No. CP-SP-1147E

azbil

## Single Loop Controller Model C15

## **User's Manual**

for Basic Operation





Thank you for purchasing an Azbil Corporation product.

This manual contains information for ensuring the correct use of this product. It also provides necessary information for installation, maintenance, and troubleshooting.

This manual should be read by those who design and maintain equipment that uses this product. Be sure to keep this manual nearby for handy reference.

## **Azbil Corporation**

#### NOTICE

Be sure that the user receives this manual before the product is used.

Copying or duplicating this user's manual in part or in whole is forbidden. The information and specifications in this manual are subject to change without notice.

Considerable effort has been made to ensure that this manual is free from inaccuracies and omissions. If you should find an error or omission, please contact the azbil Group.

In no event is Azbil Corporation liable to anyone for any indirect, special or consequential damages as a result of using this product.

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Modbus  ${}^{\rm \tiny M}$  is a trademark and the property of Schneider Electric SE, its subsidiaries / and affiliated companies.

### **Safety Requirements**



To reduce the risk of an electric shock that could cause personal injury, follow all safety notices in this document.



This symbol warns the user of a potential shock hazard where hazardous live voltages may be accessible.

If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment must be impaired.

Do not replace any component (or part) not explicitly specified as replaceable by your supplier.

All wiring must be in accordance with local norms and carried out by authorized and experienced personnel.

A switch in the main supply is required near the equipment.

Main power supply wiring requires a (T) 0.2 A, 250 V fuse(s) (IEC 127).

#### • EQUIPMENT RATINGS

Supply voltages:	100 to 240 V AC (operating power supply voltage 85 to 264 V AC)
Frequency:	50/60 Hz
Power consumption:	12 VA max.

#### EQUIPMENT CONDITIONS

Do not operate the instrument in the presence of flammable liquids or vapors.

Operation of any electrical instrument in such an environment constitutes a safety hazard.

Temperature:	0 to 50 °C
Humidity:	10 to 90 %RH (no condensation)
Vibration:	2 m/s <sup>2</sup> (10 to 60 Hz)
Over-voltage category:	Category II (IEC60364-4-443, IEC60664-1)
Pollution degree:	2
Installation location:	Indoors
Altitude:	2000 m or less

#### • EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION

The controller must be mounted into a panel to limit operator access to the rear terminal.

Specifications of common mode voltage: The common mode voltages of all I/O except for main supply and relay outputs are less than 30 Vrms, 42.4 V peak and 60 V DC.

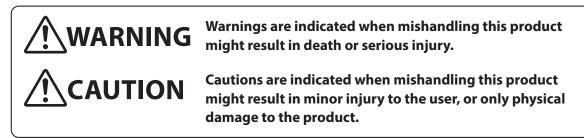
#### • APPLICABLE STANDARDS

EN61010-1, EN61326-1 (For use in industrial locations)

During EMC testing, the reading or output may fluctuate by  $\pm 10$  %FS.

## **Conventions Used in This Manual**

The safety precautions explained in the following section aim to prevent injury to the operator and others, and to prevent property damage.



■ In describing the product, this manual uses the icons and conventions listed below.



Use caution when handling the product.



The indicated action is prohibited.



Be sure to follow the indicated instructions.

#### **!** Handling Precautions:

Handling Precautions indicate items that the user should pay attention to when handling this device.

- This indicates the item or page that the user is requested to refer to.
- **Notes** Notes indicate information that might benefit the user.

(1) (2) (3): Numbers within the parenthesis indicate steps in a sequence or parts in an explanation.

[para], [mode] etc.: These indicate keys on the keyboard of this unit, and messages and menus that appear on the personal computer screen.

>>: Indicates the result of an operation or the status after operation.

#### • Numeric value and character display on LED

Numeric values The 7-segment LED expresses numeric values as follows:

0		1	B.	2	<b>B</b> .	3	4	B.
5	<b>B</b>	6	<b>E</b>	7		8	9	<b>B</b> .

Alphabetical characters The 7-segment LED expresses alphabetical characters shown below. There are some alphabetical characters, which are not displayed on the LED.

А	В		С		D		E	
а	b		С		d		е	
F	G		Н		I		J	
f	g		h		i	L.	j	
к	L		М		Ν		0	$\square$
k	1		m		n		0	
Р	Q		R	$\square$	S		Т	
р	q	IJ.	r		s		t	
U	V		Y		Z		-	$\square$
u	v		у		z			Ū.



#### **!** Handling Precautions

As shown above, numeric value "2" and alphabetic character "Z" are shown in the same manner.

Accordingly, numeric value "5" and alphabetic character "S", as well as numeric value "9" and alphabetic character "Q" are also shown in the same manner.

## **Safety Precautions**

Do not disassemble this device.

Do not use this device in an environment with conductive pollution, or with dry nonconductive pollution which can become conductive due to condensation, etc. Otherwise, problems such as tracking phenomena may damage parts, resulting in fire.

When wiring the power for this device, be sure to mount a shutoff switch for the main power to this unit within reach of the operator.

In addition, when wiring the power for AC power models, install a time-lag (T) fuse (rated current 0.2 A, rated voltage 250 V) as specified by IEC 127.

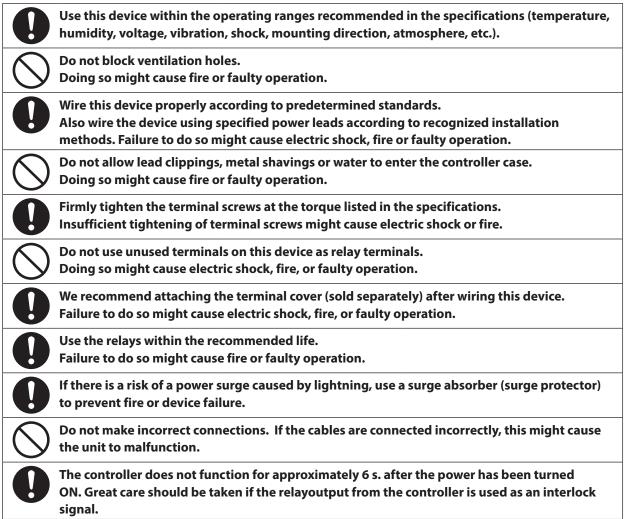
Otherwise, tracking phenomena or parts failure due to other factors may cause fire.

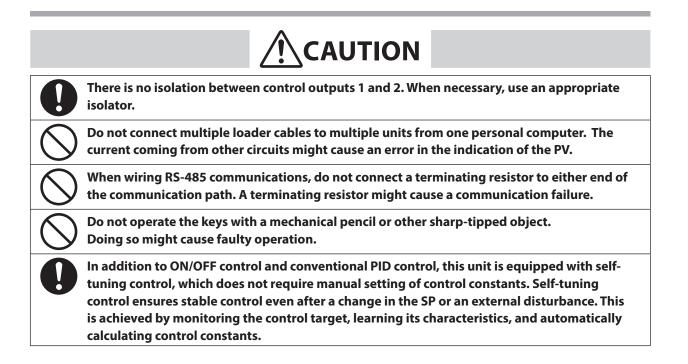
Doing so might cause electric shock or faulty operation. Before removing, mounting, or wiring this device, be sure to turn off the power to the device

and all connected devices. Failure to do so might cause electric shock.

Do not touch electrically charged parts such as the power terminals. Doing so might cause electric shock.

# 





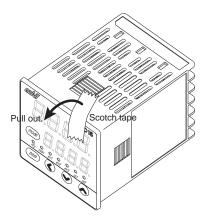
## **Before Using This Unit**

The protective film is adhered to the front console of this unit to protect the surface.

After the installation and wiring work has been completed, stick a scotch tape to the corner of the console and pull it out in the direction indicated by an arrow to peel off the protective film.

### **!** Handling Precautions

If you attempt to peel off the protective film with your fingernail, this might cause damage to the console.



## The Role of This Manual

Five different manuals in total are available for model C15 Single Loop Controller (hereafter referred to as "this unit"). Read appropriate manuals according to your requirements. If you do not have a required manual, contact the azbil Group or its dealer. Additionally, you can download necessary manuals from "http://www.azbil.com". The user level of this unit can be selected from three levels, "Simple configuration", "Standard configuration", and "High function configuration". This manual describes the functions you can set up only with "Simple configuration". If more advanced application is needed, refer to Single Loop Controller Model C15 User's Manual for Installation & Configuration (CP-SP-1148E).



#### Single Loop Controller Model C15 User's Manual for Basic Operation

#### Manual No. CP-SP-1147E

This manual. This manual is optional (sold separately). The manual describes the functions you can set up only with "Simple configuration". Personnel in charge of design, manufacture, operation, and/or maintenance of a system using this unit must thoroughly read this manual. This manual describes the installation, wiring, major functions and settings, operating procedures, troubleshooting, and detailed specifications.



#### Single Loop Controller Model C15 User's Manual for Installation Manual No. CP-UM-5287E

This manual is supplied with the product. Personnel in charge of design and/ or manufacture of a system using this unit must thoroughly read this manual. This manual describes the safety precautions, installation, wiring, and primary specifications. For further information about operation, refer to other manuals, Basic Operation and/or Installation & Configuration.



#### Single Loop Controller Model C15 User's Manual for Installation & Configuration Manual No. CP-SP-1148E

This manual is optional (sold separately). The manual describes the hardware and all functions of this unit. Personnel in charge of design, manufacture, operation, and/ or maintenance of a system using this unit and those in charge of communication software of a system using the communication functions of this unit must thoroughly read this manual. This manual also describes the installation, wiring, connections for communication, all functions and settings of this unit, operating procedures, communication with host station, such as personal computer, communication addresses, troubleshooting, and detailed specifications.



#### User's Manual for Smart Loader Package Model SLP-C35 for Single Loop Controller Model C15/25/26/35/36 Manual No. CP-UM-5290E

This manual is supplied with the Smart Loader Package. The manual describes the software used to make various settings for C15/25/26/35/36 using a personal computer. Personnel in charge of design or setting of a system using C15/25/26/35/36 must thoroughly read this manual. The manual describes installation of the software into a personal computer, operation of the personal computer, various functions, and setup procedures.



#### Quick Reference Guide for Model C15

#### Manual No. CP-UM-1213E

For those using this device for the first time or for operators on the work site, this guide serves as a reference when setting or modifying parameters. Key operations, menu flowcharts and parameter settings are presented with color illustrations.

### **Organization of This User's Manual**

This manual is organized as follows.

#### Chapter 1. OVERVIEW

This chapter describes the applications, features, model selection guide, and part names and functions of this unit. Since the part names described in this chapter are used in the subsequent descriptions, the part names and functions of this unit must be understood correctly in this chapter. Chapter 2. OUTLINE OF FUNCTIONS This chapter describes the outline and operation flow of the functions of this unit. Chapter 3. INSTALLATION This chapter describes the environmental conditions, installation dimensions, installation procedures, and necessary tools when installing this unit. Chapter 4. WIRING This chapter describes the wiring procedures, wiring precautions, and connection examples. Chapter 5. SETTINGS BEFORE STARTING OPERATION This chapter describes the items necessary to set up before starting operation and setting procedures. Chapter 6. SETTINGS DURING OPERATION This chapter describes the setting items and setting procedures when performing

the control with this unit built-into the customer's system.

#### Chapter 7. LIST OF SIMPLE CONFIGURATION DISPLAY ITEMS

This chapter shows the list of the setting items when operating this unit with "Simple configuration".

#### Chapter 8. PID CONTROL TUNING

This chapter describes the auto tuning function and self-tuning function of this unit.

#### Chapter 9. MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

This chapter describes the maintenance and inspection of this unit, as well as troubleshooting.

#### Chapter 10. DISPOSAL

This chapter describes safety precautions and how to dispose of this unit when the unit is no longer used.

#### Chapter 11. SPECIFICATIONS

This chapter describes the general specifications, performance specifications, and optional parts of this unit.

### Contents

Safety Requirements
<b>Conventions Used in This Manual</b>
Safety Precautions
Before Using This Unit
The Role of This Manual
Organization of This User's Manual

Chapter 1.	OVERVIEW
1-1	Overview ······ 1-1
	■ Model selection table ······ 1-2
	Accessories 1-3
	■ Optional parts ····································
1-2	Part Names and Functions 1-4
	■ Main unit and console ······ 1-4
	Bottom panel ······ 1-5
	Rear panel ······ 1-6
Chapter 2.	OUTLINE OF FUNCTIONS 2-1
2-1	Input/Output Configuration 2-1
2-2	Key Operation 2-2
	■ Data setting procedures ······2-3
	[mode] key operating procedures
	User level
2-3	Operation Modes ······2-6
Chapter 3.	INSTALLATION 3-1
	■ Installation place ····································
	External dimensions ····································
	Panel cutout dimensions
	Mounting procedures ····································
Chapter 4.	WIRING 4-1
4-1	Wiring
	Terminal assignment label symbols
	■ Wiring precautions
	Connection of open collector output to digital input
	Connection of communication (RS-485) cable ······ 4-5
	Connection with solid state relay (SSR) 4-7
	Connection with current-input type controllers
	■ Noise preventive measures ····································

Chapter 5.	SETTINGS BEFORE STARTING OPERATION	5-1
5-1	PV Input	
	PV range type setup	
	Temperature unit setup	
	Decimal point position setup	
	PV range low limit/high limit setup	
5-2	Control	
	Control method setup	
	Control action (Direct/Reverse) setup	
	Heat/Cool control selection setup	
	Heat/Cool control dead zone setup	
	LSP system group setup ······	
5-3	Internal Event	5-13
	Event operation type setup	5-20
	Event Direct/Reverse, standby, and Event state at READY setup	
	Event main setting setup	
	Event sub-setting setup	
	Event hysteresis setup	
5-4	CT (Current Transformer) Input	
	CT type setup	
	CT output setup	5-26
	CT wait time before measurement setup	5-27
5-5	Continuous Output	
	Output range setup	
	Output type setup	5-29
	Output scaling low limit/high limit setup	5-30
	MV scaling range ······	
5-6	Communication	
	Communication mode setup	5-32
	Station address setup	
	Transmission speed setup	
	Data format (data length) setup	5-35
	Data format (parity) setup	
	Data format (stop bit) setup	
5-7	Key Operation	
	Mode key function setup	
	User level setup	5-39
5-8	DI Assignment	5-40
	Internal contact operation type setup	5-40
Chapter 6.	SETTINGS DURING OPERATION	6-1
6-1	SP	
	SP setup in operation display mode	
	LSP No. setup	
	SP setup in parameter setting display mode	

6-2	Operation Display other than SP	6-4
	MV (manipulated variable) display and setup	
	Heat MV (manipulated variable) and cool MV (manipulated variable) display …	
	AT (auto tuning) progress display	
	CT (current transformer) input 1/2 current value display	
6-3	Mode	6-7
	■ AUTO/MANUAL mode selection setup	6-7
	■ RUN/READY mode selection setup	
	■ AT (auto tuning) Stop/Start selection setup	
	<ul> <li>Release all DO (digital output) latches setup</li> </ul>	
	Communication DI (digital input) 1 setup	
6-4	PID	
	P-1 (proportional band) setup	
	■ I-1 (Integration time) setup	
	■ d-1 (Derivative time) setup	
	■ rE-1 (Manual reset) setup	6-15
	P-1C (Cool-side proportional band) setup	
	■ I-1C (Cool-side integration time) setup	
	■ d-1C (Cool-side derivative time) setup	
6-5	Other Parameter Setup	
	ON/OFF control differential setup	6-19
	■ PV filter setup	6-20
	■ PV bias setup	····· 6-21
	■ Time proportional cycle 1/2 setup	6-22
	MV low limit/high limit at AT (auto tuning)	6-23
	AT type setup	6-24
	Key lock setup	6-25
	Password lock function	6-26
	Password display setup	6-27
	Passwords (1A, 2A, 1B, 2B) setup	······ 6-28
Chapter 7.	LIST OF SIMPLE CONFIGURATION DISPLAY ITEMS	7-1
7-1	List of Operation Displays	
7-2	List of Parameter Setting Displays	
7-3	List of Setup Setting Displays	7-5
Chapter 8.		8-1
8-1	AT (auto tuning) Function	
	Starting procedures	····· 8-2
	Stopping procedures	
8-2	ST (Self-tuning) Function	
	Starting procedures	
	Stopping procedures	
8-3	Precautions for ST (Self-tuning)	8-6

Chapter 9.	MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING 9-1
	■ Maintenance 9-1
	■ Alarm display and corrective action
	Operation in case of PV input failure 9-2
Chapter 10.	DISPOSAL 10-1
Chapter 11.	SPECIFICATIONS 11-1
	■ Specifications 11-1
	Accessories 11-5
	Optional parts ······ 11-5
Appendix ···	Арр1
	Glossary ····· App1

Index

## Chapter 1. OVERVIEW

### 1-1 Overview

This unit is a compact controller having a mask of 48 × 48 mm and provides the following features:

- The depth is only 60 mm, providing the excellent space-saving.
- The front panel is only 2 mm thick. This ensures the excellent thin design.
- The display panel is large. This provides excellent visibility.
- [mode] key, [para] key, and digit-shift keys are provided on the front panel. This ensures easy setup operation.
- Various input types are available, thermocouples (K, J, E, T, R, S, B, N, PLII, WRe5-26, PR40-20, DIN U, DIN L), RTDs (Pt100, JPt100), current signals (4 to 20mA DC, 0 to 20mA DC), and voltage signals (0 to 1V DC, 1 to 5V DC, 0 to 5V DC, and 0 to 10V DC).
- For control outputs, relay, voltage pulse, and current output are provided. Additionally, these control outputs can be combined for the 2nd control output.
- The unit can be made applicable to the heat/cool control using the 2nd control output and/or event relay.
- ON/OFF control, fixed PID, and self-tuning control can be performed.
- In addition to the PID control, two algorithms, RationaLOOP and Just-FiTTER, are mounted. This ensures excellent controllability.
- With optional functions, a combination among 3- or 2-event points (independent contacts), 2-point CT input, 2-point digital input, and/or RS-485 can be selected.
- The personal computer loader port is provided as standard function. The setup can be made easily with use of the personal computer loader.
- Use of optional Smart Loader Package (SLP-C35) makes it possible to easily perform the read/write operation of the parameters.
   In addition to the table format setup, the operation and control status can be monitored using the trend display. This unit can be operated without use of program on the host unit.
- The unit is applicable to the IEC directive and the CE marking is put on the unit. (Applicable standards: EN61010-1 and EN61326-1)

#### Model selection table

The following shows the model selection table of this unit:

Bas		Mounting	Control	PV input	Power	Option	Additional	treatment	Specifi	cations	
mode	I NO.		output		supply		1	2			
C1	5										
	-	Т							Panel mount type		
	*1	S							Socket mount type		
									Control output 1	Control output 2	
		*2	RO						Relay contact output NO	None (relay output for control output 1: NC)	
			V0						Voltage pulse output (for SSR drive)	None	
		*3	VC						Voltage pulse output (for SSR drive)	Current output	
		*3	VV						Voltage pulse output (for SSR drive)	Voltage pulse output (for SSR drive)	
			C0						Current output	None	
		*3	CC						Current output	Current output	
Т									Thermocouple input ( WRe5-26, PR40-20, DI		
				R					RTD input (Pt100/JPt1	00)	
				L					DC voltage/DC current input (0 to 1 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC, 0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC)		
					A				AC Model (100 to 240		
					D				DC Model (24 V AC/24	to 48 V DC)	
						00			None		
						01			Event relay output: 3 p	oints	
					*3 *4	02			Event relay output: 3 p Current transformer in Digital input: 2 points		
					*3 *4	03			Event relay output: 3 p Current transformer in RS-485 communicatio	put: 2 points	
					*5	04			Event relay output: 2 p (independent contact)		
					*3 *4 *5	05			Event relay output: 2 p (independent contact) Current transformer in Digital input: 2 points	)	
					*3 *4 *5	06			Event relay output: 2 p (independent contact) Current transformer in RS-485 communicatio	put: 2 points	
							0		No additional processi	ng	
							D		Inspection Certificate	provided	
*1 Socket sold separately							Y		Complying with the traceability certification		
*2 Only 1a contact is applicable for C15S								0	None		
*3 (	Can n	ot be seled	ted for t	he C15S.				А	UL-marked product		

\*4 Current transformer sold separately

\*5 Can not be selected for the DC Model.

#### Accessories

-

Name	Model No.
Mounting bracket (for C15T)	81409651-001
Gasket	81409657-001

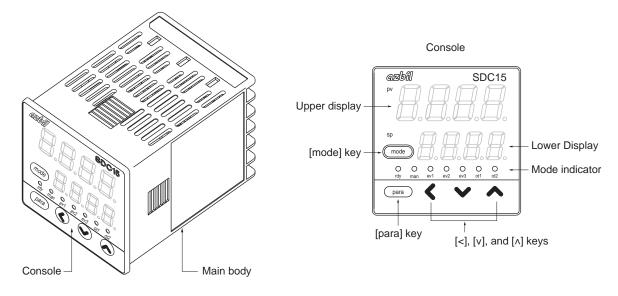
### Optional parts

Name	Model No.		
Mounting bracket (for C15T)	81446403-001		
Gasket (20 pcs)	81406918-001		
Current transformer (800 turns, 5.8mm hole dia.)	QN206A*		
Current transformer (800 turns, 12mm hole dia.)	QN212A*		
Socket (for C15S)	81446391-001		
Hard cover	81446442-001		
Soft cover	81446443-001		
Terminal cover	81446898-001		
Smart Loader Package	SLP-C35J50		
L-shaped plug adaptor	81441057-001		

\* Not UL-certified.

### 1-2 Part Names and Functions

#### Main unit and console



Main unit: Contains the electric circuit for I/O signals of measuring instruments, CPU, and memory.

Console: Contains the display panel showing numeric value and status, and operation keys.

#### • Detailed description of console

[mode] key

When this key is kept pressed for 1 s or longer in the operation display mode, any of the following operations, which have been set previously, can be performed:

- AUTO/MANUAL mode selection
- RUN/READY mode selection
- AT (Auto Tuning) start/stop selection
- LSP (Local SP) group selection
- Release all DO (Digital Output) latches
- ON/OFF selection of communication DI (Digital Input) 1

When pressing the [mode] key in the setup display mode, the display is changed to the operation display.

#### [para] key

This key is used to change the display item.

When this key is kept pressed for 2 s or longer in the operation display mode, the display is then changed to the setup display.

[<], [∨], [∧] keys

These keys are used to increase or decrease the numeric value, or to shift the digit.

#### Upper display

This display shows the PV value or the name of each display item (display value or set value). If an alarm occurs in the operation display mode, the normal display and alarm code are displayed alternately.

