standard roller lever type

*Dimensional tolerance is $\pm 0.4$ unless otherwise specified.

Adjustable roller lever type

*Dimensional tolerance is $\pm 0.4$ unless otherwise specified.

*Dimensional tolerance is $\pm 0.4$ unless otherwise specified.

| Item |  | Side rotary type |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | High overtravel standard type | High overtravel high sensitivity type |
|  | No indicator lamp | 1LS6 $\square$-JW2 | 1LS7 $\square$-JW2 |
|  | 100/200 Vac | 1LS6 $\square$-JW | 1LS7 $\square$-JW |
|  | With neon lamps |  |  |
|  | 12 to $125 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}$ | 1LS6 $\square$-JWC | 1LS7 $\square$-JWC |
|  | With LED lamp |  |  |
| UL/CSA/GB |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
| O.F. | (Max. N ) | 8.9 |  |
| R.F. | (Min. N ) | 0.98 |  |
| P.T. | (Max. ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | 20 | $10_{-1}^{+2}$ |
| O.T. | (Min. ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | 55 | 62 |
| M.D. | (Max. ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | 12 | 5 |

Note: The above values for side rotary switches are for a lever length of 38.1 mm .

## Boot seal roller plunger type

(unit: mm)

*Dimensional tolerance is $\pm 0.4$ unless otherwise specified.

## STANDARD

$\square$ LS $\square$
SPATtER-GUARDED
$\square$ LS $\square \square$
1LS-J7 $\square \square$

1LS-J8 $\square \square$

1LS $\square$-J401

VCL- $\square \square$

SL1- $\square \square$

SL1- $\square C$


|  | No indicator lamp | 5LS7-JW2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100/200 Vac | 5LS7-JW |
|  | With neon lamps |  |
|  | 12 to $125 \mathrm{Vac} / \mathrm{dc}$ | 5LS7-JWC |
|  | With LED lamp |  |
| UL/CSA/GB |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| O.F. | (Max. N) | 15.7 |
| R.F. | (Min. N) | 4.4 |
| P.T. | (Max. mm) | 1.7 |
| O.T. | (Min. mm) | 5.6 |
| M.D. | (Max. mm) | 0.51 |
| R.T. | (Min. mm) | 0.38 |




[^0]
## 1. Connecting switches that have indicator lamps

### 1.1 Series connection

Up to six switches can be connected in series when the power is 100 V .
The brightness of the LED lamp is fixed regardless of the power, since light is generated by a built-in fixed-current diode.

### 1.2 PC connection possible

The leakage current when the limit switch is not operating is a maximum of 0.6 mA . The PC will not malfunction due to dim lighting of the LED. Moreover, a fixed-current diode is built in to ensure a fixed LED brightness regardless of the power voltage.

## 2. Handling of connector and preleaded connector switches

### 2.1 Tightening the fixing cap ring and outside screw lock ring

If the screw of the mating part is made of resin, the threads can easily be damaged when the connector is first tightened. When assembling the connector, align the center of the cores, push in as far as possible, and then turn to tighten.
Be sure to tighten fully by hand. The recommended tightening torque is 0.4 to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$. Use of a tightening tool may damage the connector. If the connector is not tightened firmly, IP67 protection may be lost, or the connector may come loose.


### 2.2 Inserting and removing connectors

Before inserting or removing connectors, be sure to the turn the power OFF. When removing, hold the connector itself-do not pull by the cable.

### 2.3 Cautions when bending cables

The minimum bend radius ( $R$ ) of the cable is 80 mm .
Allow sufficient cable for bends.

2.4 Installation of connector type switches
(unit: mm)


### 2.5 Cautions when replacing connectors

When removing connectors to replace the switch or cable, wipe the connector and the surrounding area thoroughly to remove any water. After removing the connector, do not allow it to be immersed in chemicals or powder, or to be dropped. If the connector is immersed in a fluid, allow it to fully dry before connecting again. If the connector is dropped in powder,
wipe it off completely before connecting again. Failure to observe these precautions may result in a short circuit or a failed connection.