The decimal point at the right end digit shows AT (auto tuning) or ST (selftuning) status. The decimal point flashes twice repeatedly during execution of AT while it flashes once repeatedly during execution of ST.

#### Lower display

This display shows the SP value, or the display value or set value of each display item. The decimal point at the right end digit shows the communication status.

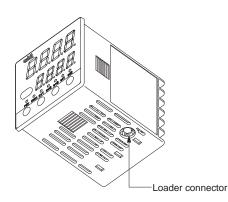
#### Mode indicators

[rdy]:	RUN/READY mode indicator. Lights when READY
[man]:	AUTO/MANUAL mode indicator. Lights when MANUAL
[ev1], [ev2], [ev3]:	Event output 1 to 3 indicator. Lights when event relays are ON.
[ot1], [ot2]:	Control output 1 and 2 indicator. Lights when the control output is ON. The indicators are always lit when the current output is used.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

- To select the LSP group using the [mode] key, it is necessary to set a value of "2" or more in [LSP system group].
- To show the communication status using the decimal point at the right end digit on the lower display, select "High function configuration" and make the [LED monitor] settings.
- Do not operate the key with a sharp object (such as tip of mechanical pencil or needle). Doing so might cause the unit to malfunction.

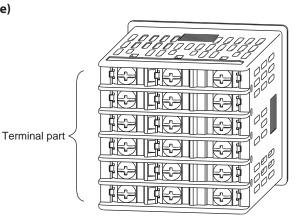
#### Bottom panel



Loader connector: This connector is connected to a personal computer using the dedicated cable supplied with the Smart Loader Package.

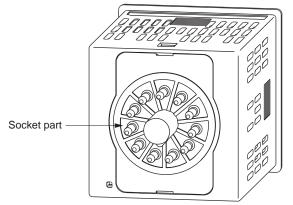
#### Rear panel

• Model C15T (Panel mount type)



Terminal part: The power supply, input, and output are connected to the terminals. The M3 screw is used. When connecting to the terminal, always use a correct crimp terminal suitable for the M3 screw. The tightening torque of the terminal screw is 0.4 to 0.6 N·m.

Model C15S (Socket mount type)



Socket part: This socket is inserted into the optional socket. The power supply,

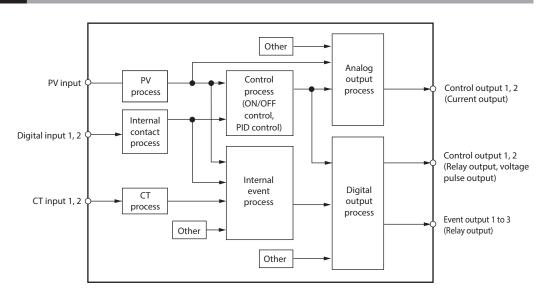
input, and output are connected from the socket.

When performing the wiring from the socket, always use a correct crimp terminal suitable for the M3.5 screw.

The tightening torque of the socket terminal screw is 0.78 to 0.98 N·m.

## Chapter 2. OUTLINE OF FUNCTIONS

### 2-1 Input/Output Configuration



#### • PV input

Sensor or range is selected for the PV input. The selection range may vary depending on the input type of the model (T: Thermocouple, R: RTD, L: DC current, DC voltage).

• Control output

When the control output type of the model is "R: Relay" or "V: Voltage pulse", the control output becomes the ON-OFF control output or time proportional output. When the time proportional output is used, the time proportioning cycle time can be set. When the control output type of the model is "C: Current", the control output becomes the continuous output (analog output). When the model has two control outputs, the heat/cool control can be used only with "Simple configuration".

#### • Event output

When the model provides the event, the alarm or control mode set in [Event type] can be output as DO (digital output).

#### DI (digital input)

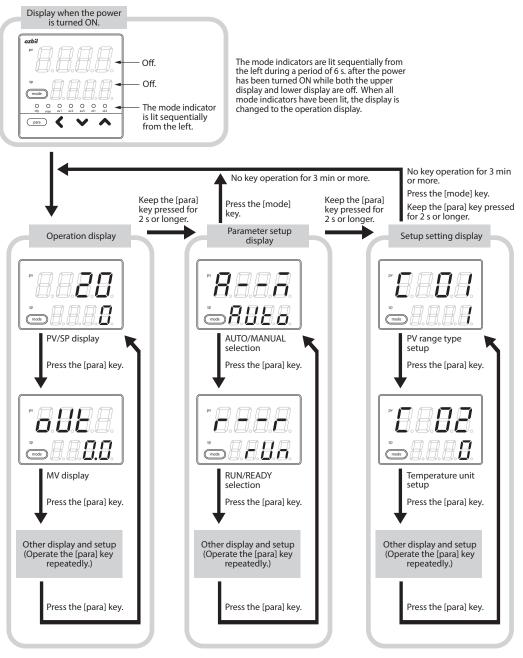
When the model provides the DI, the function set with the DI assignments can be selected.

#### CT (current transformer) input

When the model provides the CT input, the heater burnout alarm can be output from the event output.

## 2-2 Key Operation

The following shows the flow of the general key operation. Various displays and settings can be called up to the console.



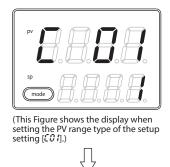
The display and setup status shown above are examples for explanation. Therefore, some displays or settings are not shown actually according to the model and/or setup contents.

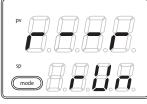
#### **!** Handling Precautions

- For details about display and setup contents of the operation display, parameter setting display, and setup setting display:
  - 7-1 List of Operation Displays (p. 7-1)
    - 7-2 List of Parameter Setting Displays (p. 7-2)
      - 7-3 List of Setup Setting Displays (p. 7-5)
- When pressing the [<] key with the [para] key kept pressed instead of pressing of the [para] key, various displays and settings can be operated in the reverse order. However, the operation that both the [para] key and [<] key are kept pressed for 2 s or longer, is invalid.

#### Data setting procedures

 Operate the [para] key to display desired data to be set. (How to operate the [para] key is described in the previous section, "Flow of general key operation".)





(This Figure shows the display when setting the RUN/Ready selection in the parameter setting [r...r].)

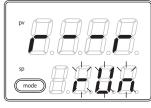
- (2) Press any of the  $[<], [\lor], and [\land]$  keys.
  - >> When the display No. 2 shows a numeric value, the 1st digit starts flashing. Additionally, when the display No. 2 shows a character string, the entire character string starts flashing.

When a numeric value is displayed, the value can be increased or decreased or the flashing digit can be moved using the [<], [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key. When a character string is displayed, the entire flashing character string can

be changed using the [v] or [A] key.

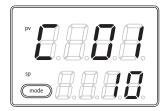


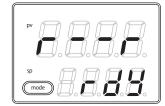
(This Figure shows the display when the 1st digit of "000 (" is flashing.)



(This Figure shows the display when the entire character string "run" is flashing.)

- (3) Release the key and wait for a while.
  - >> After 2 s have elapsed, the flashing display is stopped, and then the data you have changed is set.





#### ! Handling Precautions

• If the data does not start flashing even though the [<], [∨], or [∧] key is pressed, this data cannot be changed.

- If the character string cannot be changed using the [v] key while the entire character string is flashing, press the [^] key.
   On the contrary, if the character string cannot be changed using the [^] key, press the [v] key.
- When pressing the [para] key while the display is flashing, the next data is displayed without changing of the data. Additionally, when pressing the [mode] key while the display is flashing, the display is returned to the operation display without changing of the data.
- The MV (manipulated variable) display in the MANUAL mode continues the flashing status even after pressing of the key has been stopped. At this time, the flashing value is output as MV.

#### [mode] key operating procedures

When the [mode] key is kept pressed for 1 s or longer on the operation display, the selection operation, which has been set using the [mode] key function (CP2) of the setup setting, can be performed.

The Figure on the right shows an example that the [mode] key is pressed in the RUN/READY selection  $(\mathbf{L}^{2}\mathbf{R}^{2} = 2)$  setting.

- If the current mode is the READY mode when the PV/SP is shown on the operation display, the character string "run" on the display No. 2 starts flashing.
- (2) When the [mode] key is kept pressed for 1 s or longer, the READY mode is changed to the RUN mode and the flashing of the character string "run" is stopped.
- (3) When pressing of the [mode] key is stopped, the display is returned to the PV/SP display.



#### **!** Handling Precautions

- If the MODE key function of the setup setting is set disabled ( $\zeta^{-1} z^{2} = 0$ ) or if the set selection operation is invalid, the selection operation cannot be performed using the [mode] key.
- When pressing the [mode] key on the parameter setting display or setup setting display instead of the operation display, the display is returned to the operation display. However, even though the [mode] key is kept pressed continually, the selection operation cannot be performed. In this case, stop pressing the key once, and then press the [mode] key.

#### User level

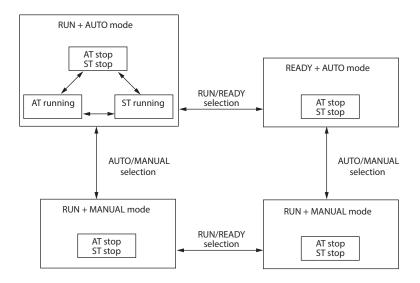
The user level of this unit can be selected from three levels, "Simple configuration", "Standard configuration", and "High function configuration" using the user level of the setup setting "CP9".

#### **!** Handling Precautions

Even though the user level is changed, the functions other than setting display cannot be changed. The user level is set to "Standard configuration" or "High function configuration" and more advanced functions are set. After that, when the setup is returned to "Simple configuration", this function setup cannot be displayed, but the function itself is operated.

## 2-3 Operation Modes

The following shows the transition of operation modes:



- RUN: Control status
- READY: Control stop status
- AUTO: Automatic operation (This unit automatically determines the MV values.)
- MANUAL: Manual operation (The MV values are operated manually.)
- AT: Auto tuning (The PID constants are set automatically using the limit cycle.)
- ST: Self-tuning (The PID constants are set automatically while the control is kept continuously.)

## Chapter 3. INSTALLATION

# 

Use this device within the operating ranges recommended in the specifications (temperature, humidity, voltage, vibration, shock, mounting direction, atmosphere, etc.). Failure to do so might cause fire or faulty operation.

Do not block ventilation holes. Doing so might cause fire or faulty operation.

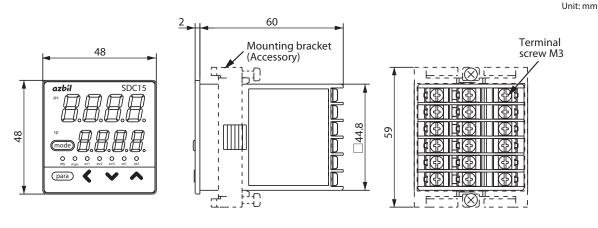
#### Installation place

Install the controller in the following locations:

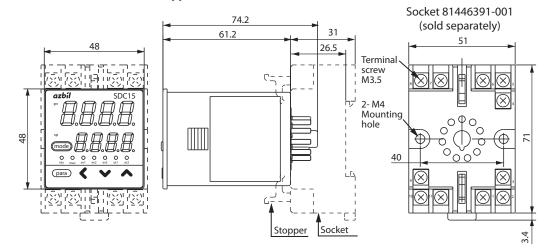
- With the exception of supply power and relay contact output, the I/O common mode voltage to ground must be 30 Vrms max., 42.4 V peak max., 60 V DC max.
- Not high or low temperature/humidity.
- Free from silicone gas and other corrosive gases such as sulfide gas.
- Less dust or soot.
- Appropriately processed locations to prevent direct sunlight, wind or rain.
- Less mechanical vibration and shock.
- Not close to the high voltage line, welding machine or electrical noise generating source.
- The minimum 15 m away from the high voltage ignition device for a boiler.
- Less effect by the magnetic.
- No flammable liquid or gas.
- Indoors.

#### External dimensions

Model C15T (Panel Mount type)

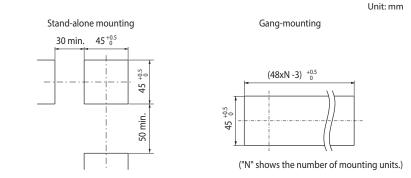


Model C15S (Socket Mount type)



#### Panel cutout dimensions

For panel mounting type, make the mounting holes according to the panel hole making dimensions.

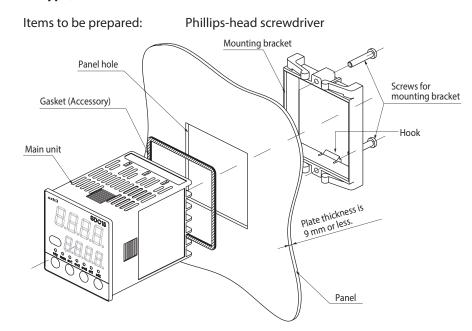


#### ! Handling Precautions

- When three or more units are gang-mounted horizontally, the maximum allowable ambient temperature is 40 °C.
- Provide a space of at least 50 mm or more above and below the controller.
- If dustproof or waterproof protection is required, mount the device using the individual mounting method. If gangmounted, dustproof and waterproof protection may not be maintained.

#### Mounting procedures

- The mounting must be horizontal within 10 degrees tilted in back side lowering or within 10 degrees tilted in back side rising.
- In the case of panel mount type (C15T), the mounting panel should be used with a thickness of less than 9 mm of firm board.



Model C15T (Panel mount type)

The above Figure shows the waterproof mounting using the gasket. The gasket is not used for normal panel mounting.

- (1) Insert this unit from the front of the panel.
- (2) Fit the mounting bracket from the back of the panel.
- (3) Push the mounting bracket against the panel until the hook of the mounting bracket is firmly engaged with the groove of the main unit.
- (4) Tighten the upper and lower screws of the mounting bracket.

#### For waterproof mounting:

The panel mounting type (C15T) can be waterproof-mounted. To do so, attach the accessory gasket to the main unit before above step (1). After that, mount the main unit with the gasket attached from above operation step (1) in order.



#### I Handling Precautions

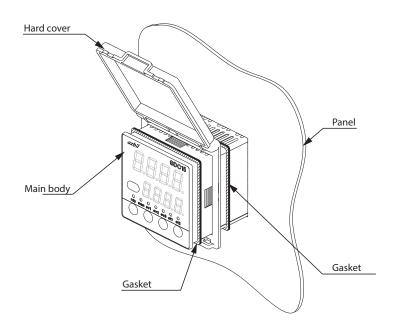
- To fasten this controller onto the panel, tighten a mounting bracket screws, and turn one more half turn when there is no play between the bracket and panel. Excessively tightening the screws may deform the controller case.
- If gangmounted, dustproof and waterproof protection may not be maintained.

#### Model C15T (Using the hard cover for panel mount type)

For panel mounting type, it is possible to attach the hard cover to the front console. Use of hard cover makes it possible to prevent the settings from being changed due to accidental operation or to operate the unit in poor installation environment. The display can be seen with the cover kept closed. When operating the key, raise the cover and operate the key.

#### Items to be prepared:

Hard cover Part No. 81446442-001 (Optional unit)



Both gaskets must be used, one is supplied with the main unit and the other is supplied with the hard cover. Both are the same gaskets.

- (1) As shown in the Figure, mount the gasket, hard cover, and gasket on the main unit in that order so that the hard cover is sandwiched by two gaskets.
- (2) Insert this unit from the front of the panel.
- (3) Fit the mounting bracket from the back of the panel.
- (4) Push the mounting bracket against the panel until the hook of the mounting bracket is firmly engaged with the groove of the main unit.
- (5) Tighten the upper and lower screws of the mounting bracket.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

- To fasten this controller onto the panel, tighten a mounting bracket screws, and turn one more half turn when there is no play between the bracket and panel. Excessively tightening the screws may deform the controller case.
- It is possible to mount this unit without use of two gaskets if the waterproof feature is not needed and only the prevention of improper operation is aimed at.
- If gangmounted, dustproof and waterproof protection may not be maintained.

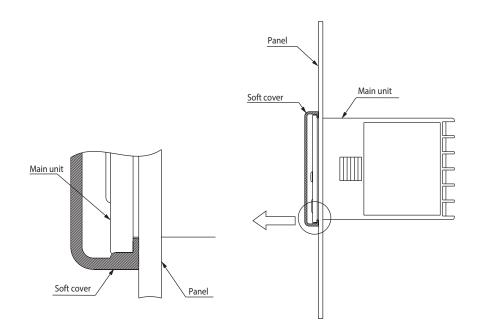
#### Model C15T (Using the soft cover for panel mount type)

For panel mounting type, it is possible to attach the soft cover to the front console. The key can be operated with the soft cover kept attached.

Additionally, when the soft cover is attached to the front console, this provides the feature similar to the waterproof mounting using the gasket.

Items to be prepared:

Soft cover Part No. 81446443-001 (Optional unit)



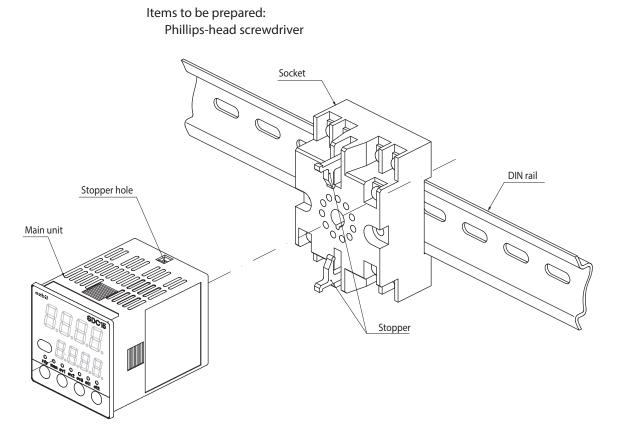
The gasket supplied with the main unit is not used.

- (1) Attach the soft cover so that it covers the console of the main unit.
- (2) Insert the unit with the soft cover attached from the front of the panel.
- (3) Fit the mounting bracket from the back of the panel.
- (4) Push the mounting bracket against the panel until the hook of the mounting bracket is firmly engaged with the groove of the main unit.
- (5) Tighten the upper and lower screws of the mounting bracket.

#### Handling Precautions

- To fasten this controller onto the panel, tighten a mounting bracket screws, and turn one more half turn when there is no play between the bracket and panel. Excessively tightening the screws may deform the controller case.
- If gangmounted, dustproof and waterproof protection may not be maintained.

Model C15S (Socket mount type)



The above Figure shows the DIN rail mounting.

- (1) Mount the socket inside the panel. (For screw tightening, mount the socket directly.)
- (2) Perform the wiring to the socket.
- (3) Push this unit into the socket.
- (4) Put the upper and lower socket stoppers in the stopper holes in the main unit, and then insert them.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

• For socket mount type, it is necessary that the wiring must be completed before mounting this unit on the socket.

## Chapter 4. WIRING

## 4-1 Wiring

	WARNING					
$\bigcirc$	Do not use this device in an environment with conductive pollution, or with dry non- conductive pollution which can become conductive due to condensation, etc. Otherwise, problems such as tracking phenomena may damage parts, resulting in fire.					
0	When wiring the power for this device, be sure to mount a shutoff switch for the main power to this unit within reach of the operator. In addition, when wiring the power for AC power models, install a time-lag (T) fuse (rated current 0.2 A, rated voltage 250 V) as specified by IEC 127. Otherwise, tracking phenomena or parts failure due to other factors may cause fire.					
	Before removing, mounting, or wiring this device, be sure to turn off the power to the device and all connected devices. Failure to do so might cause electric shock.					
Do not touch electrically charged parts such as the power terminals. Doing so might cause electric shock.						
0	Wire this device properly according to predetermined standards. Also wire the device using specified power leads according to recognized installation methods. Failure to do so might cause electric shock, fire or faulty operation.					
$\bigcirc$	Do not allow lead clippings, chips or water to enter the controller case. Doing so might cause fire or faulty operation.					
0	Firmly tighten the terminal screws at the torque listed in the specifications. Insufficient tightening of terminal screws might cause electric shock or fire.					
$\bigcirc$	Do not use unused terminals on this device as relay terminals. Doing so might cause electric shock, fire, or faulty operation.					
We recommend attaching the terminal cover (sold separately) after wiring this device. Failure to do so might cause electric shock, fire, or faulty operation.						
Use the relays within the recommended service life. Failure to do so might cause fire or faulty operation.						
If there is a risk of a power surge caused by lightning, use a surge absorber (surge protector) to prevent fire or device failure.						
$\bigcirc$	Do not make incorrect connections. If the cables are connected incorrectly, this might cause the unit to malfunction.					
0	The controller does not function for approximately 6 s after the power has been turned ON. Great care should be taken when the relay output from the controller is used as interlock signals.					
0	The part between the control output 1 and control output 2 is not isolated. When necessary, use an appropriate isolator.					
$\bigcirc$	Do not connect multiple loader cables to multiple units from one personal computer. The current coming from other circuits might cause the PV value indication error to occur.					
$\bigcirc$	Do not connect any terminating resistor to both ends of the communication path when performing the RS-485 wiring. Doing so might cause the communication to fail.					

#### Terminal assignment label symbols

The following table shows the meanings of the symbols used for the terminal assignment label attached to the side panel of this unit:

Symbol	Meaning		
~	AC		
	DC		
A	Caution, there is danger of electric shock		
	Caution		

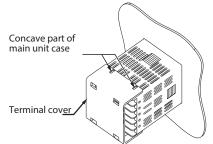
#### Wiring precautions

- Before starting the wiring work, carefully check the label on the side panel of this unit to understand the model No. and terminal No. to carry out the wiring properly.
- For panel mount type, use an appropriate crimp type terminal lug suitable for the M3 screw to connect the terminals. The tightening torque of the terminal screw must be 0.4 to 0.6 N·m.
- For socket mount type, use an appropriate crimp type terminal lug suitable for the M3.5 screw to connect the terminals. The tightening torque of the terminal screw must be 0.78 to 0.98 N·m.
- Pay special attention so that no crimp terminals are in contact with adjacent terminals.
- For the C15T (panel-mount type), to connect 2 crimp terminals to the same terminal screw, bend the crimp terminals before use.
- For the C15T (panel-mount type), connect wires to terminals 1-6 and 13-18 from the left (when viewing the terminal block).



A: 5.8mm max. B: 5.5 to 7.6 mm

- B Recommended crimp terminal: V1.25-MS3 (manufactured by J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd.)
- Keep the input/output signal cables 50 cm or more away from the drive power cable and/or power cable. Additionally, do not pass the input/output signal cables and the drive power cable and/or power cable together through the same conduit or duct.
- When connecting this unit and other measuring instrument in parallel, carefully check the conditions necessary for other instrument before starting the instrumentation.
- The digital input is so designed that it is non-voltage input. A contact for micro current must be used.
- Pass the conductor, to which the heater current flows, through the current transformer. Additionally, carefully check that the heater current does not exceed the allowable current level stated in the specification. If the heater current exceeds the allowable current level, this might cause damage to this unit.
- The input of the current transformer cannot be used for the phase angle control.
- For panel mounting type (C15T), an optional terminal cover is available to prevent electric shock. (Model No.: 81446898-001)

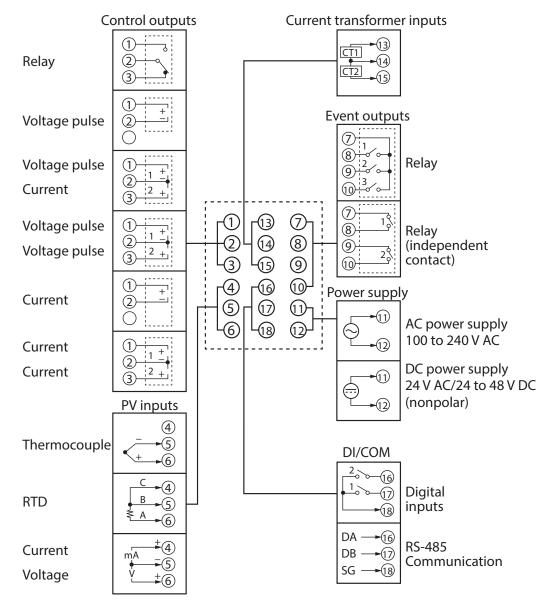


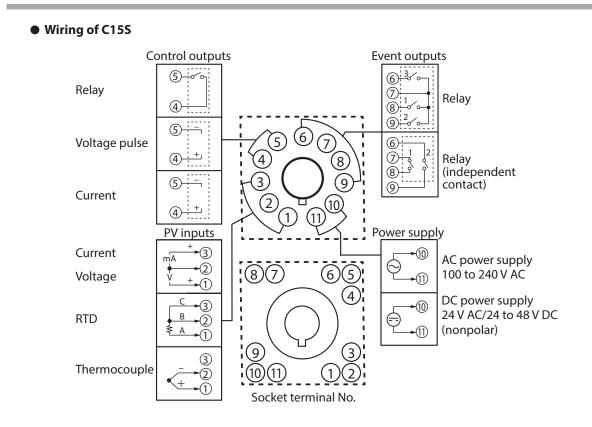
- The part between the control output 1 and control output 2 is not isolated. When necessary, use an appropriate isolator.
- Make sure that devices and equipment connected to this device have reinforced insulation suitable for the maximum operating voltage of this device's power supply and input/output ports.
- This unit is so designed that it does not start functioning for up to 6 s after the power has been turned ON in order to ensure stable operation. After that, the unit then enters the operation mode. However, to satisfy the specified accuracy, it is necessary to warm up the unit for at least 30 min.

#### IMPORTANT Terminating resistor

• Do not connect any terminating resistor to both ends of the RS-485 communication path. Doing so might cause the communication to fail.

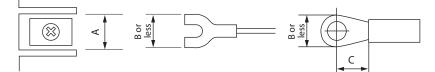
#### • Wiring of C15T





#### • Recommended crimp type terminal lugs

For C15T, use an appropriate crimp type terminal lug suitable for the M3 screw. For C15S socket mounting type, use an appropriate crimp type terminal lug suitable for the M3.5 screw.

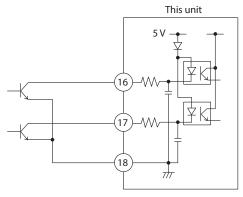


Mounting method	Applicable	Terminal dimensions (mm)			Applicable electric	J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd
	screw	A	В	С	wire size	Model No. (Reference)
C15T panel mounting type	M3	6.1	5.8	5.5 to 7.6	0.3 to 1.2 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG22 to 16	V1.25 - MS3 (round terminal lug) V1.25 B3A (Y terminal lug)
C15S socket mounting type	M3.5	7.4	6.6	6.3	0.3 to 1.2 mm <sup>2</sup> AWG22 to 16	V1.25 - M3 (round terminal lug) V1.25 YS3A (Y terminal lug)



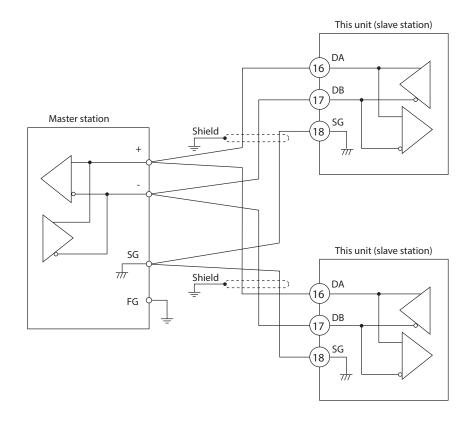
- When installing this unit in a place where the vibration or impact is large, always use an appropriate round crimp terminal so that it is not disengaged from the connection terminal.
- Pay special attention so that no crimp terminals are in contact with adjacent terminals.

#### Connection of open collector output to digital input



## Connection of communication (RS-485) cable

• 3-wire system



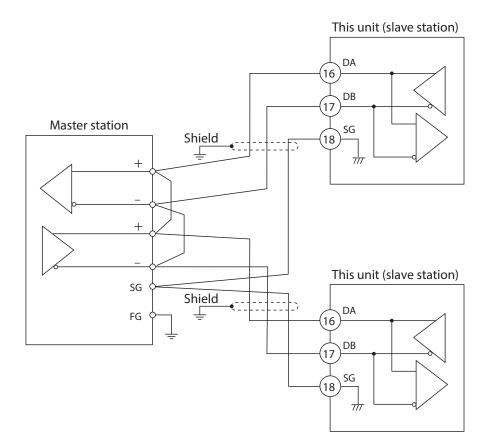
#### IMPORTANT Termina

## **Terminating resistor**

- Do not connect any terminating resistor to both ends of the communication path. Doing so might cause the communication to fail.
- Even though any units requiring the terminating resistor exist in the communication path, do not connect any terminating resistor.

- Do not connect DA and DB. Doing so might cause damage to this unit.
- Ground the shield line to one point on one side of the cable.
- Be sure to connect SG terminals each other. Failure to do so might cause unstable communications.

• 5-wire system



#### IMPORTANT Terminating resistor

- Do not connect any terminating resistor to both ends of the communication path. Doing so might cause the communication to fail.
- Even though any units requiring the terminating resistor exist in the communication path, do not connect any terminating resistor.

- Do not connect DA and DB. Doing so might cause damage to this unit.
- Ground the shield line to one point on one side of the cable.
- Be sure to connect SG terminals each other. Failure to do so might cause unstable communications.

#### Connection with solid state relay (SSR)

To drive the SSR, a model having voltage pulse outputs (V0, VC or VV) must be used.

Generally, the SSR is classified into two groups, constant current type and resistor type.

#### Constant current type

The two conditions listed below must be satisfied.

• Input current (maximum):	Check that the input current is within the maximum
	allowable current or less, then the parallel connection
	can be made.
• Operating voltage range:	Check that the voltage between the terminals of the

voltage pulse output is within the specified range.

#### 1. Azbil Corporation's PGM10N/PGM10F series

This example shows the calculation for the connection of the SDC15 and the PGM10N015.

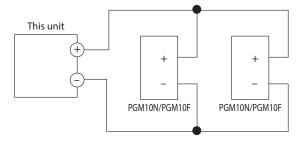
(Note: For connection with other model number, check the specifications of each model.)

- Input current: Since the input current is 10 mA or less, up to two units  $(10mA \times 2 = 20 mA < 24 mA [maximum allowable current])$  can be connected in parallel.
- Operating voltage range (input): The rating voltage is 3.5 to 30 V DC. Therefore, the voltage between the terminals is within the range.

Voltage between terminals (two PGM10N units)

- = Open voltage internal resistance × total drive current
- = 19 V DC  $\pm$ 15 % 82  $\Omega \pm$ 0.5 % × 20 mA
- ≒15 to 20 V

Connection diagram



Number of connectable units

SSR to be used	Connection	V0/VC model	VV model
PGM10N	Parallel connection	Up to 2 units	Up to 4 units*
PGM10F	Parallel connection	Up to 2 units	Up to 4 units*

\* 2 units for each output

2. Omron's G3PA, G3PB, G3NA

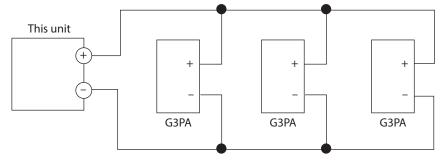
- Input current: Since the input current is 7 mA or less, up to three units (7 mA  $\times$  3 = 21 mA < 24 mA [maximum
- allowable current]) can be connected in parallel.
  Operating voltage range (input): The rating voltage is 5 to 24 V DC or 12 to 24 V DC. Therefore, the voltage between the

terminals is within the range.

Voltage between terminals (three G3PA units)

= Open voltage - internal resistance × total drive current = 19 V DC  $\pm$ 15 % - 82  $\Omega \pm$ 0.5 % × 21 mA  $\approx$ 14 to 20 V

Connection diagram



Number of connectable units

SSR to be used	Connection	V0/VC model	VV model
Omron G3PA	Parallel connection	Up to 3 units	Up to 6 units*
Omron G3PB	Parallel connection	Up to 3 units	Up to 6 units*
Omron G3NA	Parallel connection	Up to 3 units	Up to 6 units*

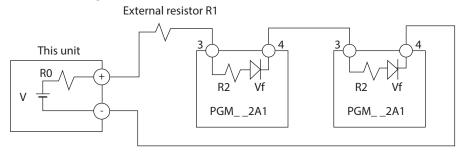
\* 3 units for each output

#### • Resistor type (Azbil Corporation's PGM\_\_2A1, etc.)

When necessary, an appropriate external resistor is connected in series so that the voltage between the input terminals of the SSR you are using is within the specified range.

(Example) Connection of two Azbil Corporation PGM units

#### Connection diagram



V:  $19 V \pm 15\%$ R0:  $82 \Omega \pm 0.5\%$ R1:  $680 \Omega$ R2:  $260 \Omega$ Vf: 1.1 V

Voltage between terminals of PGM = (V - 2 × Vf) / (R0 + R1+ R2 + R2) × R2 + Vf =4.5 V

Input voltage range of PGM: Since the input voltage range is 3 to 6 V, the operation is possible.

#### External resistors

SSR to be used	Number of units to be connected	Connection	External resistor	Notes
PGM2A1	1	_	1kΩ (serial connection)	Rating is 1/2W or more.
	2	Serial connection	$680\Omega$ (serial connection)	Rating is 1/2W or more.
	3	Serial connection	330Ω (serial connection)	Rating is 1/2W or more.
	4	Serial connection	None	

Number of connectable units

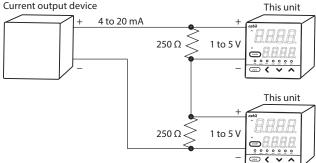
SSR to be used	Connection	V0/VC model	VV model
PGM2A1	Serial connection	Up to 4 units	Up to 8 units*

\* 4 units for each output

### Connection with current-input type controllers

When the power to this controller is turned off, the current input circuit is cut off. If multiple current-input type SDCs are connected in series and you want to turn them on/off individually, convert them to voltage input by adding resistors (No. 81401325, sold separately) to the circuit.

Current output device



#### Noise preventive measures

The power is taken from the single-phase instrumental power supply to consider noise preventive measures.

If the noise from the power supply is large, an appropriate insulation transformer is added to the power supply and an appropriate line filter is used.

(Azbil Corporation's line filter model No.: 81442557-001)

If the noise has fast rising edge, an appropriate CR filter is used.

(Azbil Corporation's CR filter model No.: 81446365-001)



#### | ! | Handling Precautions

After the noise preventive measures have been taken, do not bundle the primary and secondary sides of the insulation transformer together or put them in the same conduit or duct.

# 4-2 Recommended Cables

Contact the thermocouple wires to the terminals in case of a thermocouple input. When a thermocouple is connected to terminals, or wiring distance is long, connect the wire via a shielded compensating lead wire.

• For input/output other than thermocouples, use a JCS 4364 instrument cable or equivalent (generally called twisted shielded cable for instrumentation use). Recommended twisted shielded cables.

Fujikura Ltd.	2 conductors	IPEV-S-0.9 mm <sup>2</sup> × 1P
	3 conductors	ITEV-S-0.9 mm <sup>2</sup> × 1T
Hitachi Metals, Ltd.	2 conductors	KPEV-S-0.9 mm <sup>2</sup> $\times$ 1P
	3 conductors	KTEV-S-0.9 mm <sup>2</sup> $\times$ 1T

• A shielded multiconductor microphone cord (MVVS) may be used, if electromagnetic induction noise are comparatively low.

# Chapter 5. SETTINGS BEFORE STARTING OPERATION

## 



Do not operate the key with a propelling pencil or sharp-tipped object. Doing so might cause faulty operation.

# 5-1 PV Input

The PV input type, temperature unit, decimal point position, and PV range low limit and high limit of the PV input are set.

There may be some items you cannot set up depending on the input type (T: Thermocouple, R: RTD, L: DC current or DC voltage) or PV range type of the model.

## PV range type setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display. The setup setting [CO 1: PV input type] is displayed first.





(3) Press the  $[<], [v], or [\Lambda]$  key to select a desired CO No.

Set the value set in  $[\mathcal{LOI}]$  to the range No. you have selected from the following input range table.

- $\gg$  The range No. starts flashing.
- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

CO1 set value	Sensor type	Range (Celsius)	Range (Fahrenheit)	CON display	CO4 range	COV initial value when CO1 settings
1	K	-200 to +1200°C	-300 to + 2200°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)
2	К	0 to 1200°C	0 to 2200°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)
3	К	0.0 to 800.0°C	0 to 1500°F	0	0 to 1	0
4	К	0.0 to 600.0°C	0 to 1100°F	0	0 to 1	0
5	К	0.0 to 400.0°C	0 to 700°F	0	0 to 1	0
6	К	-200.0 to +400.0°C	-300 to + 700°F	0	0 to 1	0
9	J	0.0 to 800.0°C	0 to 1500°F	0	0 to 1	0
10	J	0.0 to 600.0°C	0 to 1100°F	0	0 to 1	0
11	J	-200.0 to +400.0°C	-300 to + 700°F	0	0 to 1	0
13	E	0.0 to 600.0°C	0 to 1100°F	0	0 to 1	0
14	Т	-200.0 to +400.0°C	-300 to + 700°F	0	0 to 1	0
15	R	0 to 1600°C	0 to 3000°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point
16	S	0 to 1600°C	0 to 3000°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point
17	В	0 to 1800°C	0 to 3300°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point
18	N	0 to 1300°C	0 to 2300°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point
19	PL II	0 to 1300°C	0 to 2300°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point
20	WRe5-26	0 to 1400°C	0 to 2400°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point
21	WRe5-26	0 to 2300°C	0 to 4200°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point
23	PR40-20	0 to 1900°C	0 to 3400°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point
24	DIN U	-200.0 to +400.0°C	-300 to + 700°F	0	0 to 1	0
25	DIN L	-100.0 to +800.0°C	-150 to + 1500°F	0	0 to 1	0

#### • PV input range table (RTD)

	PV input range table (RTD)						
CO1 set value	Sensor type	Range (Celsius)	Range (Fahrenheit)	<i>CO</i> ¥ display	COY range	COY initial value when CO1 settings	
41	Pt100	-200.0 to +500.0°C	-300 to + 900°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)	
42	JPt100	-200.0 to +500.0°C	-300 to + 900°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)	
43	Pt100	-200.0 to +200.0°C	-300 to + 400°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)	
44	JPt100	-200.0 to +200.0°C	-300 to + 400°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)	
45	Pt100	-100.0 to +300.0°C	-150 to + 500°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)	
46	JPt100	-100.0 to +300.0°C	-150 to + 500°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)	
51	Pt100	-50.0 to +200.0°C	-50 to + 400°F	0	0 to 1	1	
52	JPt100	-50.0 to +200.0°C	-50 to + 400°F	0	0 to 1	1	
53	Pt100	-50.0 to +100.0°C	-50 to + 200°F	0	0 to 1	1	
54	JPt100	-50.0 to +100.0°C	-50 to + 200°F	0	0 to 1	1	
63	Pt100	0.0 to 200.0°C	0 to + 400°F	0	0 to 1	1	
64	JPt100	0.0 to 200.0°C	0 to + 400°F	0	0 to 1	1	
67	Pt100	0.0 to 500.0°C	0 to + 900°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)	
68	JPt100	0.0 to 500.0°C	0 to + 900°F		(Not setting)	(No decimal point)	

\*1. Accuracy of sensor type B (No.17): ±5 %FS below 260 °C, ±1%FS from 260 to 800 °C, not specified below 20 °C However, if ROM version 1 in the instrument information bank (**) d D e**) is 2.04 or earlier, the low limit for display is -180 °C. Accuracy of sensor type PR40-20 (No.23): not specified below 300 °C, ±5 %FS from 300 to 800 °C, ±2 %FS from 800 to 1900 °C

However, if ROM version 1 in the instrument information bank (I dO2) is 2.26 or earlier, No.23 cannot be selected.

- \*2. PL II thermocouple is a range, which has been added to the units manufactured from July, 2003.
- \*3. The PV range display for thermocouple with a decimal point is available for ROM version 2.26 and later.

CO1 set value	Sensor type	Range (£05, £05)	<i>्0</i> भ display	<i>CO</i> Y range	ርዐዣ initial value when ርዐ / settings
84	0 to 1 V	• Scaling range is -1999 to +9999.	0	0 to 3	No change
86	1 to 5 V	• When $\mathcal{CO}$ is changed, the	0	0 to 3	No change
87	0 to 5 V	range ( <i>COS</i> , <i>COS</i> ) defaults to 0	0	0 to 3	No change
88	0 to 10 V	to 1000.	0	0 to 3	No change
89	0 to 20 mA		0	0 to 3	No change
90	4 to 20 mA		0	0 to 3	No change

#### • PV input range table (DC voltage/DC current)

## **!** Handling Precautions

• When the **CO** PV input range number is set, the decimal point position and range are initially set automatically as shown in the tables. For details on the decimal point, refer to;

Decimal point position setup (p. 5-5)

- Make sure to set the correct number in setup display CO1, according to the type and range of the sensor used. If the setting is wrong, problems such as large temperature errors in the output may occur.
- For details about the accuracy of each PV range type, refer to;

#### Temperature unit setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key.
  - >> The setup setting [CO2: Temperature unit] is displayed.







(4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [*LO2*].

0: Centigrade (°C) 1: Fahrenheit (°F)

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

## **!** Handling Precautions

When the input type of the model is "T: Thermocouple" or "R: RTD", [CO2: Temperature unit] can be displayed. However, when the input type is "L: DC current or DC voltage", [CO2] cannot be displayed.

## Decimal point position setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the setup setting [CO4:Decimal point position].







- (4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [√𝔅𝔄].</li>
  - 0: No decimal point
  - 1:1 digit after decimal point
  - 2: 2 digits after decimal point
  - 3: 3 digits after decimal point
  - >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

## **!** Handling Precautions

[COM: Decimal point position] can be displayed only when the PV input of the model is "L: DC current or DC voltage input" or "T: Thermocouple", "R: RTD", and the range shown in the PV input range table on page 5-3 has the decimal point.

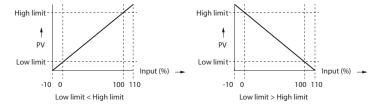
#### PV range low limit/high limit setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the setup setting, [205: PV range low limit] or [205: PV range high limit].
- (4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [£05] or [£05].</li>

Setting range:

- -1999 to +9999 (no decimal point)
- -199.9 to +999.9 (1 digit after decimal point)
- -19.99 to +99.99 (2 digits after decimal point)
- -1.999 to +9.999 (3 digits after decimal point)
- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

The following describes the relationship between the PV input and PV when setting up the range low limit and high limit:



#### **!** Handling Precautions

When the input type of the model is "L: DC current or DC voltage", [ $\mathcal{LOS}$ : PV range low limit] and [ $\mathcal{LOS}$ : PV range high limit] can be set. When the input type is "T: Thermocouple" or "R: RTD", the setup item is displayed, but the set value cannot be changed.





#### Control 5-2

The control method, control action (Direct/Reverse), heat/cool control selection, and heat/cool control deadband are set.

## Control method setup

(1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.

» The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.

- (2) Press the [para] key several times to display the parameter setting [CtrL: Control method].
  - >> The operation enters the [Control method] selection mode.





- (3) Press the  $[<], [V], or [\Lambda]$  key to set the value you have selected from the following in [CtrL].
  - 0: ON/OFF control 1: Fixed PID 2: ST (Self-tuning)
  - $\gg$  When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

The display is returned to the operation display.

## **!** Handling Precautions

When using the ST (Self-tuning) function, refer to 8-2 ST (Self-tuning) Function (p. 8-4) and 8-3 Precautions for ST (Self-tuning) (p. 8-6).

### Control action (Direct/Reverse) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - » The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - » The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [**C**  $\Re$ :Control action (Direct/Reverse)].

- (4) Press the [<], [V], or  $[\land]$  key to set the value you have selected from the following in [ $\mathcal{L}$   $\mathcal{H}$ ].
  - 0: Reverse action (Heat control)
  - 1: Direct action (Cool control)
  - » When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

- When the setup setting [285: Heat/cool control] is set at [1: Enabled], [ ] is not displayed.
- The reverse action (heat control) means that the MV (manipulated variable) is decreased (or turned OFF) as the PV value increases. The direct action (cool control) means that the MV (manipulated variable) is increased (or turned ON) as the PV value increases.





## Heat/Cool control selection setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [ $\mathcal{CE}$ : Heat/Cool control].
- (4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [£€5].
  - 0: Disabled
  - 1: Enabled
  - >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.

The display is returned to the operation display.

## **!** Handling Precautions

- When the control output is one point and the event output is not used, [225] is not displayed.
- If it is necessary to perform the heat/cool control with [ $\mathcal{LE}$ ] set at "1" when the control output is one point, [ $\mathcal{LP}$ :User level] is changed to "High function configuration" and 2nd output must be set to the event with DO assignments.
- When the parameter setting [Ctrl: Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control], [226] is not displayed.

5-9

### Heat/Cool control dead zone setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the setup setting [£28: Heat/Cool control dead zone].