## 3. Other

### 3.1 Protective structure

- IP67 protection does not assure complete waterproofing. Switch should not be in constant contact with water.
- Avoid use where external force is applied at all times on the connecting section of the connector.
- Do not use the body as a step or place heavy objects on top of it.


### 3.2 Ensuring a good seal

- When general-purpose limit switches are used in locations subject to splashing by water, oil, dirt and dust, or chips, water or oil sometimes enters the switch from the conduit due to capillary action. For this reason, be sure to use a sealed connector compatible with the cable.
- When the screws in the head or covers are loosened to change the operating direction of the switch, or the relationship between switch operation and the indicator lamp (lamp ON during switch standby / during switch operation), tighten the screws to the recommended tightening torque to ensure a good seal.

Recommended tightening torque
Cover: 1.3 to $1.7 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (M4 screw)
Head: 0.8 to $1.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ (M3.5 screw)

### 3.3 Attaching switches

- Tighten each of the parts on the limit switch according to the appropriate tightening torques listed in the performance tables. Overtightening damages screws and other parts. On the other hand, insufficient tightening of screws lowers the effectiveness of the seal and reduces various performance characteristics.
- Do not leave or use covers and conduit parts open. Water, dirt, or dust may enter, which causing malfunction.
- Prevent impact to the lever body and head. Failure to do so might deform the actuator or cause defective switch return.
- Do not use silicone rubber electrical lead insulation, silicone adhesive or grease containing silicone. Doing so might result in defective electrical conductivity.


### 3.4 Wiring

- Do not perform wiring with the power ON. Doing so might cause electric shock, or the machine may start unexpectedly, causing an accident.
- Use crimp-type terminal lugs with covered insulation for electrical leads to prevent contact with covers and housings. If a crimp-type terminal lug contacts a cover, the cover may no longer shut or a ground fault may occur.
- Use sealed connectors (PA1 Series, etc. sold separately) or flexible tubing (PA3 Series) with IP67 or equivalent seal for conduits.
- Firmly tighten covers and conduits. If covers and conduits are not sufficiently tightened, the seal will be impaired and switch performance will no longer be assured.


### 3.5 Adjusting switches

- Do not apply excessive force ( 5 times O.F.) to the actuator beyond the total travel position. Doing so might damage the switch.
- Keep overtravel between $1 / 3$ to $2 / 3$ of the rated value. Small overtravel might cause the contacts to rattle due to vibration and impact, or may result in defective contact.


## 4. Environment

- Do not use the product in an environment where the cover may directly come into contact with any strong volatile solvent.
- Do not use the switch in an environment where strong acid or alkali is directly splashed onto it.


## 1LS-J8 $\square \square$

1LS $\square$-J401

## VCL- $\square \square$

SL1- $\square \square$
SL1- $\square$ C

## 6. Other cautions

- Do not apply a lubricant to the sliding part of the actuator or any other component. Application of an inappropriate lubricant may degrade sliding performance or impair the protective structure.
- Remove any foreign substances adhering to the sliding part. Dust or any other foreign substance attached to the sliding part may cause a malfunction.
- Check the actual load.

To increase reliability, confirm that the switch has no problems in actual use before using the switch

Before use, thoroughly read the "Precautions for use" and "Precautions for handling" in the Technical Guide on pages $\mathbf{D}-101$ to $\mathbf{D}-112$ as well as the instruction manual and product specification for this switch.

| STANOARO $\square$ LS $\square$ |
| :---: |
| SPatiter.euaboed $\square$ LS |
| 1LS-J7 $\square \square$ |
| 1LS-J8 $\square \square$ |
| 1LS■-J401 |
| VCL-■ |
| SL1-■ |

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https://www.azbil.com/products/factory/order.html without the prior written permission of Azbil Corporation.

## Azbil Corporation

Advanced Automation Company
Yamatake Corporation changed its name to Azbil Corporation on April 1, 2012
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Kanagawa 251-8522 Japan
URL: https://www.azbil.com


[^0]:    *1. The recommended tightening torque is 0.4 to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$. If the connector is not tightened firmly, IP67 protection may be lost, or the connector may come loose. Tighten firmly by hand.