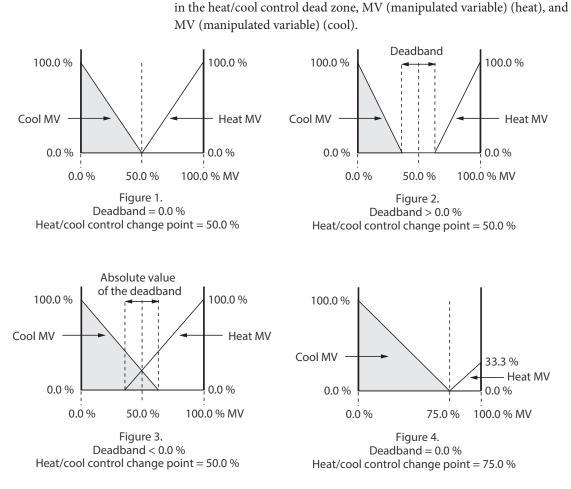


(4) Press the [<], [V], or  $[\wedge]$  key to change the set value in [ $\mathcal{LB}$ ].

Setting range: -100.0 to +100.0 (%)

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

**C28**: The following shows the relationship among the MV (manipulated variable)



For details, refer to Single Loop Controller Model C15 User's Manual "Installation & Configurations" (CP-SP-1148E 13th edition or later)

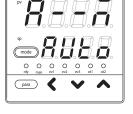
- When the parameter setting [Ctrl: Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control], [228] is not displayed.
- When the control output is one point and the event output is not used, [28] is not displayed.
- When the setup setting [ $\mathcal{LC}$ : Heat/Cool control] is set at [0: Disabled], [ $\mathcal{LC}$ ] is not displayed.

## LSP system group setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [C30: LSP system group].
- (4) Press the [<], [V], or [ $\land$ ] key to change the set value in [**(30**].

#### Setting range: 1 to 4

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.





# 5-3 Internal Event

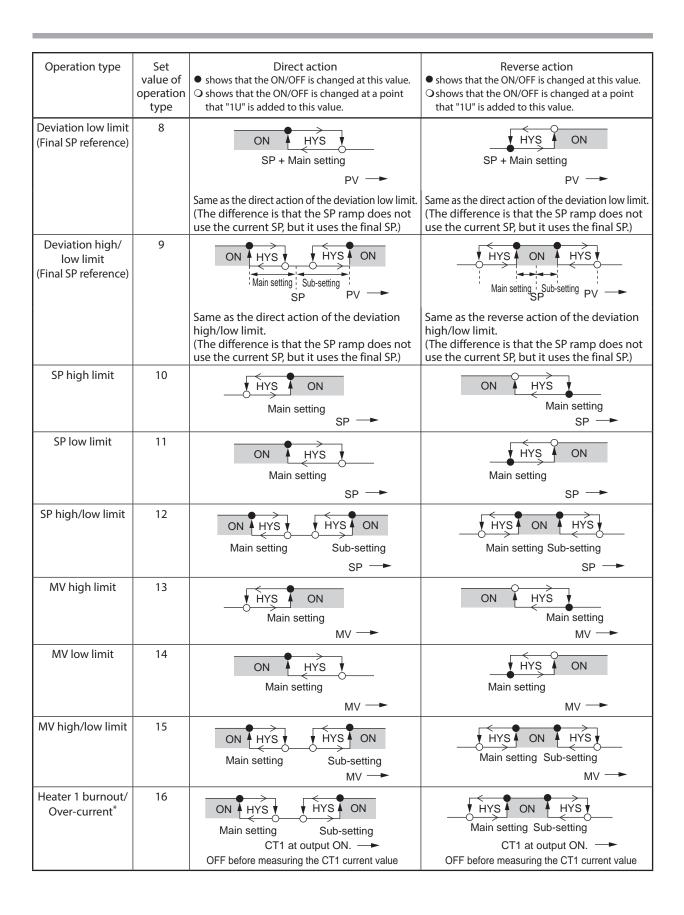
In "Simple configuration", the internal event must be set when using the event output, an additional function of the model. In "Simple configuration", the operation type, Direct/Reverse, standby, MV in READY mode, main setting, and sub-setting of the internal event can be set. With the default settings before shipment, the internal event process has been connected directly to the event output. Therefore, the optional event output of the model is operated only with the internal event setting.

The following describes the event operation.

# 📖 Note

For details about U (unit), refer to the attached glossary.

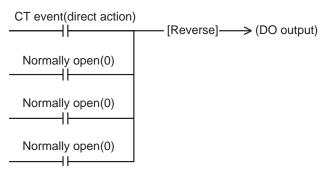
Operation type	Set value of	Direct action • shows that the ON/OFF is changed at this value.	Reverse action ● shows that the ON/OFF is changed at this value.
	operation type	• shows that the ON/OFF is changed at a point that "1U" is added to this value.	O shows that the ON/OFF is changed at a point that "1U" is added to this value.
No event	0	Always OFF	Always OFF
PV high limit	1	HYS ON	ON HYS
		Main setting	Main setting PV ──►
PV low limit	2	ON HYS Main setting	HYS ON Main setting
		PV	PV
PV high/low limit	3	ON HYS HYS ON Main setting Sub-setting	HYS ON HYS Main setting Sub-setting
		PV	PV
Deviation high limit	4	HYS ON SP + Main setting	ON HYS SP + Main setting
		PV	PV
Deviation low limit	5	ON HYS SP + Main setting	SP + Main setting
		PV	PV —►
Deviation high/ low limit	6	ON HYS HYS ON Main setting Sub-setting SP PV	HYS ON HYS Main setting Sub-setting PV
Deviation high limit (Final SP reference)	7	SP + Main setting	ON HYS SP + Main setting PV
		Same as the direct action of the deviation high limit. (The difference is that the SP ramp does not use the current SP, but it uses the final SP.)	Same as the reverse action of the deviation high limit. (The difference is that the SP ramp does not use the current SP, but it uses the final SP.)



Operation type	Set value of operation type	Direct action • shows that the ON/OFF is changed at this value. • shows that the ON/OFF is changed at a point that "1U" is added to this value.	Reverse action • shows that the ON/OFF is changed at this value. • shows that the ON/OFF is changed at a point that "1U" is added to this value.
Heater 1 short-circuit*	17	Main setting CT1 at output OFF. — OFF before measuring the CT1 current value	ON HYS Main setting CT1 at output OFF. — OFF before measuring the CT1 current value
Heater 2 burnout/ Over-current*	18	ON HYS HYS ON Main setting Sub-setting CT2 at output ON. — OFF before measuring the CT2 current value	HYS ON HYS Main setting Sub-setting CT2 at output ON. — OFF before measuring the CT2 current value
Heater 2 short-circuit*	19	HYS ON Main setting CT2 at output OFF. — OFF before measuring the CT2 current value	ON HYS Main setting CT2 at output OFF. — OFF before measuring the CT2 current value

\* When the event type is CT1/2 heater burnout/over-current or CT1/2 heater short-circuit, the status becomes that the event judgment cannot be made from the time of power ON until that CT input current value is measured for the first time. In this case, the internal event output is OFF for both of direct action and reverse action in the direct/reverse setting. To avoid that the output becomes OFF at power ON when used in reverse action, set as follows: (Setting example)

For direct/reverse setting of CT1/2 heater burnout/over-current or CT1/2 short-circuit event, select the direct action, and set the reverse operation in DO assignment calculation of the event output terminal (event terminal or control output terminal).



Operation type	Set value of operation type	Direct action	Reverse action		
Loop diagnosis 1	20	The event is turned ON when any change in PV corresponding to increase/decrease in MV (Manipulated variable) is not observed. This event is used to detect any fault at the operation end.			
		• Setting items			
		Main setting: MV (Manipulated variable)			
		• Sub-setting: PV			
		ON delay time: Diagnosis time			
		• Operation specifications The event is turned ON when the value does not reach the PV set in the sub-setting within the diagnosis time (ON delay time) (conditions 1) even though the MV exceeding the main setting is held (conditions 2).			
		<ul> <li>CAUTION When setting the ON delay, it is necessary</li> </ul>	to put in "High function configuration".		
		The default setting of the ON delay before	shipment is 0.0s.		
		Heat control	Cool control		
		PV Sub-setting	PV Area satisfying conditions 1 Sub-setting		
		↑ MV Main setting	↑ MV Main setting		
		EV Conditions 3 ON delay set time ON	EV ON Time		
		ON delay is started when conditions 1 and 2 are satisfied.	ON delay is started when conditions 1 and 2 are satisfied.		

Operation type	Set value of operation type	Direct action	Reverse action		
Loop diagnosis 2	21	The event is turned ON when any change in PV corresponding to increase/decrease in MV (Manipulated variable) is not observed. This event is used to detect any fault at the operation end.			
		Setting items			
		• Main setting: MV (Manipulated variable)			
		Sub-setting: Change in PV from the point	t that the MV exceeds the main setting.		
		• ON delay time: Diagnosis time			
<ul> <li>Operation specifications         The event is turned ON when the MV exceeding the main setting is h             and the PV does not reach the value that the sub-setting is added to             the PV at the point that the MV exceeds the main setting within the o             delay time) (conditions 1).     </li> </ul>					
		<ul> <li>CAUTION</li> <li>When setting the ON delay, it is necessary to put in "High function configuration". The default setting of the ON delay before shipment is 0.0s.</li> </ul>			
		Heat control	Cool control		
		PV to be used	PV to be used as reference MV Area satisfying Conditions 1 Sub-setting (0 or more) Time +		
		Main setting	Main setting		
		Conditions 3 ON delay EVONTime →	EV ON Time ->		
		ON delay is started when conditions 1 and 2 are satisfied.	ON delay is started when conditions 1 and 2 are satisfied.		

-

Operation type	Set value of operation type	Direct action	Reverse action	
Loop diagnosis 3	22	The event is turned ON when any change in PV corresponding to increase/decrease in MV (Manipulated variable) is not observed. This event is used to detect any fault at the operation end.		
		<ul> <li>Setting items</li> </ul>		
		Main setting: Change in PV from the point that the MV reaches the high limit (100%)     or low limit (0%).		
		Sub-setting: Range of absolute value of de	eviation (PV-SP) allowing the event to turn OFF.	
		ON delay time: Diagnosis time		
		• OFF delay time: A period of time from power ON allowing the event to turn OFF.		
		<ul> <li>Operation specifications</li> </ul>		
		delay time) has elapsed after the MV had	main setting after the diagnosis time (ON I reached the high limit or when the decrease ting after the diagnosis time (ON delay time)	
		delay time) has elapsed after the MV had	e main setting after the diagnosis time (ON I reached the high limit or when the increase ting after the diagnosis time (ON delay time)	
		<ul> <li>The event is turned OFF regardless of oth the deviation (PV-SP) becomes less than</li> </ul>		
		starting of operation after the power has delay time. However, the event is turned OFF when t	ner conditions when a period of time after s been turned ON becomes less than the OFF the absolute value of the deviation is the ter the absolute value of the deviation has	
		<ul> <li>CAUTION When setting the ON delay and OFF delay, configuration". The default settings of the ON delay and C</li> </ul>		
		Heat control	Cool control	
		PV to be used as reference PV PV to be used as reference Nrea satisfying Nrea satisfying Nrea satisfying Nrea satisfying Main setting (0 or more) HYS Main setting (0 or more)	PV PV Area satisfying PV to be used as reference PV to be used PV to be used Area satisfying PV to be used PV to be u	
		MV     Time →       High limit     Area satisfying conditions 2       Low limit     Time →	High limit	
		COnditions 3 ON delay Set time ON EV Time Time	Conditions 3 ON delay Set time ON Set time ON EV ON Time →	
		ON delay is started when conditions 1 and 2 are satisfied.	ON delay is started when conditions 1 and 2 are satisfied.	
Alarm (status)	23	ON if alarm occurs (alarm code AL01 to 99). OFF in other cases.	OFF if alarm occurs (alarm code AL01 to 99) ON in other cases.	

Operation type	Set value of operation type	Direct action	Reverse action	
READY (status)	24	ON in the READY mode. OFF in the RUN mode.	OFF in the READY mode. ON in the RUN mode.	
MANUAL (status)	25	ON in the MANUAL mode. OFF in the AUTO mode.	OFF in the MANUAL mode. ON in the AUTO mode.	
Invalid	26	Always OFF	Always ON	
During AT (Status)	27	ON when AT is executed. OFF when AT is stopped.	OFF when AT is executed. ON when AT is stopped.	
During SP ramp	28	ON during SP ramp. OFF when SP ramp is not performed or is completed.	OFF during SP ramp. ON when SP ramp is not performed or is completed.	
Control action (status)	29	ON during direct action (cooling). OFF during reverse action (heating).	OFF during direct action (cooling). ON during reverse action (heating).	
ST setting standby (status)	30	ON in the ST setting standby. OFF in the ST setting completion.	OFF in the ST setting standby. ON in the ST setting completion.	
Invalid	31	Always OFF	Always ON	
Timer	32			
(status)	52	The direct and reverse action settings are disabled for the timer event. When using the timer event, it is necessary to set the operation type of the DI allocation to "Timer Start/Stop". Additionally, when setting the event channel designation of the allocation, multiple timer events are controlled from individual internal contacts (DI).		
		<ul> <li>Setting items</li> </ul>		
		• ON delay time: A period of time necessary to change the event from OFF to ON after DI has been changed from OFF to ON.		
		• OFF delay time: A period of time necessary to change the event from ON to OFF after DI has been changed from ON to OFF.		
		<ul> <li>Operation specifications</li> </ul>		
		• The event is turned ON when DI ON continues for ON delay time or longer.		
		• The event is turned OFF when DI OFF continues for OFF delay time.		
		In other cases, the current status is continued.		
		DI ON		
		< ON delay	OFF delay	
		Internal event	ON	
			Time	
		<ul> <li>CAUTION         When setting the ON delay and OFF delay, it is necessary to put in "High function configuration".         The default settings of the ON delay and OFF delay before shipment are 0.0s.     </li> </ul>		
		The default setting of the event channel designation of the DI allocation before shipment is "0". In this case, the timer event start/stop can be set for all internal events from one internal contact (DI). Additionally, as one or more event channel designation is set, the timer event start/ stop can be set for one internal event specified by one internal contact (DI).		
		However, when setting the event channel of the DI allocation, it is necessary to put in "High function configuration".		
High and low lmits of MFB value	33	Invalid in this unit. ON/OFF status is undetermined.	Invalid in this unit. ON/OFF status is undetermined.	

#### Event operation type setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the setup setting [E I.C I: Internal Event 1 configuration].







(4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [E1.C1].</li>

#### Setting range: 0 to 33

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.

- The displays of internal event 2 to 5 operation types are [E2.C l], [E3.C l], [E4. Cl], and [E5.C l].
- Five internal events 1 to 5 are provided. However, the number of event outputs determined by the optional function is 0 to 3 points. In "Simple configuration", the operation of internal events 1 to 3 are output to event outputs 1 to 3. To use the operation of the internal events 4 to 5, the setup mode is changed to "High function configuration", and then [DO assignment] must be set.

### Event Direct/Reverse, standby, and Event state at READY setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - » The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - » The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [ $\mathcal{E}$  :  $\mathcal{E}$ : Internal Event 1 Configuration 2].
- (4) Press the  $[<], [v], or [\Lambda]$  key to set the value you have selected from the following in  $[\mathcal{E} \mathcal{L} \mathcal{E} \mathcal{L}]$ .



- - Not reversed. 0.
    - 1: Reversed.
  - 2nd digit

1st digit

Standby Standby not provided 0:

Reverse

- Standby provided 1:
- 2: Standby + Standby at SP change
- 3rd digit Event state at READY
  - 0: Continue
    - Forced OFF 1:
- 4th diait Undefined
- » When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - >> The display is returned to the operation display.

- The standby is a function that disables to turn ON the event even though the event in operation satisfies the ON conditions (before reverse) when the instrument power is turned ON or when the mode is changed from READY to RUN. The event is turned ON when the OFF conditions are satisfied once, and then the ON conditions are satisfied again.
- The standby + standby at SP change means that the standby is set again if the SP (SP value or SP group No.) is changed in addition to the normal standby.
- The internal event 2 to 5 direct/reverse, standby, and Event state at READY displays are [*E2.C2*], [*E3.C2*], [*E4.C2*], and [*E5.C2*].
- When the internal event operation type is [0: No event], the internal event direct/reverse is not displayed.

### Event main setting setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the parameter setting [£ 1: Internal Event 1 main setting].
- (3) Press the [<], [V], or [ $\land$ ] key to change the set value in [ $\xi$  *i*].

Setting range: -1999 to +9999





The decimal point position is changed corresponding to the event operation type. For a part of the event operation types, the setting range becomes 0 to + 9999.

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.

- The displays of the internal event 2 to 5 main settings are [£2], [£3], [£4], and [£5].
- When the internal event operation type is set at [0: No event] or the operation type does not need any main setting, the internal event main setting is not displayed.

#### Event sub-setting setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the parameter setting [£ 1.5b: Internal Event 1 sub-setting].





(3) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [E1.Sb].

Setting range: -1999 to +9999

The decimal point position is changed corresponding to the event operation type. For a part of the event operation types, the setting range becomes 0 to + 9999.

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

- The displays of the internal event 2 to 5 sub-settings are [£2.5b], [£3.5b], [£3.5b], and [£5.5b].
- When the internal event operation type is [0: No event] or the operation type does not need sub-setting, the internal event sub-setting is not displayed.

#### Event hysteresis setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - >> Display the parameter setting [*E 1.H*<sup>4</sup>: Internal Event 1 hysteresis].





(3) Press the [<], [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in  $[\xi, \beta, \beta]$ .

#### Setting range: 0 to 9999

The decimal point position is changed corresponding to the event operation type.

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.

- The displays of the internal event 2 to 5 hysteresis are [E2.H4], [E3.H4], [E4.H4], and [E5.H4].
- When the internal event operation type is [0: No event] or the operation type does not need hysteresis, the internal event hysteresis is not displayed.

# 5-4 CT (Current Transformer) Input

The following settings are necessary when using the CT (Current Transformer) input of the optional model.

For CT input, two kinds of current values are provided.

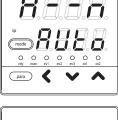
- Current value at output ON: This value is used for the heater burnout/over-current event. The value is displayed as CT current value.
- Current value at output OFF: This value is used for the heater short- circuit event. The value cannot be displayed.

When [CT type] is set at "heater burnout detection", the current value at output ON becomes the CT current value measured when the output specified in [CT output] is turned ON. The current value at output OFF becomes the CT current value measured when the output specified in [CT output] is turned OFF.

When [CT type] is set at "current value measurement", the current value at output ON becomes the measured CT current value regardless of output ON/OFF status. The current value at output OFF is fixed at "0.0A".

## CT type setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [**C36**:CT1 type].







(4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [£36].</p>

0: Heater burnout detection 1: Current value measurement

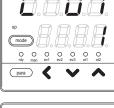
- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

- The display of the CT2 type is [
- When the additional function of the model is that CT is not provided, [236] and [239] are not displayed.

#### CT output setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [**CP**: CT1 output].







- (4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [€37].</li>
  - 0: Control output 1 1: Control output 2 2: Event output 1 3: Event output 2 4: Event output 3

Set an output used for ON/OFF control of the heater power, on which CT (current transformer) is installed.

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

- The display of the CT2 output is [CH0].
- When the optional function of the model is that CT is not provided, [C37] and [C40] are not displayed.
   When [C36] is set at [1: Current measurement], [C37] is not displayed.
   When [C39] is set at [1: Current measurement], [C40] is not displayed.

## CT wait time before measurement setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the setup setting [C38: CT1 wait time before measurement].







(4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [€ 38].</li>

Setting range: 30 to 300 ms

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

- The display of [CT2 wait time before measurement] is [241].
- When the optional function of the model is that CT is not provided, [238] and [241] are not displayed.
   When [236] is set at [1: Current measurement], [238] is not displayed.
   When [239] is set at [1: Current measurement], [241] is not displayed.

# 5-5 Continuous Output

The settings below are necessary when the control output of the model uses the current output.

In a current range of 4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA selected in [Output range], the current, that the value set in [Output type] is scaling-processed with [Output scaling low limit-high limit], is then output.

## Output range setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [ $\mathcal{L}$  Cutput 1 range].
- (4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [∠42].</li>

1: 4 to 20 mA 2: 0 to 20 mA

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

- The display of the output 2 range is [247].
- When the control output 1 of the model is set at "current", [242] is displayed.

When the control output 2 of the model is set at "current",  $[\mathcal{L}]^{2}$  is displayed.







#### Output type setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [**C43**: Output1 type].







(4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [〔43].</li>

0: MV (manipulated variable) 1: Heat MV (for heat/cool control) 2: Cool MV (for heat/cool control)	Scaled in units of 0.1%.
3: PV	Scaled in the same unit of measure
4: PV before bias	(°C, etc.) as the PV.
5: SP	
6: Deviation	J
7: CT1 current value	$\int$ Scaled in units of 0.1 A.
8: CT2 current value	$\int$
9: MFB (invalid on SDC15)	
10: SP+MV	Scaled in the same unit of measure $\begin{cases} \circ C, etc. \end{cases}$ of the PV.
11: PV+MV	$\int$ (°C, etc.) as the PV.

- » When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

- The display of the output 2 type is [248].
- When the control output 1 of the model is set at "current", [[43] is displayed. When the control output 2 of the model is set at "current", [[48] is displayed.
- If ROM version 1 of the instrument information bank (l d d d) is prior to 2.04, the value is -180 °C.

#### Output scaling low limit/high limit setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - Display the setup setting [544: Control output 1 scaling low limit] or [545: Control output 1 scaling high limit].





(4) Press the [<], [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in  $[\mathcal{L}^{44}]$  and  $[\mathcal{L}^{45}]$ .

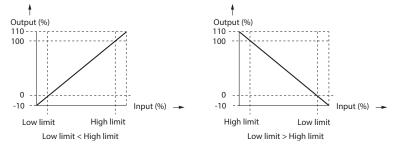
Setting range: -1999 to +9999

The decimal point position and unit are changed corresponding to the output type.

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

The following figures show the relationship between the output and the numeric value of the output type by output scaling low limit/high limit setup:



#### ! Handling Precautions

- The displays of the output 2 scaling low limit and high limit are [ $\mathcal{L}$ <sup>(2</sup>)] and [ $\mathcal{L}$ <sup>(2</sup>)].
- When the control output 1 of the model is set at "current", [544] and [545] are displayed.

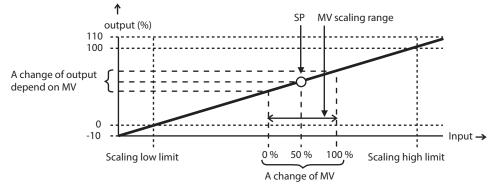
When the control output 2 of the model is set at "current", [C40] and [C50] are displayed.

#### MV scaling range

When the control output type is set to either SP+MV or PV+MV, the control output is a continuous output in which the amount of change in the MV is added to the SP or PV.

- When the output type of control output 1, control output 2 or the auxiliary output is SP+MV or PV+MV, this item is displayed and can be set.
- The value calculated by the following formula is output according to the output scaling low/high limit settings: In case of SP+MV,(MV-50.0)/100.0 × MV scaling range + SP

In case of PV+MV,(MV-50.0)/100.0 × MV scaling range + PV



An example of the output type is SP+MV

- This function is used for cascade control when the continuous output of this controller is connected to the RSP (remote SP) of another controller, with this controller as master and the other controller as slave. Set the RSP range to MV scaling range, which changes in proportion to a change in the MV (0–100 %) of this controller.
- If ROM version 1 of the instrument information bank( $l \neq 0 \neq 0$ ) is prior to version 2.04, neither SP+MV nor PV+MV can be selected as an output type. The MV scaling range is not displayed and cannot be set.

### 5-6 Communication

The settings below are necessary when using the RS-485 communication, an optional function of the model. In "Simple configuration", the communication mode, station address, transmission speed, data format (data length), data format (parity), and data format (stop bit) are set.

#### Communication mode setup

(1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.

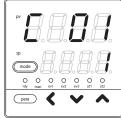
 $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.

- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - >> Display the setup setting [ 54: Communication type].
- (4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [<</li>
  - 0: CPL 1: Modbus (ASCII format) 2: Modbus (RTU format)
  - >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

When the RS-485 communication is provided as an optional function of the model,  $[\underbrace{\pounds} \underbrace{\delta} \underbrace{4}]$  is displayed. Make the settings so that the communication mode becomes the same as that of the master station.







#### Station address setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - » The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [**255**: Station address].







(4) Press the [<], [V], or  $[\land]$  key to change the set value in [[65].

#### Setting range: 0 to 127

- » When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.



- Set [Station address] of an instrument multidrop-connected through the RS-485 to a value other than "0", which is not duplicated. If [Station address] is set at "0", the communication cannot be performed.
- When the optional function of the model includes RS-485, [55] is displayed.

#### Transmission speed setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - » The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [**565**: Transmission speed].







- (4) Press the [<],  $[\lor]$ , or  $[\land]$  key to set the value you have selected from the following in  $[\pounds \delta \delta]$ .
  - 0:4800 bps 1:9600 bps
  - 2: 19200 bps
  - 3: 38400 bps
  - » When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.



#### Handling Precautions

When the RS-485 communication is provided as an optional function of the model, [55] is displayed. Make the settings so that the transmission speed becomes the same as that of the master station.

### Data format (data length) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - » The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [**C 7**: Data format (data length)].







- (4) Press the [<], [V], or  $[\land]$  key to set the value you have selected from the following in [57].
  - 0:7 bits 1:8 bits
  - » When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.



- When RS-485 is provided as an optional function of the model,  $[\mathcal{LS}]$  is displayed. Make the settings so that the data format becomes the same as that of the master station of the communication.
- When the setup setting [5 3: Communication type] is set at [2: Modbus (RTU format)], [57] is not displayed. At this time, the data length becomes 8 bits.

#### Data format (parity) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the setup setting [58: Data format (parity)].







- (4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [€58].</li>
  - 0: Even parity 1: Odd parity 2: No parity
  - >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

• When RS-485 is provided as an optional function of the model, [[68] is displayed. Make the settings so that the data format becomes the same as that of the master station of the communication.

### Data format (stop bit) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - » The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [**CS** : Data format (stop bit)].







- (4) Press the [<], [V], or  $[\land]$  key to set the value you have selected from the following in  $[\mathcal{LS9}]$ .
  - 0:1 stop bit 1:2 stop bits
  - » When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.



#### Handling Precautions

• When RS-485 is provided as an optional function of the model, [59] is displayed. Make the settings so that the data format becomes the same as that of the master station of the communication.

### 5-7 Key Operation

In "Simple configuration", the mode key function and user level are set.

#### Mode key function setup

- In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the setup setting [CR: Mode key function].
- (4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [Cic].</li>
  - 0: Invalid
  - 1: AUTO/MANUAL mode selection
  - 2: RUN/READY mode selection
  - 3: AT (Auto tuning) Stop/Start selection
  - 4: LSP (Local SP) group selection
  - 5: Release all DO (digital output) latches
  - 6: Invalid
  - 7: ON/OFF selection of communication DI (Digital Input) 1
  - >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

- When the parameter setting [*Lerl*: Control method] is set at [0: ON/ OFF control], the mode does not become the MANUAL mode. Therefore, even though the [MODE key function] is set at "AUTO/MANUAL mode selection", this setting becomes invalid.
- When the setup setting [C30: LSP system group] is set at "1", the LSP group cannot be changed. Therefore, even though [MODE key function] is set at "LSP group selection", this setting becomes invalid at this time.







#### User level setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [**CP**: User level].





(4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [<??].</li>

0: Simple configuration1: Standard configuration2: High function configuration

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

When [User level] is set at [Standard configuration] or [High function configuration], the description of this manual is insufficient. In this case, refer to Single Loop Controller Model C15 User's Manual "Installation & Configurations" (CP-SP-1148E).

### 5-8 DI Assignment

The settings below are necessary when using DI (digital input), an optional function of the model. In "Simple configuration", the internal contact operation type is set. With the default settings before shipment, the DI has been directly connected to the internal contact process. Therefore, the operation is performed only with the internal contact operation type.

#### Internal contact operation type setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.

Display the setup setting [2] 1. 1: Internal contact 1 operation type].







Set value	Function	Operation at OFF	Operation at ON
0	No function	None	None
1	LSP group selection (0/+1)	LSP No.: +0	LSP No.: +1
2	LSP group selection (0/+2)	LSP No.: +0	LSP No.: +2
3	LSP group selection (0/+4)	LSP No.: +0	LSP No.: +4
4	PID group selection (0/+1)	Invalid	Invalid
5	PID group selection (0/+2)	Invalid	Invalid
6	PID group selection (0/+4)	Invalid	Invalid
7	RUN/READY mode selection	RUN	READY
8	AUTO/MANUAL mode selection	AUTO	MANUAL
9	LSP/RSP mode selection	Invalid	Invalid
10	AT (Auto tuning) Stop/Start	AT Stop	AT Start
11	ST (Self-tuning) disabled/enabled	ST disabled	ST enabled
12	Control action direct/reverse selection	Set action	Reverse action of setting
13	SP ramp enabled/disabled	SP ramp enabled	SP ramp disabled
14	PV value hold	No-hold	Hold
15	PV Max. hold	No-hold	Hold
16	PV Min. hold	No-hold	Hold
17	Timer Stop/Start	Timer stop	Timer start
18	Release all DO latches	Continue if latch exists.	Latch release
19	Advance operation	Invalid	Invalid
20	Step hold	Invalid	Invalid

(4) Press the [<], [V], or [A] key to change the value set in [*i*]? *l*. *l*] to that you have selected from the following table:

>> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.

- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

- The displays of the internal contact 2 to 3 operation types are  $[\mathfrak{G}, \mathfrak{G}, \mathfrak{f}]$  and  $[\mathfrak{G}, \mathfrak{F}, \mathfrak{f}]$ .
- There are three internal contacts 1 to 3. However, the number of digital inputs determined by the optional function of the model is 0 to 2 points. With the default settings before shipment, the operation of digital inputs 1 to 2 has been connected to the internal contacts 1 to 2. When using the operation of internal contact 3, it is necessary to change the setup mode to "High function configuration" and set [DI assignment].
- For LSP group selection, a value that "1" is added to the sum of weights (+1, +2, and +4) when the internal contact is turned ON becomes the LSP group No.
- Do not use with [14: PV Hold], [15: PV Max. hold], and [16: PV Min. hold] mixed.
- For operation type other than [0: No function] and [1 to 3: LSP selection], the same operation type is set for multiple internal contacts.
- When using the heat/cool control, do not use [12: Control action direct/ reverse selection].

# Chapter 6. SETTINGS DURING OPERATION

### 6-1 SP

The SP can be set in either the operation display or parameter setting display mode.

#### SP setup in operation display mode

 Make sure that the unit is in the operation display mode.
 If the unit is in the parameter setting display or setup setting display mode, press the [mode] key.

» The display is then returned to the operation display.

- (2) Make sure that the PV is shown on the display No. 1 and the SP is shown on the display No. 2. If other data is shown, press the [para] key several times.
  - >> Display the PV on the display No. 1 and the SP on the display No. 2.



(3) Press the [<], [V], or [A] key to change the set SP value.

Setting range: SP low limit to SP high limit However, note that the PV range low limit/high limit have already been set for the SP low limit/high limit.

>> When no keys are pressed for 2 sec. or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

• With "Standard configuration" or "High function configuration", it is possible to make the settings so that the PV or SP is not displayed on the operation display.

At this time, either the PV or SP, or both the PV and SP are not displayed. Therefore, the actual display status may vary from the above description. The SP cannot be set when the settings are made so that the SP is not shown in the operation display mode. At this time, however, the SP can be set in the parameter setting display mode.

• The SP low limit/high limit cannot be set with "Simple configuration".

#### LSP No. setup

Make sure that the unit is in the operation display mode.
 If the unit is in the parameter setting display or setup setting display mode, press the [mode] key.

» The display is then returned to the operation display.

- (2) Make sure that the LSP No. is shown on the display No. 1 and the SP corresponding to this LSP No. is shown on the display No. 2. If other data is shown, press the [para] key several times.
  - >> Display the LSP No. on the display No. 1 and the SP corresponding to this LSP No. on the display No. 2.



(3) Press the [<], [v], or  $[\wedge]$  key to change the LSP No.

Setting range: 0 to LSP setting system group

>> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.

- When the setup setting [C30:LSP system group] is set at "1", [LSP No.] is not displayed.
- When the operation type of any of the internal contacts 1 to 3 is set at "LSP group selection", [LSP No.] cannot be changed.

#### SP setup in parameter setting display mode

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.

 $\gg$  Display the setup setting [52 - i: SP of SP1 group].





(3) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [5P-1].

Setting range: SP low limit to SP high limit However, the PV range low limit/high limit have already been set for the SP low limit/high limit.

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

### **!** Handling Precautions

When the LSP groups are set up with the setup setting [ $\mathcal{L}30$ : LSP system group], up to four groups, [ $\mathcal{L}P - \mathcal{L}$ ], [ $\mathcal{L}P - \mathcal{L}$ ], and [ $\mathcal{L}P - \mathcal{L}$ ] can be used.

### 6-2 Operation Display other than SP

With "Simple configuration", the MV (manipulated variable) setting, heat MV (manipulated variable), cool MV (manipulated variable), AT progress, and CT (current transformer) inputs 1 and 2 are displayed.

#### MV (manipulated variable) display and setup

- Make sure that the unit is in the operation display mode. If the unit is in the parameter setting display or setup setting display mode, press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is then returned to the operation display.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display [oiii] on the display No. 1 and the MV on the display No. 2. In the MANUAL mode, the 1st digit of the MV display starts flashing.



(3) In the MANUAL mode, press the [<], [V], or [^] key to change the MV value.

Setting range: -10.0 to +110.0 %

When using the time proportional output, a value ranging from - 10.0 to -0.1 % is the same as 0.0 %, that is, the output always becomes OFF.

Additionally, a value ranging from +100.1 to +110.0 % is the same as 100.0 %, that is, the output always becomes ON.

- In the AUTO mode, the MV value is not changed even though the [<], [v], or [^] key is pressed.
- With "Standard configuration" or "High function configuration", it is possible to make the settings so that the MV is not displayed.

#### ■ Heat MV (manipulated variable) and cool MV (manipulated variable) display

- (1) Make sure that the unit is in the operation display mode. If the unit is in the parameter setting display or setup setting display mode, press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is then returned to the operation display.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display [HER] on the display No. 1 and the heat MV on the display No. 2 or display [Look] on the display No. 1 and the cool MV on the display No. 2.



(3) Even though the [<], [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key is pressed, the heat MV and cool MV cannot be changed.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

With "Standard configuration" or "High function configuration", it is possible to make the settings so that the heat MV or cool MV is not displayed.

#### AT (auto tuning) progress display

(1) Make sure that the unit is in the operation display mode. If the unit is in the parameter setting display or setup setting display mode, press the [mode] key.

» The display is then returned to the operation display.

- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the PV value on the display No. 1, and [At] and progress No. on the display No. 2. The progress No. becomes smaller as the AT is progressed.

When the AT is completed, the progress No.



(When the progress No. is not "0", the No. may be skipped or returned depending on the AT calculation status.)

(3) Even though the  $[<], [v], or [\Lambda]$  key is pressed, the AT progress cannot be changed.



#### Handling Precautions

becomes "0".

The display mode is changed to the AT progress display mode only when the AT is running in this unit.

#### CT (current transformer) input 1/2 current value display

 Make sure that the unit is in the operation display mode. If the unit is in the parameter setting display or setup setting display mode, press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is then returned to the operation display.

- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - Display [L 2] on the display No. 1 and the CT input 1 current value on the display No. 2, or display [L 2] on the display No. 1 and the CT input 2 current value on the display No. 2.



(3) Even though the [<], [V], or [A] key is pressed, the CT input1/2 values cannot be changed.</li>

- If the CT input current value cannot be updated when the CT type is set at "heater burnout detection" and the output specified for the CT output is OFF or ON for a short time, the flashing CT input current value is displayed.
- With "Standard configuration" or "High function configuration", it is possible to make the settings so that the CT input 1 or 2 is not displayed.

### 6-3 Mode

In "Simple configuration", AUTO/MANUAL mode selection, RUN/READY mode selection, AT (auto tuning) Stop/ Start selection, release all DO (digital output) latches, and communication DI (digital input) 1 OFF/ON selection can be set.

However, the operation by the communication DI1 cannot be set only in "Simple configuration".

#### AUTO/MANUAL mode selection setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - The parameter setting [A A : AUTO/MANUAL mode selection] is displayed.



(2) Press the [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [A -- M].

គីមី៩០: AUTO mode ភំគីភ: MANUAL mode

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (3) Press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

- When the operation type of any of internal contacts 1 to 3 is set at "AUTO/ MANUAL mode selection", [A - - →] cannot be changed.

#### RUN/READY mode selection setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, press the [para] key.
  - >> The parameter setting [-----:RUN/READY mode selection] is displayed.
- (3) Press the [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [r -r].

*rじn*: RUN mode *r d*当: READY mode

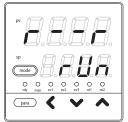
- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.

#### ! Handling Precautions

When the operation type of any of internal contacts 1 to 3 is set at "RUN/ READY mode selection", [r - r] cannot be changed.





#### AT (auto tuning) Stop/Start selection setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the parameter setting [#2: AT Stop/Start selection].





(3) Press the [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to set the value you have selected from the following in  $[\Re k]$ .

RE. oF: AT stop Rt.on: AT start

- $\gg$  When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.



#### **!** Handling Precautions

When the operation type of any of internal contacts 1 to 3 is set at "AT Stop/ Start selection",  $[\mathcal{R}_{c}]$  cannot be changed.

When using the AT function,

refer to 8 - 1 AT (auto tuning) Function (p. 8-2).

#### Release all DO (digital output) latches setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the parameter setting [do.LL: Release all DO latches].
- (3) Press the [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [*i*, *i*, *i*].

Lt.on: Latch continue Lt.oF: Latch release

- When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value. When releasing the latch in the digital output process after setting [L2.0F], the setting item is automatically changed to [L2.0n].
- (4) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.





### Communication DI (digital input) 1 setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - >> Display the parameter setting [**[.c]** *i*: Communication DI 1] is displayed.



(3) Press the [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [∠. 𝔅, 𝔅].

ல், ச: Communication dl1 OFF ல், சை: Communication dl1 ON

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

#### PID 6-4

In this unit, the number of PID groups is one. When [Leck: Control method] is set at "0" (ON/OFF control), the PID cannot be set.

In "Simple configuration", P- (Proportional band), I- (Integration time), d- (Derivative time), - E- (Manual reset), P - 1 (Cool-side proportional band), I - 1 (Cool-side integration time) and D - 1 (Cool-side derivative time) can be set.

#### P-1 (proportional band) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the parameter setting [P i: Proportional band].





(3) Press the [v], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in [**P** - {].

Setting range: 0.1 to 999.9%

- » When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.



#### | ! | Handling Precautions

When [LerL: Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control], [P - 1] is not displayed.

### ■ I-1 (Integration time) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.

 $\gg$  Display the parameter setting [*i* - *i*: Integral time].





(3) Press the [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in [**/ - /**].

Setting range: 0 to 9999s

>> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.

(4) Press the [mode] key. The display is returned to the operation display.

**!** Handling Precautions

When [LerL: Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control], [l - l] is not displayed.

#### d-1 (Derivative time) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - >> Display the parameter setting [d l: Derivative time].





(3) Press the [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in [d - i].

Setting range: 0 to 9999s

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

Handling Precautions

When [ $l \ge r$ ]: Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control], [ $l \ge l$ ] is not displayed.

### rE-1 (Manual reset) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - >> Display the parameter setting [- E I: Manual reset].





(3) Press the [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in  $[[-\xi - i]]$ .

Setting range: -10.0 to +110.0%

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

- When [こと・と: Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control], [・と・1] is not displayed.
- When [£25: Heat/Cool control] is set at [0: disabled] and [i i: Integration time] is set at a value other than "0", [r E i] is not displayed.
- When [££5: Heat/Cool control] is set at [1: enabled] and both [! !: Integration time] and [! - !£: Cool-side integration time] are set at a value other than "0", [r£ - !] is not displayed.

#### P-1C (Cool-side proportional band) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the parameter setting [P-1C: P (Proportional band) (cool)].



(3) Press the [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in [P-IC].

Setting range: 0.1 to 999.9%

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

When [ $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}$ : Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control] or [ $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}$ : Heat/ Cool control] is set at [0: disabled], [ $\mathcal{P}\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}$ ] is not displayed.

### ■ I-1C (Cool-side integration time) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the parameter setting [ $l l \zeta$ : Cool-side integration time].





(3) Press the [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in [**/ - { [**].

Setting range: 0 to 9999s

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.

## **!** Handling Precautions

When [LerL: Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control] or [Lefs: Heat/ Cool control] is set at [0: disabled], [I - I C] is not displayed.

#### d-1C (Cool-side derivative time) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - >> Display the parameter setting [2 2: Cool-side derivative time].





(3) Press the [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in  $[\sigma - i \zeta]$ .

Setting range: 0 to 9999s

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

**!** Handling Precautions

When [ $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}$ : Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control] or [ $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}$ : Heat/ Cool control] is set at [0: disabled], [ $\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}$ ] is not displayed.

#### **Other Parameter Setup** 6-5

In "Simple configuration", the ON/OFF control differential, PV filter, PV bias, time proportional cycle time 1/2, MV low limit and high limit at AT (auto tuning), key lock, password display, and password 1A to 2B can be set.

### ON/OFF control differential setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - » The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.

» Display the parameter setting [: FF: ON/OFF



- (3) Press the [V], or  $[\Lambda]$  key to change the set value in [**d**]; F.F.].

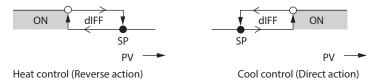
Setting range: 0 to 9999U

(2) Press the [para] key several times.

control differential].

The decimal point is changed corresponding to the PV range.

- > When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.



- shows that the ON/OFF is changed at this value.
- O shows that the ON/OFF is changed at a point that "1U" is added to this value.



#### [!] Handling Precautions

When [Leck: Control method] is set at a value other than "0" (ON/OFF control),  $[\mathbf{a}; \mathbf{F}, \mathbf{F}]$  is not displayed.

#### PV filter setup

The PV filter (primary filter with the software) is activated to remove the noise from the PV input.

(1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.

 $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.

(2) Press the [para] key several times.

 $\gg$  Display the parameter setting [FL: PV filter].





(3) Press the [<], [V], or  $[\wedge]$  key to change the set value in  $[\mathcal{F}_{L}]$ .

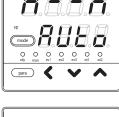
Setting range: 0.0 to 120.0 s

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.
  - $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

#### PV bias setup

The PV bias is activated to correct the PV input error.

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the parameter setting [**b** : PV bias].





(3) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [𝔅 ].

Setting range: -1999 to + 9999U

The decimal point position is changed corresponding to the PV range.

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

#### ■ Time proportional cycle 1/2 setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - Display the parameter setting [5]: Time proportional cycle 1] or [5]: Time proportional cycle 2].





(3) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [〔]].

Setting range: 5 to 120 s 1 to 120 s The output includes the relay output. The output does not include the relay output.

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.

- When the heat/cool control is not used, the time proportional cycle is set using [23], and [232] is not displayed. When using the heat/cool control, the time proportional cycle of MV (manipulated variable) on the heat side is set using [23] and the time proportional cycle of MV (manipulated variable) on the cool side is set using [232].
- When the proportional cycle setting of the relay output is less than 5 s, the relay output is operated with time proportional cycle time of 5 s.

## MV low limit/high limit at AT (auto tuning)

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) Press the [para] key several times.
  - Display the parameter setting [AL.oL: MV low limit at AT] or [AL.oH: MV high limit at AT]. The Figure on the right shows that [AL.oL: MV low limit at AT] is displayed.





(3) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [ℜŁ.oŁ] and [ℜŁ.oH].

Setting range: -10.0 to +110.0%

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

 $\gg$  The display is returned to the operation display.

## ! Handling Precautions

When [ビナーム: Control method] is set at [0: ON/OFF control], [ボナ.・ム] and [ボナ. ッガ] are not displayed.

#### AT type setup

(1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.

 $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.

(2) Press the [para] key several times.

 $\gg$  Display the parameter setting [#2.23: AT type].





(3) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to set the value you have selected from the following in [ℜ L L].

0: Normal (Standard control characteristics)

- 1: Immediate response (Control characteristics immediately responding to external disturbance)
- 2: Stable (Control characteristics having less up/down fluctuation of PV)
- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (4) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

- The set value "1" (immediate response) is suitable for a process that the heater heat affects the PV directly and is intended for the adjustment aiming at the immediate response.
- The set value "2" (stable) is suitable for a process that the heater heat affects the PV indirectly and is intended for the adjustment aiming at the stability.
- When compared to the AT function of Azbil Corporation's conventional model, the results similar to the SDC10 are obtained when the set value "1" (immediate response) is set and the results similar to the SDC20/21 are obtained when the set value "0" (normal) is used.

#### Key lock setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - $\gg$  Display the setup setting [Key lock].
- (4) Press the [<], [v], or [A] key to select the set value in [LoC] from the following:</li>
  - 0: All settings are possible.
  - 1: Mode, event, operation display, SP, UF, lock, manual MV, and mode key can be set.
  - 2: Operation display, SP, UF, lock, manual MV, and mode key can be set.
  - 3: UF, lock, manual MV, and mode key can be set.
  - >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

## Handling Precautions

When two sets of passwords (1A and 1B, 2A and 2B) are met, the set value can be changed.

#### Password lock function

This controller has a password lock function using a password in addition to the key lock function. It offers a double security so that the key lock setting itself cannot be changed by unauthorized operators. In password lock function, the setting to disable the change in key lock function cannot be displayed.

The passwords are made by two groups of numerical values. Each value consists of 4 digits. The setting can be changed only when the two groups (1A and 1B, 2A and 2B) are matched. In order to prevent incorrect password setting, the password cannot be set if the setting value is set to 5 in the password display. In addition, the setting value of this password display is returned to zero (0) at every power supply ON.

#### • Password setup flow

Setting of password display	The status is changed to the one under which the password can be set.
Setting of passwords (1A, 2A)	When P5 IR and P52R are set, the P5 Ib is same as the P5 IR, and the P52R is same as the P52b.
Setting of password (1B, 2B)	When the <i>P5 (b</i> and the <i>P52b</i> are set to the values different from the ones of <i>P5 (R</i> and <i>P52R</i> , the mode is changed to the password lock status and the setting cannot be made.
Cancellation of password lock	When the <b>P5 (b</b> is set to the same value as the <b>P5 (R</b> in the password setting and the <b>P52b</b> is set to the same value as the <b>P52R</b> , the password lock status is cancelled. In addition, when setting to the mode where the password setting cannot be made, set the setting value of PASS password display to

the value other than 5.

## Password display setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - » Display the setup setting [PR55: Password display].





(4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [PR55].</li>

Setting range: 0 to 15

When "5" is set, the passwords 1A to 2B can be displayed. When the power is turned ON, the setting is returned to "0".

- >> When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.
  - » The display is returned to the operation display.

#### ! Handling Precautions

[PASS] limits to the conditions to display the passwords 1A, 2A, 1B and 2B, in order to prevent incorrect password setting.

#### Passwords (1A, 2A, 1B, 2B) setup

- (1) In the operation display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - $\gg$  The unit then enters the parameter setting mode.
- (2) In the parameter setting display mode, keep the [para] key pressed for 2 s or longer.
  - >> The display is then changed to the setup setting display.
- (3) Press the [para] key several times.
  - Display the setup setting [P5 #: Password 1A]. The same operation applies to the following passwords:
     P528: Password 2A
     P5 b: Password 1B
     P52b: Password 2B



(4) Press the [<], [∨], or [∧] key to change the set value in [*P5 i*?].

Setting range: 0000 to FFFF

The same operation applies to other passwords *P528*, *P5* **b**, and *P52b*.

- When no keys are pressed for 2 s or longer, the flashing of the numeric value is stopped to set the currently displayed value.
   As *P5 iR* is set, the same value is set in *P5 ib*. Accordingly, when *P52R* is set, the same value is set in *P52b*.
- (5) Press the [mode] key.

» The display is returned to the operation display.

#### **!** Handling Precautions

- Before setting the passwords 1A, 2A, 1B and 2B, determine two hexadecimal values to be used as passwords and take a memorandum of these passwords to record them.
- When other values are set for passwords 1B and 2B after the values to be used as passwords have been set for passwords 1A and 2A, the passwords 1A and 2A cannot be displayed and the key lock cannot be changed. This status is called "password lock status".
- The settings, which cannot be changed by the key lock, cannot be displayed in the password lock mode.

# Chapter 7. LIST OF SIMPLE CONFIGURATION DISPLAY ITEMS

## 7-1 List of Operation Displays

Display	ltem	Contents	Initial value	Notes
Upper display: PV	SP (Target value)	SP low limit ([07]) to	0	
Lower display: SP		SP high limit ( <i>COB</i> )		
Lower display: LSP	LSP group number (Numeric value at 1st digit = the right end digit)	1 to LSP system group (£30, Max. 4)	1	Displayed when LSP system group (£30) is "2" or more. The lower display shows the LSP set value corresponding to the LSP group number.
<b>8.8.8</b> .8.	MV (Manipulated Variable)	-10.0 to 110.0 % Setting is disabled in AUTO mode. (Numeric value does not flash.) Setting is enabled in MANUAL mode. (Numeric value flashes.)		In the ON/OFF control ( $\mathcal{E}\mathcal{F}\mathcal{L} = 0$ ), "100.0" is displayed at ON and "0.0" is displayed at OFF.
8888	Heat MV (Manipulated Variable)	Setting is disabled.	_	Displayed when using the heat cool control ( $\mathcal{LE5}=1$ ).
8888	Cool MV (Manipulated Variable)	Setting is disabled.	_	
Upper display: PV	AT progress display (Numeric value at 1st digit = the right end digit)	Setting is disabled. 1 - : During execution of AT (Value is decreased.) 0: Completion of AT	_	The display mode is changed to the AT progress display mode only when the AT is running in this unit.
<b>8.8.</b> 8.8.	CT (Current transformer) current value 1	Setting is disabled.	_	Displayed when the optional model has two current transformer points.

## 7-2 List of Parameter Setting Displays

Display	ltem	Contents	Initial value	Notes
	AUTO/MANUAL mode selection	<b>BBBBBCC</b> : AUTO mode	AUTO	Displayed when the control method is other than ON/OFF control ( $\mathcal{L} \succeq r \mathcal{L} \neq 0$ ).
<b>8</b> .8.8.	RUN/READY mode selection	B. B. B. B. C. : MANUAL mode	RUN	
<b>8.8</b> .8.8.	AT Stop/Start selection	<b>8.8.8</b> .8. : READY mode	AT stop	Displayed when the control method is other than ON/OFF control ( $\mathcal{L}r\mathcal{L} \neq 0$ ).
8.8.8.8.	Release all DO latches	<b>8.8.0</b> .0.: AT start <b>8.8.0</b> .0.: Latch continue	Latch continue	All DO latches such as control outputs (relay and voltage pulse) and events can be released.
<i>8.8.8.8</i> .	Communication DI1	<b>B</b> . <b>B</b> . <b>B</b> . <b>C</b>	OFF	
<b>8</b> .8.8.8.	SP (for LSP1)	SP low limit (£07) to SP high limit (£08)	0	
8888	SP (for LSP2)	SP low limit ( <i>CO1</i> ) to SP high limit ( <i>CO8</i> )	0	Displayed when [LSP system group] ( $\sub{30}$ ) is "2" or more.
<i>88.8.8</i>	SP (for LSP3)	SP low limit ( <i>COT</i> ) to SP high limit ( <i>COB</i> )	0	Displayed when [LSP system group] ( $\sub{30}$ ) is "3" or more.
<b>8</b> .8.8.8.	SP (for LSP4)	SP low limit ( <i>CO</i> 7) to SP high limit ( <i>CO</i> 8)	0	Displayed when [LSP system group] ( <i>C30</i> ) is "4" or more.
<b>8</b> .8.8.8.	Event 1 main setting	-1999 to +9999 The decimal point position	0	Necessary settings are displayed according to Internal Event 1
<b>8.8.8.8</b> .	Event 1 sub setting	may vary so that it meets the operation type. The above value becomes 0 to 9999 in some operation types.	0	operation type (E I, C I).
<b>8</b> .8.8.8.	Event 1 hysteresis	0 to 9999 The decimal point position may very so that it meets the operation type.	5	
88.8.8.	Event 2 main setting	Same as Event 1 main / sub setting	0	Necessary settings are displayed according to Internal Event 1
88.88	Event 2 sub setting		0	operation type (E2.£ l).
88.88	Event 2 hysteresis	Same as Event 1 hysteresis	5	

Display	ltem	Contents	Initial value	Notes
8.8.8.8.	Event 3 main setting	Same as Event 1 main / sub	0	Necessary settings are displayed
	Front 2 sub sotting	setting	0	according to Internal Event 1 operation type ( $\mathcal{E}\mathcal{I}\mathcal{I}$ ).
8.8.8.8	Event 3 sub setting		0	
8888	Event 3 hysteresis	Same as Event 1 hysteresis	5	
8.8.8.8.	Event 4 main setting	Same as Event 1 main / sub setting	0	Necessary settings are displayed according to Internal Event 1
8888	Event 4 sub setting		0	operation type (どれどう).
8888	Event 4 hysteresis	Same as Event 1 hysteresis	5	
8.8.8.8.	Event 5 main setting	Same as Event 1 main / sub setting	0	Necessary settings are displayed according to Internal Event 1
8888	Event 5 sub setting		0	operation type ( <i>E5.C1</i> ).
8888	Event 5 hysteresis	Same as Event 1 hysteresis	5	
8.8.8.8.	Proportional band	0.1 to 999.9 %	5.0	Displayed when the control method is other than ON/OFF
8.8.8.8.	Integration time	0 to 9999 s	120	control (£r L ≠ 0).
8.8.8.8.	Derivative time	0 to 9999 s	30	
<b>8.8</b> .8.8.	Manual reset	-10.0 to +110.0 %	50.0	Displayed when the control method is not the ON/OFF control $(\vec{L} - \vec{L} \neq 0)$ and the integration time $(\vec{l} - \vec{l})$ is 0 s.
8.8.8.8	Cool-side proportional band	0.1 to 999.9 %	5.0	Displayed when the control method is not the ON/OFF control
8.8.8.8	Cool-side integration time	0 to 9999 s	120	$(\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}\neq 0)$ and the heat/cool control is used $(\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}\mathcal{L}=1)$ .
8.8.8.8.	Cool-side derivative time	0 to 9999 s	30	
<i>8.8.8.8</i> .	Control method	0: ON/OFF control 1: Fixed PID 2: ST (Self-tuning)	0 or 1	The initial value is "0" when the control output 1 is the relay output. The initial value is "1" in other cases.
88.88	MV low limit at AT	-10.0 to +110.0 %	0.0	Displayed when the control method is other than ON/OFF
8.8.8.8	MV high limit at AT	-10.0 to +110.0 %	100.0	control ( $\mathcal{E}\mathcal{F}\mathcal{L}\neq 0$ ).
8.8.8.8.	ON/OFF control differential	0 to 9999 U	5	Displayed when the control method is the ON/OFF control $(\mathcal{L} \mathcal{L} \mathcal{L} = 0)$ .
8.8.8.8.	PV filter	0.0 to 120.0 s	0.0	
8.8.8.8.	PV bias	-1999 to +9999U	0	

Display	ltem	Contents	Initial value	Notes
<b>8</b> .8.8.	Time proportional cycle 1	5 to 120 s (when the output includes the relay output) 1 to 120 s (when the output does not include the relay output)	10 or 2	When the output destination of the time proportional output 1 includes the relay output, the relay output is operated with time proportional cycle time of 5 s even though a value less than 5 s is set.
8.8.8.	Time proportional cycle 2	5 to 120 s (when the output includes the relay output) 1 to 120 s (when the output does not include the relay output)	10 or 2	Displayed when the heat/cool control is used. When the output destination of the time proportional output 2 includes the relay output, the relay output is operated with time proportional cycle time of 5 s even though a value less than 5 s is set.
8.8.8.8.	AT type	<ul> <li>0: Normal (Standard control characteristics)</li> <li>1: Immediate response (Control characteristics immediately responding to the external disturbance.)</li> <li>2: Stable (Control characteristics with less up/down fluctuation of PV)</li> </ul>	1	Displayed when the control method is other than ON/OFF control ( $\mathcal{E}\mathcal{F}\mathcal{L}\neq 0$ ).

## 7-3 List of Setup Setting Displays

Display	ltem	Contents	Initial value	Notes
<b>8</b> .8.8.8.	PV input range type	When the PV input type is thermocouple: 1 to 6, 9 to 11, 13 to 21, 23 to 25	1	For details, refer to the PV input range table (on page 5-3).
		When the PV input type is RTD: 41 to 46, 51 to 54, 63, 64, 67, 68	41	
		When the PV input type is DC current/voltage: 84, 86 to 90	88	
8888	Temperature unit	0: Centigrade (°C) 1: Fahrenheit (°F)	0	Displayed when the PV input type is thermocouple or RTD.
8.8.8.	Decimal point position	0: No decimal point 1 to 3: Digits after decimal point	0	Displayed when the PV input type (selected by the model number) is DC current/voltage, or when a thermocouple or RTD range with a decimal point is selected.
<i>8.8.8</i> .	PV range low limit	When the PV input type is thermocouple or RTD, the setting is disabled and the input range low limit selected with the PV input type ( $\mathcal{LII}$ ) is displayed. When the PV input type is DC	0	
		current/voltage, a value ranging from -1999 to +9999 is set.		
8.8.8.8.	PV range high limit	When the PV input type is thermocouple or RTD, the setting is disabled and the input range high limit selected with the PV input type ( $\mathcal{EO}$ ) is displayed.	_	
		When the PV input type is DC current/ voltage, a value ranging from -1999 to +9999 is set.	1000	
8.8.8.8	Control action (Direct/Reverse)	0: Reverse action (Heat control) 1: Direct action (Cool control)	0	Displayed when the heat/cool control is not used ( $\mathcal{E}\mathcal{E}=0$ ).
888.8	Heat/Cool control	0: Disabled. 1: Enabled.	0	Displayed when two control output points or event output is provided.
8.8.8	Heat/Cool control dead zone	-100.0 to +100.0%	0.0	Displayed when using the heat/ cool control ( $\mathcal{LCS}=1$ ).
8.8.8.8	LSP system group	1 to 4	1	
8.8.8.8	CT1 operation type	0: Heater burnout detection 1: Current value measurement	0	Displayed when the optional model has two current transformer input points.
8.8.8.8.	CT1 output	0: Control output 1 1: Control output 2 2: Event output 1 3: Event output 2 4: Event output 3	0	Displayed when the optional model has two current transformer input points and the CT1 operation type is set at "heater burnout detection" ( $CBE = 0$ ).
8888	CT1 measurement wait time	30 to 300 ms.	30	
<b>8</b> .8.8.	CT2 operation type	0: Heater burnout detection 1: Current value measurement	0	Displayed when the optional model has two current transformer input points.
8.8.8.8	CT2 output	0: Control output 1 1: Control output 2 2: Event output 1 3: Event output 2 4: Event output 3	0	Displayed when the optional model has two current transformer input points and the CT2 operation type is set at "heater burnout detection" ( $C3P = 0$ ).
8.8.8.8	CT2 measurement wait time	30 to 300 ms.	30	

Display	Item	Contents	Initial value	Notes
8.8.8.8.	Output 1 range	1: 4 to 20 mA 2: 0 to 20 mA	1	Displayed when the control output 1 of the model is the current output.
8.8.8.	Output 1 type	0: MV 1: Heat MV (for heat/cool control) 2: Cool MV (for heat/cool control) 3: PV 4: PV value before bias 5: SP 6: Deviation 7: CT1 current value 8: CT2 current value 9: MFB (invalid on SDC15) 10: SP+MV 11: PV+MV	0	Displayed when the control output 1 of the model is the current output. The decimal point position of the output 1 low limit/high limit becomes 1 digit after the decimal point when the output 1 type is related to the MV and CT. When the output 1 type is related to the PV, SP, and deviation, the decimal point position becomes the same
8.8.8.8.	Control output 1 scaling low limit	-1999 to +9999 (The decimal point position may vary depending on the output 1 type.)	0.0	as that of the PV.
8.8.8.8.	Control output 1 scaling high limit	-1999 to +9999 (The decimal point position may vary depending on the output 1 type.)	100.0	
8.8.8.8	Control output 1 MV scalable bandwidth	0 to 9999 The decimal point position and unit are same as for PV.	200	If the controller model uses current output for control output 1 and if the control output 1 type is SP+MV or PV+MV, this setting is displayed.
8.8.8.8.	Control output 2 range	1: 4 to 20 mA 2: 0 to 20 mA	1	Displayed when the control output 2 of the model is the current output.
<b>8</b> .8.8.	Control output 2 type	0: MV 1: Heat MV (for heat/cool control) 2: Cool MV (for heat/cool control) 3: PV 4: PV value before bias 5: SP 6: Deviation 7: CT1 current value 8: CT2 current value 9: MFB (invalid on SDC15) 10: SP+MV 11: PV+MV	3	Displayed when the control output 2 of the model is the current output. The decimal point position of the output 2 input range low limit/high limit becomes 1 digit after the decimal point when the output 2 type is related to the MV and CT. When the output 2 type is related to the PV, SP, and deviation, the decimal point position becomes the same as that
8.8.8.8.	Control output 2 scaling low limit	-1999 to +9999 (The decimal point position may vary depending on the output 2 type.)	0	of the PV.
8.8.8.8	Control output 2 scaling high limit	-1999 to +9999 (The decimal point position may vary depending on the output 2 type.)	1000	
<b>8</b> .8.8.8.	Control output 2 MV scalable bandwidth	0 to 9999 The decimal point position and unit are same as for PV.	200	If the controller model uses current output for control output 2 and if the control output 2 type is SP+MV or PV+MV, this setting is displayed.

## **!** Handling Precautions

- If ROM version 1 of the instrument information bank(*I* **dDe**) is prior to 2.04, SP+MV and PV+MV cannot be set in [Control output 1 type], [Control output 2 type], and [Auxiliary output type].
- If ROM version 1 of the instrument information bank(*I* dl2) is prior to 2.04, SP+MV and PV+MV cannot be set in [Control output 1 MV scaling], [Control output 2 MV scaling], and [Auxiliary output MV scaling].

Display	Item	Contents	Initial value	Notes
8.8.8.	Communication type	0: CPL 1: Modbus (ASCII format) 2: Modbus (RTU format)	0	Displayed when the optional model has RS-485.
8.8.8.	Station address	0 to 127 Communication is disabled when "0" is set	0	
<i>8.8.8.</i> 8.	Transmission speed	0: 4800 bps 1: 9600 bps 2:19200 bps 3:38400 bps	2	
8.8.8.8	Data format (Data length)	0: 7 bits 1: 8 bits	1	
8.8.8	Data format (Parity)	0: Even parity 1: Odd parity 2: No parity	0	
8.8.8	Data format (Stop bit)	0: 1 bit 1: 2 bits	0	
<i>8.8.8.</i>	[mode] key function	0: Invalid 1: AUTO/MANUAL selection 2: RUN/READY selection 3: AT Stop/Start 4: LSP group selection 5: Release all DO latches 6: Invalid 7: Communication DI1 selection 8: Invalid	0	
<i>8.8.8.</i>	User level	0: Simple configuration 1: Standard configuration 2: High function configuration	0	
<b>8</b> .8.8.	PV input failure (under range) type	0: -10 %FS 1: -5 mV(This setting is applicable if <b>CO</b> (PV input range type) is set for sensor type B (No. 17) or PR40-20 (No. 23).)	0	If ROM version 1 of the instrument information bank is prior to 2.26, this item cannot be selected.

Diamleri	lto an	Contonto	Initial value	Natas
Display	ltem	Contents	Initial value	Notes
	Internal event 1 Configuration 1	0: No event 1: PV high limit 2: PV low limit 3: PV high/low limit 4: Deviation high limit 5: Deviation high limit 6: Deviation high/low limit 7: Deviation high limit (Final SP reference) 8: Deviation high/low limit (Final SP reference) 9: Deviation high/low limit (Final SP reference) 10: SP high limit 11: SP low limit 12: SP high/low limit 13: MV high limit 14: MV low limit 15: MV high/low limit 16: CT1 heater burnout/over- current 17: CT2 heater short-circuit 18: CT2 heater short-circuit 19: CT2 heater short-circuit 20: Loop diagnosis 1 21: Loop diagnosis 2 22: Loop diagnosis 3 23: Alarm (status) 24: READY (status) 25: MANUAL (status) 26: Invalid 27: During AT execution (status) 28: During SP ramp (status) 29: Control direct action (status) 30: During ST execution (status) 31: Invalid 32: Timer (status) 33: High and low limits of MFB value (Invalid in this unit)	0	
<i>E.8.8.8</i> .	Internal event 1 Configuration 2	As described below.		
	1st digit: Direct/ Reverse	0: Direct 1: Reverse	0	
	2nd digit: Standby	0: None 1: Standby 2: Standby + Standby at SP change	0	
	3rd digit: Operation at READY	0: Continue 1: Forced OFF	0	
	4th digit: Undefined	0	0	

## ! Handling Precautions

• If ROM version 1 of the instrument information bank ( $l \neq 0 \neq 0$ ) is prior to 2.04, "33" cannot be set as [Internal Event configuration 1 operation type].

Display	ltem	Contents	Initial value	Notes
8.8.8	Internal event 2 Configuration 1	Same as Internal event 1 configuration 1	0	
<b>8.8.8</b> .8.	Internal event 2 Configuration 2 1st digit: Direct/Reverse 2nd digit: Standby 3rd digit: Operation at READY 4th digit: Undefined	Same as Internal event 1 configuration 2.	0000	
8888	Internal event 3 Configuration 1	Same as Internal event 1 configuration 1	0	
<i>8.8.8.8</i> .	Internal event 3 Configuration 2 1st digit: Direct/Reverse 2nd digit: Standby 3rd digit: Operation at READY 4th digit: Undefined	Same as Internal event 1 configuration 2.	0000	
8.8.8.8	Internal event 4 Configuration 1	Same as Internal event 1 configuration 1	0	
<b>8.8.8.8</b> .	Internal event 4 Configuration 2 1st digit: Direct/Reverse 2nd digit: Standby 3rd digit: Operation at READY 4th digit: Undefined	Same as Internal event 1 configuration 2.	0000	
8888	Internal event 5 Configuration 1	Same as Internal event 1 configuration 1	0	
<i>8.8.8.8</i> .	Internal event 5 Configuration 2 1st digit: Direct/Reverse 2nd digit: Standby 3rd digit: Operation at READY 4th digit: Undefined	Same as Internal event 1 configuration 2.	0000	
8.8.9.8.	Internal contact 1 Operation type	0: No function 1: LSP group selection (0/+1) 2: LSP group selection (0/+2) 3: LSP group selection (0/+4) 4: Invalid 5: Invalid 6: Invalid 7: RUN/READY selection 8: AUTO/MANUAL selection 9: Invalid 10: AT Stop/Start 11: ST disabled/enabled 12: Control action direct/reverse selection (As setting/opposite operation of setting) 13: SP RAMP enabled/disabled 14: PV Hold (No-hold/Hold) 15: PV maximum value hold (No-hold/Hold) 16: PV minimum value hold (No-hold/Hold) 17: Timer Stop/Start 18: Release all DO latches (Continue/Release) 19: Invalid 20: Invalid	0	For details, refer to the section, Internal contact operation type setup (p. 5-40).

Display	Item	Contents	Initial value	Notes
8.8.8.	Internal Contact 2 Operation type	Same as Internal Contact 1 Operation type	0	
8888	Internal Contact 3 Operation type	Same as Internal Contact 1 Operation type	0	
<b>8.8.8</b>	Key lock	<ol> <li>O: All settings are enabled.</li> <li>Mode, event, operation display, SP, UF, lock, manual MV, and mode key can be set.</li> <li>Operation display, SP, UF, lock, manual MV, and mode key can be set.</li> <li>UF, lock, manual MV, and mode key can be set.</li> </ol>	0	When two sets of passwords (1A and 1B, and 2A and 2B) are met, the settings can be made. Mode key setting, MV setting in the MANUAL mode, key lock, password display, and password 1A to 2B settings can be made when the key lock ( $LoL$ ) is 0 to 3.
8.8.8.8	Password display	0 to 15 5: Password 1A, 2A, 1B and 2B display	0	"0" is set whenever the power is turned ON.
8888	Password 1A	0000 to FFFF (hexadecimal value)	0000	Displayed when the password display (PR55) is "5" and two sets
8888	Password 2A	0000 to FFFF (hexadecimal value)	0000	of passwords (1A and 1B, 2A and 2B) are met.
8888	Password 1B	0000 to FFFF (hexadecimal value)	0000	Displayed when the password display ( <b>PR55</b> ) is "5".
8888	Password 2B	0000 to FFFF (hexadecimal value)	0000	

# Chapter 8. PID CONTROL TUNING

# 

This unit incorporates the self-tuning function without use of control constant settings in addition to the ON/OFF control and conventional PID control. This self-tuning control monitors and studies the characteristics of the control subject even if the SP value is changed or external disturbance occurs in order to automatically calculate the control constants. This ensures stable control all the time.

With the control method  $[\underline{L} c \underline{L}]$  of the parameter setting, select a desired PID control tuning suitable for the required controllability or application.

0: ON/OFF control

The control is operated with the SP and differential settings ([

1: Fixed PID

The control is operated with the fixed PID constants set by AT (auto tuning) or key operation.

2: ST (Self-tuning)

The PID constants are set automatically if the SP is changed or an external disturbance occurs.

## 8-1 AT (auto tuning) Function

The AT (auto tuning) function is used in the following cases:

- The PID constants are set automatically with the control method set at "Fixed PID" ([ $Lec_{L} = 1$ ]).
- The PV rise is slow or overshoot is large in the control with the PID constants, which have been set automatically using the ST function.
- The PV rise becomes slow or overshoot becomes large with the control method set at ST ( $[L_L] = 2$ ).

The AT function can be used when the control method is set at either "Fixed PID" ([Ler L] = 1) or ST ([Ler L = 2]).

#### Starting procedures

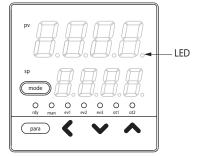
- (1) Make sure that the PV input or operation end (heater power, etc.) is controllable.
- (2) Make sure that the mode indicator [rdy] is off and the operation is in the RUN mode. If the indicator [rdy] is lit and the operation is in the READY mode, change the mode to the RUN mode. With the default settings before shipment, when the [mode] key is kept pressed for 1 sec. or longer, the RUN/READY mode selection can be made.
- (3) Make sure that the mode indicator [man] is off and the operation is in the AUTO mode. If the indicator [man] is lit and the operation is in the MANUAL mode, change the mode to the AUTO mode.
  With the default settings before shipment, the AUTO/MANUAL mode selection can be performed using the parameter setting, AUTO/MANUAL [\$7 \$\vec{n}\$].
- (4) Set the parameter setting [AT Stop/Start] to "AT start ( $[\Re k] = [\Re k.on]$ )".

#### Stopping procedures

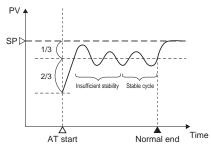
The AT function is completed automatically. To stop the AT function, which is running, change the parameter setting [AT Stop/Start] to AT stop ( $[\mathcal{R}_{L}] = [\mathcal{R}_{L}, \mathcal{O}_{L}]$ ). Additionally, the AT function is stopped when changing the READY mode to the MANUAL mode.

#### Display during execution of AT

The decimal point at the 1st digit of the display No. 1 (right end digit) flashes twice repeatedly while the AT function is running. When the AT function is completed and the PID constants are changed, this LED goes off.



Operation during execution of AT



The AT function calculates the PID constants using the limit cycle.

- When the AT function is started, a point, where the SP and PV deviations are split to "2:1", is determined as ON/OFF change point of the MV (manipulated variable).
- (2) When the limit cycle is judged as stable, the PID constants are changed and the AT function is completed.

#### **Handling Precautions**

- Before starting the AT function, put the PV input and/or operation end (heater power, etc.) in the controllable status.
- When the control method is set at "ON/OFF control" ([[[c] c c]] = 0), the AT function cannot be started. To operate the AT function, set the control method to "Fixed PID" ([[c] c c c]] = 1) or "ST" ([[c] c c c]] = 2).
- To start the AT, it is absolutely necessary that the operation is in the READY mode and AUTO mode, and no PV input errors occur.
- If the mode is changed to the READY mode or MANUAL mode or if the PV input error or power failure occurs during execution of the AT function, the AT function is stopped without changing of the PID constants.
- The number of limit cycles and period of time from the AT start to AT end may vary depending on the control subject.
- The MV ON and OFF are repeated several times during execution of the AT function to perform the limit cycle. (The OFF operation described here means MV limited by the MV low limit at AT ([AL.oL]) or MV high limit at AT ([AL.oL]). The default setting before shipment is "0%". Additionally, the ON operation described here means MV limited by the MV high limit at AT ([AL.oH]) or MV high limit at AT ([AL.oH]). The default setting before shipment is "100%"). If this AT operation does not function correctly, take any of the following measures:
  - (1) Change the MV low limit at AT ([おと.ok]) or MV high limit at AT ([おと.ok]) to an appropriate value, and then start the AT function.
    (2) Use the ST function.
  - (3) Set the PID constants manually without use of AT.
- Appropriate PID constants cannot be obtained depending on the control subject. If this happens, set the PID constants manually.
- The MV ON/OFF change point determined when the AT function is started does not change even though the SP is changed while the AT is running.

## 8-2 ST (Self-tuning) Function

When the following ST start conditions are satisfied with the control method set at ST ([Ler L] = 2), the ST function is started automatically to change the PID constants.

(1) ST start by SP change

If the SP is changed in the RUN mode, the ST function is started. However, if the SP change width is small or if the difference between the SP and PV is small, the ST is not started.

(2) ST start by deviation occurrence

If the difference between the SP and PV is large during control in the RUN mode, the ST is started. If the difference between the SP and PV is large when the READY mode is changed to the RUN mode, the ST is started.

If the difference between the SP and PV is large when the control is started in the RUN mode after the power has been turned ON, the ST is started.

### **!** Handling Precautions

- To start the ST, it is necessary that the integration time of the PID constant is not "0" ([i i] ≠ 0) and the derivative time is not "0" ([i i] ≠ 0).
- To start the ST, it is necessary that the mode is the RUN mode and AUTO mode.
- To set the SP change width or the reference value used to judge large/ small difference between the SP and PV, it is necessary to set "High function configuration". However, the default settings before shipment apply to most control subjects.
- When using the heat/cool control, the ST cannot be used.

#### Starting procedures

- (1) Make sure that the PV input or operation end (heater power, etc.) is controllable.
- (2) Make sure that the mode indicator [rdy] is off and the operation is in the RUN mode. If the indicator [rdy] is lit and the operation is in the READY mode, change the mode to the RUN mode.
- (3) Make sure that the mode indicator [man] is off and the operation is in the AUTO mode. If the indicator [man] is lit and the operation is in the MANUAL mode, change the mode to the AUTO mode.
- (4) Set the control method of the parameter setting to ST ([Lerk] = 2).
- (5) Set the SP.

If the ST is not started since the PV is close to the SP (PV  $\approx$  SP), use the SP value, which is greatly different from the PV value.

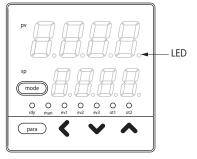
#### Stopping procedures

The ST is completed automatically. If it is necessary to stop the ST halfway during execution of the ST or not to start the ST during stopping of the ST, set the control method of the parameter setting to "Fixed PID" ( $[ \mathcal{L} \mathcal{L} \mathcal{L} ] = 1$ ). Additionally, if the mode is changed to the READY mode or MANUAL mode, the ST is also stopped.

#### • Display during execution of ST

The LED of the decimal point at the 1st digit (right end digit) of the display No. 1 is flashing while the ST is running.

When the ST is completed and PID constants are changed, this LED goes off.



## 8-3 Precautions for ST (Self-tuning)

When using the ST function, the following cautions must be observed strictly:

- Before starting the ST function, put the PV input and operation end (heater power, etc.) in the controllable status.
- Before starting the ST function, set the PID constants so that the PID control can be performed correctly.
  - The default settings before shipment are that the proportional band  $[l^{0} l] = 5.0\%$ , integration time [l l] = 120 s, and derivative time [c l] = 30 s. These default settings apply to the PID control of almost all general control subjects.
  - When the integration time [l l] = 0 s, the ST is not started.
  - When the derivative time [a i] = 0 s, the ST is not started.
- To stop the control with the power to the controller kept turned ON, change the mode to the READY mode and stop the operation at the operation end (turn OFF the heater power). Additionally, to restart the control, start the operation at the operation end (turn ON the heater power), and then change the mode to the RUN mode.

#### ! Handling Precautions

- If any cautions described above are not observed, the PID constants are changed to incorrect values when the ST is completed. This may cause poor control results.
- When the power to the controller is turned OFF while the ST is running (LED is flashing), the PID constants are not changed. Additionally, if the power is turned OFF immediately before the ST is completed, incorrect PID constant values are set.

If the PID constant values become incorrect, follow the steps below to reset them.

- (1) Return the PID constants to their default values. (Make the settings so that proportional band [<sup>2</sup> 1] = 5.0%, integration time [<sup>1</sup> 1] = 120 s, and derivative time [<sup>1</sup> 1] = 30 s.)
- (2) Start the ST, or set the PID constants using the AT function, and then start the ST.

#### Control subject of interference system

There are adjacent control subjects in the horizontal and vertical directions. Each temperature change adversely affects the mutual ST functions and the response latency of the control may be delayed. In this case, the unit is operated with the control method set at "Fixed PID" ( $[ \mathcal{L} \mathcal{L} \mathcal{L} ] = 1$ ).

#### • Control subject producing external disturbance intermittently

If the customer's system produces the temperature drop intermittently, such as sealing of the wrapping machine, this may affect the ST adversely. In this case, the unit is operated with the control method set at "Fixed PID" ([ $\mathcal{L} \mathcal{L}$ ] = 1).

## Chapter 9. MAINTENANCE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

#### Maintenance

• Cleaning

When removing the dirt from the measuring instrument, wipe it off with a soft cloth rag. At this time, do not use any organic solvent, such as paint thinner or benzene.

#### • Part replacement

Do not replace any parts of this unit.

#### • Fuse replacement

When replacing the fuse connected to the electric wiring, always use the specified standard fuse.

StandardIEC127Shut-down speedSlow-action type (T)Rated voltage250 V ACRated current0.2 A

#### ■ Alarm display and corrective action

The following table shows the alarm displays and corrective actions if any failure occurs in this unit:

Alarm code	Failure name	Cause	Corrective action	
RLO I	PV input failure (Over-range)	Sensor burnout, incorrect wiring, incorrect PV input type setting	Check the wiring. Set the PV input type again.	
<i>RL02</i>	PV input failure (Under-range)	Sensor burnout, incorrect wiring, incorrect PV input type setting		
<i>RL</i> 03	CJ failure	Terminal temperature is faulty (thermocouple).	Use the unit at an ambient temperature meeting the operating conditions stated in the specification.	
	PV input failure	Sensor burnout, incorrect wiring (RTD)	Check the wiring.	
RL11	CT input failure (over-range) (CT input 1 or 2, or both)	A current exceeding the upper limit of the display range was measured. The number of CT turns or the number of CT power wire loops is incorrectly set, or wiring is incorrect.	<ul> <li>Use a CT with the correct number of turns for the display range.</li> <li>Reset the number of CT turns.</li> <li>Reset the number of CT power wire loops.</li> <li>Check the wiring.</li> </ul>	
RL70	A/D conversion failure	A/D converter is faulty.	It is thought that the main unit needs to be replaced. Contact the azbil Group or its dealer.	
<i>RL</i> 95	Set data failure	Data is corrupted by noise. Power is shut-down while the data is being set.	Turn ON the power again. If the same alarm occurs after that, set the data (set data for AL95/97 and	
<i>RL</i> 96	Adjustment data failure	Power is shut-down while the data is being set. Data is corrupted by noise.	adjustment data for AL96/98) and turn ON the power again. If the same alarm occurs again even	
<i>RL</i> 97	Set data failure (RAM area)	Data is corrupted by noise.	after the above steps have been taken, the main body needs to be replaced.	
<i>RL</i> 98	Adjustment data failure (RAM area)	Data is corrupted by noise.	Contact the azbil Group or its dealer.	
8199	ROM failure	ROM (memory) is faulty.	Turn ON the power again. If the same alarm occurs again, the main unit needs to be replaced. Contact the azbil Group or its dealer.	

### **!** Handling Precautions

If ROM version 1 of the instrument information bank (*I dQ2*) is prior to 2.04, CT input failure (*RL 11*) is not displayed.

### Operation in case of PV input failure

(1) AL**01, 02**, or **03** occurs.

Control output: It is possible to make the settings so that the operation is continued or discontinued.

Other operation: Operation is continued.

(2) Alarm occurs in cases other than those shown above. All operations are continued.

The following table shows the indications and alarms of this unit by the sensor type if PV input failure occurs:

#### • Thermocouple

Failure status	Range No.	Indication value	Alarm code
Sensor burnout		Upscale (110%FS)	RLO I
CJ failure		PV having incorrect cold contact compensation	<i>RLO3</i>
Over-range, burnout	19 (PLII)	1365°C (105%FS)	RLOI

• RTD

Failure status	Range No.	Indication value	Alarm code
RTD burnout		Upscale (110%FS)	RLO I
A-wire burnout		Upscale (110%FS)	RLO I
B-wire burnout		Upscale (110%FS)	RLO I, RLO 3
C-wire burnout		Upscale (110%FS)	ALO I, ALO 3
2- or 3-wire burnout		Upscale (110%FS)	ALO I, ALO 3
A- and B-wire short-circuit		Downscale (-10%FS)	RLO2
A- and C-wire short-circuit		Downscale (-10%FS)	RLO2
A- and B-wire/A- and C-wire short-circuit	41 (Pt100)	-235°C (-5%FS)	AFOS
A- and B-wire/A- and C-wire short-circuit	42 (JPt100)	-235°C (-5%FS)	ALOS

#### • DC voltage/DC current

Failure status	Range No.	Indication value	Alarm code
Burnout	84 (0 to 1 V)	Downscale (-3%FS)	RLO2
	86 (1 to 5 V)	Downscale (-10%FS)	RLOZ
	87 (0 to 5 V)	Downscale (-3%FS)	<i>RL02</i>
	88 (0 to 10 V)	Downscale (0%FS)	None
	89 (0 to 20 mA)	Indefiniteness (near 0%FS)	None
	90 (4 to 20 mA)	Downscale (-10%FS)	RL02

# Chapter 10. DISPOSAL

When disposing of this unit, dispose of the unit properly as industrial waste according the applicable laws and regulations specified by the local governmental office.

# Chapter 11. SPECIFICATIONS

## Specifications

• PV input

Input type:	Thermocouple K, J, E, T, R, S, B, N (JIS C1602-1995) PL II (Engelhard Industries data (ITS90)) WRe5-26 (ASTM E988-96 (Reapproved 2002)) PR40-20 (Johnson Matthey Data) DIN U, DIN L (DIN43710-1985) RTD Pt100 (JIS C1604-1997), JPt100 (JIS C1604-1989) DC voltage 0 to 1 V DC, 1 to 5 V DC, 0 to 5 V DC, 0 to 10 V DC DC current 0 to 20 mA DC, 4 to 20 mA DC
Sampling cycle time:	500 ms
Indication accuracy:	<ul> <li>±0.5 %FS±1 digit, ±1 %FS±1digit in the negative area of the thermocouple. ±0.5 %FS±2digits, or ±1 %FS±2digits in the negative area if the thermocouple range is displayed with a decimal point (Specified by the input conversion at an ambient temperature of 23±2 °C)</li> <li>However, the accuracy of the B-thermocouple is ±5%FS at a temperature of 260 °C or less and ±1 %FS at a temperature of 260 to 800 °C.</li> <li>The low limit for indication is 20 °C. However, if ROM version 1 of the instrument information bank (<i>i cici</i>) is prior to 2.04, the low limit for indication is -180 °C.</li> </ul>
PV bias:	-1999 to +9999 or -199.9 to +999.9

#### • Thermocouple (T/C) input

Input bias current:	+0.2 $\mu$ A (Flowed from the A terminal.)	
Burnout indication:	Upscale + 🕅 🕻 🕻	
Thermocouple or		
compensating wire:	0.3 to 0.65 mm diameter	
Allowablr input voltage:	e -0.5 to +12 V	
Note: When the dedicated loader cable is connected to the SDC15, the temperature characteristics of the controller may be affected, but control is not.		

#### • Resistance temperature detector (RTD) input

Input bias current: Burnout indication:	Approx. +1mA (Flowed from the A terminal.) RTD burnout or A-wire burnout Upscale + <b>ALO</b> ( B-wire burnout or C-wire burnout . Upscale + <b>ALO</b> (, <b>ALO</b> ) 2 or more wires burnout
Allowable wiring resistance: Influence of wiring resistance:	Max. 10 $\Omega$ at range No.51 to 64, max. 85 $\Omega$ the other ranges. Max. $\pm 0.05 \%$ FS/ $\Omega$
Allowablr input voltage:	-0.5 to +12 V

#### • DC voltage input

Input impedance:	Min. 1 MΩ
Input bias current:	0 to 1 V range1 µA (sucked to the A terminal)
	0 to 5 V, 1 to 5 V range3.5 $\mu$ A (sucked to the A terminal)
	0 to 10V range7 $\mu A$ (sucked to the A terminal)
Burnout indication:	Downscale + #LOP
	However, the burnout cannot be detected in a range of 0 to 10 V.
Allowable input voltage:	-0.5 to +12 V

#### • DC current input

Input impedance:	Max. 100 Ω
Burnout indication:	Downscale + #LO2
	However, the burnout cannot be detected in a range of 0 to 20 mA.
Allowable input	
current:	Max. 30 mA
Allowable input voltage:	Max. 4 V (a higher voltage might cause device failure)
Note: When the power to t	his controller is turned off, the current input circuit is cut off. If you connect

two or more current-input type controllers in series, change the current input to voltage input by connecting a resistor (No. 81401325, sold separately). See Chapter 4.

### • Digital input

Number of input points:	2 points
Input type:	No-voltage contact or open collector
Allowable ON contact	
resistance:	Max. 250 Ω
Allowable OFF contact	
resistance:	Min.100 kΩ
Allowable ON-state	
residual voltage:	Max. 1.0 V
Open terminal voltage:	$5.5 \text{ V DC} \pm 1 \text{ V}$
ON terminal current:	Approx. 7.5 mA (at short-circuit), Approx. 5.0 mA (at contact resistance
	of 250 Ω)
Minimum hold time:	1 s or more

#### • Current transformer input

Number of input	
points:	2 points
Input object:	Current transformer with 100 to 4,000 turns (availability is by 100-turn units)
	Optional unit Model No.: QN206A* (800 turns, hole diameter: 5.8 mm)
	Optional unit Model No.: QN212A* (800 turns, hole diameter: 12 mm)
	* Not UL-certified.
Current measurement	
lower limit:	0.4 A AC (800 turns, 1 time)
	Formula; Number of turns $\div$ (2000 × number of power wire loops)
Current measurement	
upper limit:	50.0 A AC (800 turns, 1 time)
	Formula; Number of turns $\div$ (16 × number of power wire loops)
Allowable measured	
current:	70.0 A AC (800 turns, 1 time)
	Formula; Number of turns $\div$ (16 $\times$ number of power wire loops) $\times$ 1.4
Display range lower	
limit:	0.0 A AC
Display range upper	
limit:	70.0 A AC (800 turns, 1 time)
	Formula; Number of turns $\div$ (16 × number of power wire loops) × 1.4
Display accuracy:	±5 %FS
Display resolution:	0.1 A AC

#### • Control output

#### • Relay output

Contact rating:	Control output 1 NO side 250 V AC/30 V DC, 3 A (resistance load)
	Control output 2 NC side 250 V AC/30 V DC, 1 A (resistance load)
Life:	50,000 cycles or more on NO side
	100,000 cycles or more on NC side
Min. open/close	
specifications:	5 V, 100 mA
Min. open time/close	
times	250 ms

#### • Voltage pulse output (For SSR drive)

Open voltage:	19 V DC±15 %
Internal resistance:	82 Ω±0.5 %
Allowable current:	Max. 24 mA DC (a higher current might cause output circuit failure)
OFF leak current:	Max. 100 μA
Min. OFF time/ON time:	1 ms when the time proportional cycle time is less than 10s.
	250 ms when the time proportional cycle time is more than 10s.

#### • Current output

Output type:	0 to 20 mA DC or 4 to 20 mA DC (current output)
Allowance load	
resistance:	Max. 600 Ω
Output accuracy:	±0.5 %FS (under standard conditions)
	However, $\pm 1.0$ %FS in a range of 0 to 1 mA.

#### • Event relay output

Number of output	
points:	0 to 3 points (This may vary depending on the model.)
Output type:	SPST contact 3 points, Common 2 points, Each individual point
Output rating:	250 V AC/30 V DC, 2 A (Resistance load)
Service life:	100,000 cycles or more
Min. open/close	
specifications:	5 V, 10 mA (Reference value)

#### • RS-485 communication

Transmission line:	3-wire method
Transmission speed:	4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 bps
Communication	
distance:	Max. 500 m
Communication	
method::	Half duplex, start/stop synchronization method
Communication	
protocol:	In conformity with CPL and Modbus
Number of connection	
units:	Max. 31 units
Terminating resistor:	Connection prohibited.

#### • Loader communication

Transmission line:	3-wire method
Transmission speed:	Fixed at 19200 bps.
Recommended cable:	Included with the SLP-C35J50.

#### • Isolation between input and output

Portions enclosed by solid lines are insulated from other signals.

Power supply		Control output 1
PV input		Control output 2
CT input 1	Internal circuit	
CT input 2		Event output 1 *
Loader communication		Event output 2 *
Digital input 1		Event output 3
Digital input 2		
RS-485 communication		

Whether or not inputs and outputs are provided may vary depending on the model.\* In case of the independent contacts, the output 1 and the output 2 are isolated.

#### • Environment conditions

#### • Standard conditions

Ambient temperature:	23±2 °C
Ambient humidity:	60±5 %RH
Power supply voltage:	AC power model, 105 V AC±1 %, 50/60 Hz±1Hz
	DC power model, 24 V AC±1%, 50/60 Hz±1Hz
	24 V DC±5 %
Vibration:	0 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Shock:	0 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Mounting angle:	(Reference plane) ±3°

#### • Operating conditions

Ambient temperature:	0 to 50 °C (0 to 40 °C for tight-mounting)
Ambient humidity:	10 to 90 %RH (No condensation)
Power supply voltage:	AC power model, 85 to 264 V AC, 50/60 Hz±2 Hz
	(Rating: 100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz)
	DC power model, 21.6 to 26.4 V AC, 50/60Hz±2Hz/21.6 to 52.8V DC
	(Rating: 24 V AC, 50/60 Hz/24 to 48V DC)
Vibration:	0 to 2 m/s <sup>2</sup> (10 to 60 Hz for 2 h in each of the X-, Y-, and Z-direction)
Shock:	0 to 10 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Mounting angle:	(Reference plane) ±10°

#### • Transportation conditions

Ambient temperature:	-20 to +70 °C
Ambient humidity:	10 to 95 %RH (No condensation)

### • Other specifications

Degrees of protection:	Front panel of the unit conforms to IP66/NEMA 4. (Individual panel mounting with attached gaskets) (NEMA4: Equivalent, but non-UL certified)			
Power consumption:	AC power model, Max. 12 VA (8 VA at 100 V AC and 12 VA at 264 V AC) (When using the functions similar to those of Azbil Corporation's C10, the power consumption is 6 VA at 100 V AC and 9 VA at 264V AC.) DC power model, Max. 7 VA (24 V AC), Max. 5 W (24 to 48 V DC)			
Altitude:	2000 m or less			
Insulation resistance:	Between power supply te $10 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more	Between power supply terminal and secondary terminal, 500 V DC, $10 \text{ M}\Omega$ or more		
Dielectric strength:	AC power model, Between power supply terminal and secondary terminal, 1500 V AC for 1 min.			
	DC power model, Between power supply terminal and secondary terminal, 500 V AC for 1 min.			
Inrush current at power ON:	AC power model, Max. 20 A			
	DC power model, Max. 20 A			
Non-detected power				
failure time:	Max.20 ms (AC model)	Max.20 ms (AC model)		
	No power failure allowed (DC model)			
Mass:	Panel mounting type	Approx. 150 g (including mounting bracket)		
	Socket mounting type	Approx. 200 g (including socket)		
Terminal screw tightening				
torque:	Panel mounting type	0.4 to 0.6 N·m		
	Socket mounting type	0.78 to 0.98 N·m		
Applicable standards:	CE; EN61010-1, EN61326-1 (For use in industrial locations)			
	During EMC testing, the	reading or output may fluctuate by $\pm 10\%$ FS.		
Over-voltage category:	Category II (IEC60364-4-443, IEC60664-1)			
Allowable pollution degrees	Pollution degree 2			
Decoration sheet				
material/color:	Polyester film/Dark gray (DK546)			
Case material/color:	Reformed PPE/Light gray (DIC650)			

### Accessories

Name	Model No.
Mounting bracket (for C15T)	81409651-001
Gasket	81409657-001

## Optional parts

Name	Model No.
Mounting bracket (for C15T)	81446403-001
Gasket (20)	81406918-001
Current transformer (800 turns, 5.8 mm hole dia.)	QN206A*
Current transformer (800 turns, 12 mm hole dia.)	QN212A*
Socket (for C15S)	81446391-001
Hard cover	81446442-001
Soft cover	81446443-001
Terminal cover	81446898-001
Smart Loader Package	SLP-C35J50
L-shaped plug adaptor	81441057-001

\* Not UL-certified.

# Appendix Glossary

Abbreviations are used in the descriptions, tables, and figures in this manual. The following shows the main abbreviations:

AT Auto Tuning	
----------------	--

- CT Current Transformer
- DI Digital Input
- DO Digital Output

(Control outputs of relay and voltage pulse, and event output)

- EV Event
- LSP Local Set Point. The meaning of LSP and SP is same in case of the SDC15.
- MFB Motor Feed Back. This indicates the feed back of motor opening which is used for position proportional control. (This controller does not have MFB function.)
- MV Manipulated Variable
- PV Process Variable
- RSP Remote Set Point. This is the set point which is set by the analog input from an external device. (This controller does not have RSP function.)
- SP Set Point
- ST Self-Tuning
- U Unit. This indicates the minimum digit of the selected PV input range with industrial unit (°C, Pa, l/min., etc.).  $1U = 1^{\circ}$ C in a range of -200 to  $+200^{\circ}$ C.  $1U = 0.1^{\circ}$ C in a range of 0.0 to  $200.0^{\circ}$ C. Additionally, 1U = 0.01 when the DC voltage input is scaled to 0.00 to 10.00. Furthermore, 0.1U means 1/10 of 1U.

## Index

#### - Numbers -

3-wire system	
5-wire system	

### — A -

Accessories ······1-3
Alarm 5-18
Alarm display ······9-1
AT (auto tuning) progress display
AT function ······8-2
AT Stop/Start
AT type
Immediate response ······6-24
Normal 6-24
Stable 6-24
AT type setup
AUTO/MANUAL mode ······6-7

#### — c ·

CE marking ······1-1
Centigrade ····· 5-4
Communication mode setup ······ 5-32
Console ····································
Console
Control action (Direct/Reverse) setup ······ 5-8
Control method setup ······ 5-7
Control output ······2-1
Control outputs ······ 1-1
Control subject of interference system ······8-6
Control subject producing external disturbance
Cool MV ···································
Cool-side derivative time setup ······6-18
Cool-side integration time setup ·······6-17
Cool-side proportional band setup ·······6-16
CR filter ·······4-10
Crimp type terminal ······4-4
CT (current transformer) input ······2-1
CT (Current Transformer) Input
CT input
CT input display
CT output ······5-26
CT output setup ····· 5-26
CT type
CT type setup
CT wait time before measurement setup ······ 5-27
Current transformer ···································
Current transformer 1-3

#### D

-

-

Data format setup	
data length 5-35	
parity	
stop bit	
Data setting procedures2-3	

Decimal point position setup
Dedicated cable ······1-5
Deviation high limit ······5-13
Deviation high/low limit ······5-13
Deviation low limit ······ 5-13
Digital input ······2-1
DIN rail mounting
During AT
During SP ramp ····· 5-19

#### E 1

Event Direct/Reverse setup ······ 5-21
Event hysteresis setup
Event main setting setup
Event operation type setup
Event output ·······2-1
Event sub-setting setup
External dimensions
External resistors

#### · F —

Fahrenheit ·······5-4	ł
Fuse	

#### G

Gang-mounting	
Gasket	

#### - н -

Hard cover ·····1-3
Heat/Cool control dead zone setup
Heat/Cool control selection setup
Heater burnout ····· 5-14
Heat MV ······ 6-5
High function configuration ·····2-5

#### · · ·

IEC directive ······1-1
input types 1-1
Installation place
Integration time setup ······6-13
Internal contact operation type
Isolation ·····11-4
— J —

Just-FiTTER	•••••	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	·1-1

—	К	—
Key lock setup ·····		

## L

line filter ·······4-10
Loader connector ······ 1-5
Loop diagnosis
Lower display ······1-5
L-shaped plug adaptor ······1-3
LSP No. setup ······6-2
LSP system group setup5-12

#### Μ

Manual reset setup ·······6-15
Mode indicators ······1-5
Mode key function setup ······ 5-38
[mode] key operating procedures2-4
Model selection table1-2
Mode selection
Mounting bracket ····································
Mounting procedures ····································
MV high limit ······5-14
MV high/low limit ······ 5-14
MV low limit ······ 5-14
MV low limit/high limit at AT ······6-23
MV scaling range 5-31

#### Ν

Noise preventive measures4-10
Number of connectable units

#### 0

ON/OFF control differential setup ·······6-19
Operation display
Operation Mode ······2-6
Operation Modes ······2-6
Optional parts ······1-3
Output range setup
Output scaling high limit setup5-30
Output scaling low limit setup5-30
Output type setup
Over-voltage category

#### Ρ

Panel mount type1-2, 1-6, 3-2
Parameter setting display
Parameter setting display mode
Password display setup
Password lock function ······ 6-26
Passwords setup ······ 6-28
phase angle control ······ 4-2
PID control tuning ······ 8-1
Proportional band setup ······ 6-12
PV bias setup ······6-21
PV filter setup ······6-20
PV high limit ······5-13

PV high limit setup5-6
PV high/low limit ······ 5-13
PV input
PV input range table
PV low limit
PV range low limit ······ 5-6
PV range type setup ······5-2

#### R

RationaLOOP ······1-1
Resistor type ······ 4-9
RUN/READY mode ·······6-8

## S

Sampling cycle time
Self-tuning function ······8-4
Setup setting display7-5
Simple configuration ······2-1
Socket ······1-3
Socket mount type ······1-2, 3-2
Socket part ····································
Soft cover
SP high limit ······5-14
SP high/low limit ······ 5-14
SP low limit
SSR 4-7
Station address setup
ST setting standby
51 Setting Standby 5-17

#### Т

Гетреrature unit setup ····· 5-4
Гerminal assignment label ······4-2
Геrminal cover
Гerminal part ······1-6
Гerminating resistor4-3, 4-5, 4-6
Гightening torque ······11-5
Гime proportional cycle setup ······6-22
Fransition ······2-6
Γransmission speed setup ······ 5-34

#### U

Upper display ······1-5
User level ······2-5
User level setup ······ 5-39

#### V

Voltage between terminals ·······4-7, 4-8, 4-9

#### W

Waterproof mounting ······ 3-3-
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# -MEMO-

## Revision History of CP-SP-1147E

Date	Rev.	Revised pages	Description
July 2003	1		
Dec. 2003	2		Overall revision.
Dec. 2004	3	1-6,4-2	Panel mount type
	-	- /	The tightening torque of the terminal screw 0.4N·m or less $\rightarrow$ 0.4 to 0.6N·m
			changed.
		4-7	1.Yamatake's PGM10N/PGM10F series added.
		11-1	A standard of temperature sensor about input type added.
			•RTD input
			Allowable wiring reistance, Effect of wiring resistance added.
			•DC voltage input
			Input impedance added.
		11-4	●Non-detected power failure time added.
May 2006	4	Cover, v	Manual name changed.
		3-2	Handling precautions item added.
		3-3	Plate thickness: more than $2mm \rightarrow 9mm$ or less changed.
			Handling precautions item added.
		3-4	Handling precautions item added.
		4-5	Wiring diagram of Connection of open collector output to digital input
			changed.
		4-11	Section 4-2 Recommended Cables added.
		5-3	PV range tables totally changed.
		5-18	Set value of operation type 33 added.
		5-28	Explanation added.
		5-30	MV scalling range added.
		5-31 to 5-40	Old 5-30 to 5-39 pages.
		7-1	Display Ct2 deleted.
		7-6	C43 contents 10, 11 added. C46, C51 added. Handling Precautions added.
		7-8	Display E1.C1 Contents 33 added. Handling Precautions added.
		7-10	Old 7-9 page.
		9-1	Alarm displays and corrective action
			AL11 added. Handling Precautions added.
		11-1	Indication accuracy explanation added. Diameter of the applicable
			thermocouple or compensating wire added. Allowable input current added.
		11-2	•Current transformer input changed.
		11-4	Dust-proof and drip-proof performance to degrees of protection changed.
Oct. 2007	5	i	APPLICABLE STANDARDS:
			$EN61326-1 \rightarrow EN61326$ changed.
		v	Description on SDC15 Quick Reference Guide added.
		1-3	L-shaped plug adaptor added.
		5-3	• PV input range table (Thermocouple):
			7 of C01 set value deleted.
		11-1	Allowable input voltage added on DC current input.
		11-4	Applicable standards:
			EN61326-1→EN61326 changed.
Apr. 2012	6		Company name changed.

Date	Rev.	Revised pages	Description
Nov. 2013	7	i, 3-1	Specifications of common mode voltage to the ground were changed.
1404. 2013	1	i, 1-1, 11-4	In the description of standards compliance, EN61326 was changed to EN 61326-1.
		3-1	A location was added to "Installation place."
		4-2	Wiring Precautions were changed.
		5-3	The "PV input range table (Thermocouple)" was changed. Note 3 was added.
			Handling Precaution was added.
		5-11	Descriptions of the figures were changed.
		7-5	The note for "C04" was changed.
		11-1	Specifications for PV input were changed.
			A note was added to the specifications for T/C input.
		End of the manual	Terms and Conditions were changed (to version No. AA511A-014-03).
Mar. 2014	8	1-3, 11-2, 11-4	A note was added to the specifications for current transformer input.
		4-10	Azbil Corporation's line filter model No. was changed.
Jan. 2016	9	Cover	A notice saying "Not for use in Japan" was added.
		i	200mA was changed to 0.2A.
			EQUIPMENT CONDITIONS was changed.
		i, 11-4	Applicable standards was changed.
		1-2, 5-3, 7-5, 11-1	Input type PR40-20 was added.
		1-2	"Model selection table" table was changed.
		1-3, 11-4	Mounting bracket model No. was changed.
		11-4	Degrees of protection was changed.
		End of the manual	Terms and Conditions were changed (to version No. AA511A-014-06).
Apr. 2020	10		Overall revision. 10th ed = 17th Jp ed.

## **Terms and Conditions**

We would like to express our appreciation for your purchase and use of Azbil Corporation's products.

You are required to acknowledge and agree upon the following terms and conditions for your purchase of Azbil Corporation's products (system products, field instruments, control valves, and control products), unless otherwise stated in any separate document, including, without limitation, estimation sheets, written agreements, catalogs, specifications and instruction manuals.

#### 1. Warranty period and warranty scope

1.1 Warranty period

Azbil Corporation's products shall be warranted for one (1) year from the date of your purchase of the said products or the delivery of the said products to a place designated by you.

1.2 Warranty scope

In the event that Azbil Corporation's product has any failure attributable to azbil during the aforementioned warranty period, Azbil Corporation shall, without charge, deliver a replacement for the said product to the place where you purchased, or repair the said product and deliver it to the aforementioned place. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any failure falling under one of the following shall not be covered under this warranty:

- (1) Failure caused by your improper use of azbil product (noncompliance with conditions, environment of use, precautions, etc. set forth in catalogs, specifications, instruction manuals, etc.);
- (2) Failure caused for other reasons than Azbil Corporation's product;
- Failure caused by any modification or repair made by any person other than Azbil Corporation or Azbil Corporation's subcontractors;
- (4) Failure caused by your use of Azbil Corporation's product in a manner not conforming to the intended usage of that product;
- (5) Failure that the state-of-the-art at the time of Azbil Corporation's shipment did not allow Azbil Corporation to predict; or
- (6) Failure that arose from any reason not attributable to Azbil Corporation, including, without limitation, acts of God, disasters, and actions taken by a third party.

Please note that the term "warranty" as used herein refers to equipment-only-warranty, and Azbil Corporation shall not be liable for any damages, including direct, indirect, special, incidental or consequential damages in connection with or arising out of Azbil Corporation's products.

2. Ascertainment of suitability

You are required to ascertain the suitability of Azbil Corporation's product in case of your use of the same with your machinery, equipment, etc. (hereinafter referred to as "Equipment") on your own responsibility, taking the following matters into consideration:

- (1) Regulations and standards or laws that your Equipment is to comply with.
- (2) Examples of application described in any documents provided by Azbil Corporation are for your reference purpose only, and you are required to check the functions and safety of your Equipment prior to your use.
- (3) Measures to be taken to secure the required level of the reliability and safety of your Equipment in your use Although azbil is constantly making efforts to improve the quality and reliability of Azbil Corporation's products, there exists a possibility that parts and machinery may break down. You are required to provide your Equipment with safety design such as fool-proof design,<sup>\*1</sup> and fail-safe design<sup>\*2</sup> (anti-flame propagation design, etc.), whereby preventing any occurrence of physical injuries, fires, significant damage, and so forth. Furthermore, fault avoidance,<sup>\*3</sup> fault tolerance,<sup>\*4</sup> or the like should be incorporated so that the said Equipment can satisfy the level of reliability and safety required for your use.
  - \*1. A design that is safe even if the user makes an error.
  - \*2. A design that is safe even if the device fails.
  - \*3. Avoidance of device failure by using highly reliable components, etc.
  - \*4. The use of redundancy.

#### 3. Precautions and restrictions on application

3.1 Restrictions on application

Please follow the table below for use in nuclear power or radiation-related equipment.

	Nuclear power quality*5 required	Nuclear power quality*5 not required
Within a radiation controlled area*6	Cannot be used (except for limit switches for nuclear power*7)	Cannot be used (except for limit switches for nuclear power*7)
Outside a radiation controlled area*6	Cannot be used (except for limit switches for nuclear power*7)	Can be used

- \*5. Nuclear power quality: compliance with JEAG 4121 required
- \*6. Radiation controlled area: an area governed by the requirements of article 3 of "Rules on the Prevention of Harm from Ionizing Radiation," article 2 2 4 of "Regulations on Installation and Operation of Nuclear Reactors for Practical Power Generation," article 4 of "Determining the Quantity, etc., of Radiation-Emitting Isotopes,"etc.
- \*7. Limit switch for nuclear power: a limit switch designed, manufactured and sold according to IEEE 382 and JEAG 4121.

Any Azbil Corporation's products shall not be used for/with medical equipment.

The products are for industrial use. Do not allow general consumers to install or use any Azbil Corporation's product. However, azbil products can be incorporated into products used by general consumers. If you intend to use a product for that purpose, please contact one of our sales representatives.

3.2 Precautions on application

you are required to conduct a consultation with our sales representative and understand detail specifications, cautions for operation, and so forth by reference to catalogs, specifications, instruction manual, etc. in case that you intend to use azbil product for any purposes specified in (1) through (6) below. Moreover, you are required to provide your Equipment with fool-proof design, fail-safe design, antiflame propagation design, fault avoidance, fault tolerance, and other kinds of protection/safety circuit design on your own responsibility to ensure reliability and safety, whereby preventing problems caused by failure or nonconformity.

- (1) For use under such conditions or in such environments as not stated in technical documents, including catalogs, specification, and instruction manuals
- (2) For use of specific purposes, such as:
  - \* Nuclear energy/radiation related facilities [When used outside a radiation controlled area and where nuclear power quality is not required] [When the limit switch for nuclear power is used]
    - Machinery or equipment for space/sea bottom
    - \* Transportation equipment
    - [Railway, aircraft, vessels, vehicle equipment, etc.]
    - \* Antidisaster/crime-prevention equipment
    - \* Burning appliances
    - \* Electrothermal equipment
    - \* Amusement facilities
  - \* Facilities/applications associated directly with billing
- (3) Supply systems such as electricity/gas/water supply systems, large-scale communication systems, and traffic/air traffic control systems requiring high reliability
- (4) Facilities that are to comply with regulations of governmental/public agencies or specific industries
- (5) Machinery or equipment that may affect human lives, human bodies or properties
- (6) Other machinery or equipment equivalent to those set forth in items (1) to (5) above which require high reliability and safety
- 4. Precautions against long-term use

Use of Azbil Corporation's products, including switches, which contain electronic components, over a prolonged period may degrade insulation or increase contact-resistance and may result in heat generation or any other similar problem causing such product or switch to develop safety hazards such as smoking, ignition, and electrification. Although acceleration of the above situation varies depending on the conditions or environment of use of the products, you are required not to use any Azbil Corporation's products for a period exceeding ten (10) years unless otherwise stated in specifications or instruction manuals.

5. Recommendation for renewal

Mechanical components, such as relays and switches, used for Azbil Corporation's products will reach the end of their life due to wear by repetitious open/close operations.

In addition, electronic components such as electrolytic capacitors will reach the end of their life due to aged deterioration based on the conditions or environment in which such electronic components are used. Although acceleration of the above situation varies depending on the conditions or environment of use, the number of open/close operations of relays, etc. as prescribed in specifications or instruction manuals, or depending on the design margin of your machine or equipment, you are required to renew any Azbil Corporation's products every 5 to 10 years unless otherwise specified in specifications or instruction manuals. System products, field instruments (sensors such as pressure/flow/level sensors, regulating valves, etc.) will reach the end of their life due to aged deterioration of parts. For those parts that will reach the end of their life due to aged deterioration, recommended replacement cycles are prescribed. You are required to replace parts based on such recommended replacement cycles.

6. Other precautions

Prior to your use of Azbil Corporation's products, you are required to understand and comply with specifications (e.g., conditions and environment of use), precautions, warnings/cautions/notices as set forth in the technical documents prepared for individual Azbil Corporation's products, such as catalogs, specifications, and instruction manuals to ensure the quality, reliability, and safety of those products.

7. Changes to specifications

Please note that the descriptions contained in any documents provided by azbil are subject to change without notice for improvement or for any other reason. For inquires or information on specifications as you may need to check, please contact our branch offices or sales offices, or your local sales agents.

8. Discontinuance of the supply of products/parts

Please note that the production of any Azbil Corporation's product may be discontinued without notice. After manufacturing is discontinued, we may not be able to provide replacement products even within the warranty period.

For repairable products, we will, in principle, undertake repairs for five (5) years after the discontinuance of those products. In some cases, however, we cannot undertake such repairs for reasons, such as the absence of repair parts. For system products, field instruments, we may not be able to undertake parts replacement for similar reasons.

9. Scope of services

Prices of Azbil Corporation's products do not include any charges for services such as engineer dispatch service. Accordingly, a separate fee will be charged in any of the following cases:

- (1) Installation, adjustment, guidance, and attendance at a test run
- (2) Maintenance, inspection, adjustment, and repair
- (3) Technical guidance and technical education
- (4) Special test or special inspection of a product under the conditions specified by you

Please note that we cannot provide any services as set forth above in a nuclear energy controlled area (radiation controlled area) or at a place where the level of exposure to radiation is equivalent to that in a nuclear energy controlled area.



## Azbil Corporation Advanced Automation Company

1-12-2 Kawana, Fujisawa Kanagawa 251-8522 Japan

URL: https://www.azbil.com

Specifications are subject to change without notice. (11)